Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

Argeo Paul Cellucci Governor

Charles D. Baker Secretary for Administration and Finance

William Kilmartin Comptroller







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

William Kilmartin, CGFM State Comptroller

Prepared by The Financial Reporting and Analysis Bureau

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Photograph from 1881, showing the last sail of the Constitution prior to 1997.

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Front and back cover artwork: U.S.S. Constitution

Photographs and research courtesy of: U. S. Naval Historical Center Detachment Boston Charles M. Deans, Director

Special thanks to: Patrick Otton, Technical Writer

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William Xilmartin, Comptroller One Ashburton Place Boston, MA 02108

December 11, 1997

To the Citizens of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Governor Argeo Paul Cellucci, and Honorable Members of the General Court

It is with great pleasure that I transmit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997 (FY97). This is the twelfth time we have reported the Commonwealth's financial results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). I am pleased to report that the financial condition of the Commonwealth is excellent.

For the seventh consecutive year revenues have exceeded expenditures by a significant amount. It was not long ago, in FY90, that the Commonwealth reported in the Budgeted Funds a GAAP deficit balance of \$1.9 billion. We now report a positive GAAP balance in these funds of \$1.1 billion. Years of prudent fiscal management, characterized by structurally balanced budgets, combined with a favorable economy, have caused this turnaround. The Commonwealth's strategic reserve, called the Stabilization Fund, is now funded in the amount of \$799.3 million. In addition, \$91.8 million has been reserved for income tax reduction in FY98. In FY90 and FY91, the Commonwealth resorted to over \$1.8 billion in deficit borrowing. Conversely in FY97 each individual taxpayer received a tax reduction averaging \$43, and the deficit borrowing will be completely repaid in early FY98. The ongoing challenge to state policy makers is to sustain this excellent financial condition.

The Office of the Comptroller is responsible for the fair presentation of the financial statements of the Commonwealth and for the preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The three sections of the CAFR, as detailed in the table of contents, include the information necessary for the reader to obtain a comprehensive understanding of the Commonwealth's financial position and the results of its operations for FY97.

The CAFR is prepared in accordance with GAAP as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the professional standards of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), the recommendations of the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), and the requirements of state finance law.

In FY97 the Commonwealth implemented two new GASB statements:

- Statement No. 28 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions"; and
- Statement No. 30 "Risk Financing Omnibus".

This implementation had no material effect on the Commonwealth's financial statements.

BUDGETED FUNDS OPERATIONS

The portion of state finances that typically engenders the highest degree of interest is the Budgeted Funds. These include the General, Local Aid, Highway, and certain Special Revenue Funds which comprise the annual state budget.

Budgeted Funds Operations - GAAP Basis (Amounts in millions)

· · · · ·	FY93 ⁽¹⁾	FY94	FY95	FY96	FY97
Beginning fund balances (deficits) \$ Equity transfer		\$ (184.1)	\$ (72.0) 91.0	\$ 287.4 	\$ 709.2
Restated beginning balance (deficit)	(317.4)	(184.1)	19.0	287.4	709.2
Revenues and other financing sources	15,181.0	15,804.9	16,517.5	17,524.6	18,845.9
Expenditures and other financing uses	15,047.7	15,692.8	16,249.1	17,102.8	18,458.8
Excess	133.3	112.1	268.4	421.8	387.1
Ending fund balances (deficits)	<u>(184.1)</u>	\$ (72.0)	\$ 287.4	<u>\$ 709.2</u>	\$ 1,096.3

(1) As restated to reflect discrete presentation of the University and College Fund.

Budgeted Funds Operations - Statutory Basis (Amounts in millions)

-	FY93	F Y94	FY95	FY96	FY97
Beginning fund balances	\$ 549,4	\$ 562.5	\$ 589.3	\$ 726.5	\$ 1,173.0
Revenues' and other financing sources	15,205.7	15,979.2	16,930.8	18,371.4	19,223.3
Expenditures and other financing uses	15,192.6	15,952.4	16,794.1	17,924.9	19,002.3
Excess	13.1	26.8	136.7	446.5	221.0
Ending fund balances	\$ 562.5	\$ 589.3	<u>\$</u> 726.5	<u>\$ 1,173.0</u>	\$ 1,394.0

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The table of <u>Budgeted Funds Operations - GAAP Basis</u> sets forth a multi-fiscal year view of financial performance for the Budgeted Funds under GAAP, and also provide a comparison to the same funds as accounted and reported under the statutory basis of accounting.

On the statutory basis of accounting, which is used to develop the Commonwealth's budget and control its daily activities, the Budgeted Funds have achieved positive ending fund balances for each of the years, increasing this fund balance from \$562.5 million in fiscal year 1993 to \$1,394.0 million in the current fiscal year for a cumulative improvement of \$831.5 million.

Over the same period on a GAAP basis, operating gains have improved fund balance from a deficit \$184.1 million to a positive \$1,096.3 million, with cumulative improvement of \$1,280.4 million. Simply stated, the widely acknowledged efforts to accomplish fiscal balance on a statutory basis are even more impressive when viewed on a GAAP basis.

The basic principle of GAAP is to match inflows pertaining to the fiscal year to outflows for the same period in order to demonstrate if the objective of interperiod equity has been accomplished. A modified accrual basis of accounting is employed to recognize certain assets and liabilities. Accomplishment of interperiod equity is denoted by an increase in fund balance, and the failure to accomplish that goal is denoted by a decrease in fund balance. The effect of fund deficits shifts the burden of funding expenditures incurred in prior years to taxpayers in future years. The Commonwealth has provided not only revenues to match expenditures in the current year, but also excess revenues to "catch up" on prior year deficits.

In FY97, the revenues and other financing sources totaled \$18,845.9 million. The <u>Budgeted Funds - GAAP Basis</u> chart shows the percentage of revenue by type contributing to that total. Budgeted Funds expenditures and other financing uses totaled \$18,458.8 million in FY97. The chart depicts the percentage of each major program in this total.

There are five major items that account for almost all the difference between the statutory basis reporting and GAAP: Medicaid, subsidies to authorities, compensated absences, claims and judgments, and tax revenues.

For the Medicaid program, expenditures under the statutory basis of accounting are equivalent to cash disbursements. Thus bills for services rendered in the fiscal year but not paid, or rate adjustments owed but not paid, are not measured in that year, but "pushed" into the next fiscal year. Under GAAP, such items are accrued, so that all expenditures are consistently correlated to the fiscal year to which they pertain. The Medicaid expenditures measured on a GAAP basis for FY97 were \$3,497.3 million, which is 7.9% higher than FY96. This increase is equivalent to the increase for total budgeted expenditures from FY96 to FY97. For several years the Commonwealth aggressively pursued policy to constrain expenditure growth in Medicaid, thus helping to balance the overall budget. In FY97, the Commonwealth authorized expanded programs and services with increased spending. (The financial effect of this policy change will be more evident in FY98.)



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A second item is the amount the Commonwealth will owe for subsidies to the Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA), the Regional Transit Authorities (RTAs), and the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority (MCCA). Through various laws the Commonwealth has obligated itself to provide subsidies to these component units for operations and debt service. However, the annual budget is appropriated on a basis which "lags" behind the total amount of the subsidy. Under GAAP, this amount is accrued, so that the total obligation is measured. For many years the amount for the "not yet appropriated" subsidy was growing at rates higher than the total budget.

However, in recent years this trend has varied, and in FY97 the amount accrued for MBTA subsidy obligations increased from FY96 by \$40.1 million. A special commission, chaired by the Secretary of Administration and Finance and with twelve entities represented, completed a study and made recommendations to the Legislature on matters relating to the MBTA subsidy. This MBTA Commission proposed significant changes to fund the subsidy on a contemporaneous basis so that financial support for the MBTA would not "lag", but the recommendations were not enacted.

The third item is compensated absences. Under GAAP, the amounts owed for vacation earned but not yet taken and certain amounts of sick leave are accrued and reported as expenditures of the fiscal year. The trend for compensated absences has been relatively consistent.

The fourth item is claims and judgments. Under the statutory basis, amounts owed in lawsuits for torts, tax disputes, eminent domain land taking, or other legal actions are not measured as expenditures until the lawsuit is decided and the settlement is actually paid. Under the GAAP basis, an analysis is performed on all litigation, and an amount is accrued for that portion of litigation where a settlement against the Commonwealth is considered probable.

The fifth item that explains the difference between statutory and GAAP relates to tax revenue. For several reasons, as an example the extension of an income tax return, a taxpayer's obligation incurred in a fiscal year might not be fully collected until the ensuing fiscal year. Under GAAP, a special analysis is conducted in conjunction with the Department of Revenue (DOR), and an accrual for revenue is computed. The value of accrued revenue was \$514.6 million in FY97.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND OPERATIONS

The Governmental Fund Types include all funds where the Commonwealth imposes its sovereign authority to create revenues and authorize expenditures. This includes all Budgeted Funds as previously described (General and several Special Revenue Funds), all other (nonbudgeted) Special Revenue Funds, and the Capital Project Funds. When viewed as a whole, these funds portray the Commonwealth's comprehensive governmental financial activity. The five year trend of operations, on a GAAP basis, is summarized in the following table.

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Within the Capital Projects Funds component of the Governmental total, the Commonwealth issued approximately \$373.5 million in project financing in early FY98 instead of late FY97. Had such capital project financing been issued in FY97, the Governmental Funds positive fund balance would have increased by an equivalent amount.

Governmental Fund Operations (Amounts in millions)						
	FY93 ⁽¹⁾	FY94	FY95	F Y96	FY97	
Beginning fund balances (deficits) Equity transfer		\$ (478.3)	\$ (273.7) 15.5	\$ (16.3)	\$ 644.6	
Restated beginning balance (deficit)	(416.8)	(478.3)	(258.2)	(16.3)	644.6	
Revenues and other financing sources	22,380.3	23,226.0	24,216.4	25,102.3	27,372.9	
Expenditures and other financing uses	22,441.8	23,021.4	23,974.5	24,441.4	26,986.9	
Excess (deficiency)	(61.5)	204.6	241.9	660.9	386.0	
Ending fund balances (deficits)	\$ (478.3)	\$ (273.7)	\$ (16.3)	\$ 644.6	\$ 1,030.6	

(1) As restated to reflect discrete presentation of the University and College Fund.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

In FY95, consistent with adoption of GASB statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues", the Commonwealth established for GAAP reporting purposes three Internal Service Funds. These funds account for the operations of the State Employees Workers' Compensation Program, a special workers compensation program for the Central Artery/Third Harbor Tunnel Project, and for the health insurance programs administered by the Group Insurance Commission. On the statutory basis of accounting these funds have not been created and are not reported. The adjusting entries to report these "GAAP only" Funds represent another difference from the statutory basis.

The Commonwealth self-insures for the State Employees Workers' Compensation Program. This program was administered by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC) through FY97. Effective July 1, 1997 administration has been transferred to the Human Resource Division. Inflows to the program are amounts charged to state departments; outflows are expenses for claims and settlements, and accrued expenses for claims which will be paid in the future. The traditional policy has been to set chargebacks equivalent to claims paid, typically referred to as a "pay as you go" approach. As a result, an unfunded liability of \$251.2 million has accumulated. The Commonwealth should consider a plan to increase annual chargebacks, thus eventually funding such liability.

In regard to the Central Artery/Tunnel Project, the Executive Office of Transportation and Construction, with the approval of the U.S. Department of Transportation, has created a special workers

compensation program to cover all participants (including employees of contractors) on the project. In this arrangement, annual premiums and investment earnings are accumulated by the insurance carrier to fund current and future claims. The approach is expected to diminish this potentially expensive component of the large, multi-year construction project. With four years experience, it is evident that amounts contributed to the program significantly exceed the expectations of current and future benefits. With this situation (the opposite of the State Employees Workers' Compensation Program), the Executive Office of Transportation and Construction should consider a plan to decrease annual premiums, and thus lower the accumulated balance, on a go-forward basis. The respective contributions of both state and federal governments must be considered in any change to this program.

The Group Insurance Commission manages the health insurance program for state employees, retirees, and their beneficiaries. Inflows to the program are amounts contributed by individuals, participant organizations, or by the Commonwealth; and outflows are expenses for claims, plus an amount of accrued expenses for claims incurred but not reported. The accumulated balance, while a small deficit, is not material to the size of the program, suggesting that symmetry of inflows to outflows is reasonable and change is not warranted.

The operations of the Internal Service Funds are depicted in the Internal Service Fund Operations chart. The ending retained earnings consists of deficits of \$251.2 million and \$34.2 million in Employees Workers' Compensation and Employees Group Health Insurance offset by \$145.1 million in the Central Artery Workers Compensation program.

(Amounts in thousands)

	FY95	FY96	FY97
Beginning Retained Earnings (Deficit)	\$-	\$ (223,419)	\$ (151,080)
Operating Gain	127,932	68,664	3,234
Other Revenues	5,985	3,675	7,508
Equity Transfer	(15,716)	-	-
Balance from the General Long Term Obligations	(341,620)		<u> </u>
Ending Retained Earnings (Deficit)	\$ (223,419)	\$ (151,080)	\$ (140,338)

FIDUCIARY FUND OPERATIONS

The Fiduciary Fund Type reports funds where the Commonwealth is acting as an agent or steward for funds which relate to another party. The Fiduciary Fund Type includes the Expendable Trust, Nonexpendable Trust, Pension Trust, and Agency Funds.

The Nonexpendable Trusts account for assets held with restrictions and the Agency funds account for assets managed temporarily on behalf of other parties. The amount of such assets managed by the Commonwealth increased by \$756.4 million during FY97 to \$7.0 billion.

The Expendable Trusts ended FY97 with a fund balance of \$1.6 billion composed of a balance of \$116.4 million in Expendable Trusts and \$1,515.0 million in the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund.

The Commonwealth is responsible for the payment of pension benefits to its employees and to the teachers of the cities, towns, and regional school districts. It manages the operations of both the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) and Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), and reports the results of operations and net assets available to fund pension benefit as Pension Trust funds. Pursuant to the pension reform law, effective in FY88, the Commonwealth is funding its pension liabilities on a long term schedule. The original schedule would have eliminated the unfunded pension liability in 40 years, by the year 2028. A new funding schedule approved in FY97 will eliminate the unfunded pension liability of the Public Employee Retirement Administration (PERA) to complete actuarial updates for the funding schedule.

In FY97, PERA was reorganized in statute to the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission (PERAC), but retains the responsibility for actuarial updates. Also in FY97, the investment vehicles for all pension funds (state employee and employer amounts, and teacher employee and employer amounts) were unified into a single investment entity, under the management of the Pension Reserve Investment Management Board (PRIM). The actuarial report for SERS, TRS, and for the State-Boston Retirement System was published by PERA as of January 1, 1996.

In FY96 the Commonwealth adopted the provisions of GASB Statement Numbers 25 and 27 which changed the measurement focus of funding progress. The <u>Pension Funding Progress Graph</u> presents the funding progress applied under the prior standards while the funding progress under the new standards are disclosed in footnote 10.

The following table presents a five-year trend analysis of the Pension Trust Funds operations:



 z_{i}^{2}

Pension Trust Funds (Amounts in millions)						
<u></u>	FY93	F Y94	F Y95	FY96	FY97	
Beginning fund balances	S 9 , 648.6	\$ 11,121.1	\$ 11,563.1	\$ 13,483.2	\$ 15,956.2	
Revenues	2,374.2	1,376.3	2,902.1	3,560.6	4,729.4	
Expenses	901.7	934.3	982.0	1,087.6	1,125.6	
Excess	1,472.5	442.0	1,920.1	2,473.0	3,603.8	
Ending fund balances	5 11,121.1	\$ 11,563.1	\$ 13,483.2	\$ 15,956.2	\$ 19,560.0	

UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGE FUND TYPE

Since FY93 the CAFR has presented the University and College system in accordance with the AICPA Industry Audit Guide, "Audits of Colleges and Universities." This presentation combines financial activity from all fund types for:

- the University of Massachusetts, including its campuses at Amherst, Boston, Dartmouth, Lowell, Worcester Medical School, and the Teaching Hospital as well as its component units.
- the State College system of nine state colleges, which provide four-year post-secondary education, and the State College Building Authority.
- the Community College system of fifteen community colleges which provide two-year post-secondary education programs.

The University and College Fund Type reports a positive GAAP fund balance. Approximately \$2.4 billion of this fund balance is restricted or designated in plant funds, endowment funds, or other purposes.

(A)	mounts in m	illions)	* s ^{vi}			
	FY93	FY94	F Y95	FY96(1)	FY97	
Beginning fund balances	\$ 1,991.6	\$ 2,010.4	\$ 2,034.9	\$ 2,164.9	\$ 2,363.3	
Revenues and other additions	1,329.2	1,449.5	1,536.7	1,816.6	1,823.7	
Expenditures and other deductions	1,881.3	2,006.4	2,082.0	2,254.4	2,381.8	
Net transfers, including state appropriations	570.9	581.4	601.6	636.2	707.0	
Net Increase	18.8	24.5	56.3	198.4	148.9	
Ending fund balances	\$ 2,010.4	\$ 2,034.9	\$ 2,091.2	\$ 2,363.3	\$ 2,512.2	

University and College Fund Type Operations

In FY97, fourteen of these entities are commended for producing stand alone audited financial reports in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. This list includes Holyoke Community College, Massasoit Community College, Mass Bay Community College, Springfield Technical Community College, Bridgewater State College, the Massachusetts College of Art, Framingham State College, Fitchburg State College, Middlesex Community College, Mount Wachusett Community College, Northern Essex Community College, Westfield State College, Worcester State College, and the University of Massachusetts. Each of these schools has demonstrated accountability to its trustees, the Governor and Legislature, and to all concerned parties with audited financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. For several years both the Comptroller's Office and the Board of Education (previously the Higher Educational Coordinating Council) have encouraged all schools as a matter of policy to commit the requisite resources and effort to produce stand alone audited financial statements. The University of Massachusetts is an excellent example of the successful implementation of this policy, as it reported very favorable financial performance in FY97. In the FY97 appropriation act the Legislature authorized the institutions of higher education to create component units, called Foundations, to assist in fund raising for public education. As part of this authorization, the legislation requires each Foundation to produce audited financial statements. In the current legislative session, the Office of the Comptroller and the Board of Higher Education has requested the Governor to file legislation to extend the statutory requirement for stand-alone financial statement audits in conformity with GAAP beyond the Foundations to the respective institutions.

COMPONENT UNITS

The Commonwealth's relationship to the independent public authorities, reported as Component Units, is based on statute and contracts between the Commonwealth and these entities.

Component Units Operations (Amounts in millions)



	Beginning Retained Earnings		Operating Gain/ (Loss)		Subsidy		Other Changes		ding ained nings
Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority	\$ (20)4) (\$ (545)	\$	617	\$	(59)	\$	(191)
Massachusetts Tumpike Authority	35	8	(5)		-		4		357
Regional Transit Authorities		2	(79)		56		23		2
Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust	:	80	(9)		26		24		71
Massachusetts Convention Center Authority		-	(12)		17		(2)		3
Corporation for Business Work and Learning*		8	(48)		9		40		9
Government Land Bank	3	⁵ 1	(5)		2		-		28
Massachusetts Community Development Finance Agency		2	(1)		1		- '		2
Massachusetts Technology Park Corporation	· 1	9	(2)		1		-		18
Community Economic Development Assistance Corporation	- 3	39	5		-		1		45
Massachusetts Corporation for Educational Telecommunication		4	(8)		5		3		4
Massachusetts Housing Partnership	1	4	3		2		(5)		14
Commonwealth Zoological Corporation	. 1	(1)	(3)		3		2		1
Massachusetts International Trade Council		-	(1)		1				
Total.	\$ 30	<u>2</u>	\$ (710)	\$	740	\$	31	\$	363

* Formerly Bay State Skills and the Industrial Service Program

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The firm of Deloitte & Touche LLP, together with subcontractors Daniel Dennis & Company, Margaret Carr, CPA and Susan Perna-Damon, CPA, and assisted by the Office of the State Auditor, have performed an independent audit of the Commonwealth's general purpose financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997. We express our thanks to the staff of the respective firms for their professionalism, advice and counsel. Their report is presented in the Financial Section.

INTERNAL CONTROL ENVIRONMENT

Massachusetts General law, Chapter 647 of the Acts of 1989, places authority and responsibility for internal controls with the head of each executive department, constitutional office, and branch of government. The Office of the Comptroller issues internal control guidelines and the Office of the State Auditor may investigate departments with risk of internal control weaknesses.

These two offices have continued to deliver joint training sessions for department managers regarding their responsibility for internal control in the Commonwealth's highly automated environment.

Absolute assurance with respect to internal control is prohibitively expensive. Using risk assessment criteria set forth in the guidelines and stressed in the training, the objectives of the Commonwealth's internal control structure are to provide management and the public with reasonable assurance that internal control systems do not have material weaknesses. The reader is referred to the separately published Commonwealth Single Audit Reports for additional information on internal controls.

REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements incorporate the fiscal activities of 146 departments, agencies, boards, commissions, institutions of higher education, the judicial and legislative branches of government, and constitutional offices. These departments record their daily financial operations in the state accounting system called the Massachusetts Management Accounting and Reporting System (MMARS), operated by the Office of the Comptroller.

In addition, the financial statements include independent public authorities, and the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems. These component units meet the GAAP criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity, which are further described in Note 1 to the general purpose financial statements.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

MMARS is the computerized, statewide accounting system used by all departments to control and account for their financial activity under the statutory basis of accounting. The financial operations of the authorities and certain non-appropriated higher education funds are accounted for through their own independent accounting systems.

MMARS is designed to satisfy all requirements of the Commonwealth's statutory basis of accounting and financial reporting. Any additional information needed to prepare financial statements according to GAAP is provided through a combination of MMARS system-generated data, information compiled by departments, and the submission of audited financial statements from certain independent authorities.

Note 2 to the general purpose financial statements provides a reconciliation between the General and Budgeted Special Revenue Funds on a statutory basis and the GAAP basis presented in the general purpose financial statements.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are controlled by the State Treasurer. Each department transmits all cash receipts to the Treasurer's Office. Weekly and daily warrants for disbursements are prepared by the Comptroller, and reviewed and approved by the Governor's Council; disbursements are issued by the Treasurer. A major project is underway to streamline the banking and disbursement process, and maximize use of electronic funds transfer and electronics benefits transfer.

A system of bank depository and disbursement accounts and lockboxes is employed by the Treasurer's Office to maximize daily cash balances. The Treasurer manages these cash balances in pooled investment funds to optimize interest earnings. The Treasurer's Office invests cash from these general accounts in short-term securities and other investments. A discussion of cash and investments is presented in Note 3 to the general purpose financial statements.

The Treasurer is also responsible for quarterly cash flow plans, weekly variance reports, and, jointly with the Executive Office for Administration and Finance, annual and quarterly cash management plans. Taxes and non-tax inflows, warrants, other outflows, and short and long-term borrowings are monitored against these plans.

FY97 is the fourth year of the Commonwealth's implementation of the U.S. Cash Management Improvement Act (CMIA). The CMIA requires the states to measure interest income on federal funds drawn from the U.S. Treasury prior to disbursement, and for the U.S. Treasury to measure interest income on funds drawn down subsequent to disbursement. A settlement of interest due to or due from the state and federal government is computed. For FY97, the net settlement is in favor of the Commonwealth. in the

Long-Term Debt (Amounts in billions)

Fiscal Year	Authorized - Unissued	Principal Outstanding
1997	12.0	\$ 10.3
1996	8.2	10.1
1995	5.9	9.6
1994	4.5	9.4
1993	4.6	9.2





DEBT

The Commonwealth funds its capital appropriations by authorizing the issuance of long-term bonds. The <u>Long Term Debt chart</u> sets forth the trend of the Commonwealth's tax-supported long-term indebtedness for the last five years.

To limit the Commonwealth debt burden, and control the degree to which debt service creates pressure on the operating budget, the Administration has implemented a five-year capital spending plan. This administrative policy has existed for several years, and the effect of debt service on the operating budget is depicted on the following graph of <u>Debt Service as of % of Governmental Expenditure</u>.

In October, Standard and Poors upgraded, the rating for Commonwealth's General Obligation Debt from "A+" to "AA-". The effect of the capital policy, the acceleration of funding of the Commonwealth's pension liability, and the string of operating surpluses were cited as reasons for the upgrade.

As authorized by state finance law, the State Treasurer may utilize short-term borrowing to support governmental cash flow. No such borrowings occurred during the fiscal year.

Other debt consists of certificates of participation and capital lease agreements. Such financing arrangements are used to acquire capital assets, for example computer equipment and motor vehicles. The Commonwealth continued to utilize this form of financing in FY98.

Additional information on Commonwealth debt, including guaranteed debt of independent public authorities, is presented in Notes 7, 8, and 12 to the general purpose financial statements.

RISK FINANCING

The Commonwealth assumes the risk of loss for property damage and personal injury, breach of contract, condemnation proceedings, and other alleged violations of law, and is defended by the Attorney General's Office in such cases. In FY97, approximately \$23.0 million was expended to resolve such claims in special and existing appropriations. Based on the Attorney General's evaluation of cases in which it is probable that a judgment will be rendered against the Commonwealth, and a loss incurred, an additional \$66.7 million has been accrued in the Governmental Funds at June 30, 1997.

ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL PROSPECTS

Massachusetts employment grew 2.2% in 1994, 0.9% in 1995 and 1.1% in 1996. The Massachusetts unemployment rate, currently at 3.7%, remains below the national rate of 4.7% (October 1997). Commonwealth per capita income continues to outpace the nation as shown in the <u>Per Capita Income graph</u>.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts, with an international reputation for medical, cultural, historical, and educational institutions, is the economic and educational hub of New England. The Commonwealth's economy remains diversified but its strongest component is its knowledge-based technology and service industries.

Massachusetts' infrastructure provides strong support for this knowledge-based economy. There are over 120 colleges and universities located in Massachusetts, and 27.2% of the residents over age 25 have earned bachelor's degrees, compared to 20.3% for the United States as a whole.

Our capital, Boston, has 25 hospitals and three medical schools. Tourism is a significant component of the economy. The Massachusetts Office of Travel and Tourism estimates that over 28.0 million visitors spent over \$6.1 billion in the Commonwealth in 1995. The Commonwealth ranked eleventh among states in exports with \$16.2 billion in 1996.

A continued low rate of inflation is expected to keep wage growth low and allow for slow-paced positive growth in the Massachusetts economy.

The Commonwealth's FY98 budget forecast is consistent with the economic trends presented above. Budgeted revenues and other sources, as estimated by the Executive Office for Administration and Finance, are currently projected at approximately \$18,386.9 million. The estimate assumes tax revenues will grow 2.6% above FY97 actual collections. However when this estimate is adjusted for tax cuts proposed by the Governor; coupled with a one time change in the way sales taxes are paid, the impact on FY98 will be a decrease of \$196 million and \$140 million respectively. Therefore actual FY98 collections are estimated at \$12,839 million, slightly below FY97 actual receipts.

The Commonwealth's total budgeted expenditures and other uses in FY98 are projected at \$18,671.9 million. This estimate assumes the spending in the Commonwealth's seven major programs (Local Aid, Medicaid, Employee Health Insurance, Public Assistance, Debt Service, Pensions and Subsidies to Transit Authorities), which comprise over 60% of budgetary spending, will increase by 3.6% over FY97.









Commonwealth of Massachusetts

The FY98 opening fund balance, for budgeted funds, on a statutory basis is \$1,394.0 million. If the FY98 forecast is realized, the ending fund balance will be approximately \$981.0 million. It is noteworthy that, of the \$981.0 million, approximately \$821.8 million is projected to be reserved in the Commonwealth's Stabilization Fund. In this forecast, the Commonwealth has continued a conservative revenue estimating approach. As in past years, ending fund balances may be higher due to this conservative approach to forecasting.

The Administration will soon be engaged in an extensive mid-year review of this estimate. The Governor will release his recommended budget for FY99 in late January, at which time the FY98 forecast may be revised.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS

In FY97, there were a number of significant public policy accomplishments that demonstrate accountability and financial management.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commonwealth for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1996. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. This is the seventh consecutive year that the Commonwealth has received this award.

The non-tax revenue optimization campaign was very successful in FY97. With special authorization in the budget, a task force was comprised of key persons from the Executive Office for Administration and Finance, the Budget Bureau, the Information Technology Division, and the Comptroller's Office. The task force provided leadership and sponsored projects by which outside experts were engaged on a contingent fee basis, and departments optimized various sources of non-tax revenue (such as federal reimbursement) by over \$39.1 million. The initiative is dedicated to optimizing all collection potential within the framework of existing fee structure and program authorizations. The non-tax revenue optimization campaign continues in FY98.

A large number of projects to enhance or re-engineer business processes with new technology have been performed. Such projects relate to an array of Commonwealth activities, including automation of welfare eligibility determination, management of cases in the legal system, creating a new statewide client server infrastructure, and significant changes to the Commonwealth's administrative and fiscal systems.

Examples of projects from the domain of financial accounting include: major streamlining of the Commonwealth's cash deposit and non-tax revenue systems; automation of the previously manual functions to exchange cash with the federal government; re-engineering the Commonwealth disbursement practices to the model of electronic commerce, including electronic data interchange, electronic funds transfer, and electronic benefits transfer; and creating a data warehouse to make the wealth of data emanating from transaction processing systems accessible and available to knowledge workers via query systems controlled by desktop computers. Under the leadership of the Information Technology Division, several departments across the branches of government are collaborating in joint ventures to leverage resources in these projects. This approach is yielding significant results both in terms of shared functionality and interoperable systems, and increased purchasing power through joint procurements. Exciting partnerships with internal Commonwealth departments and private sector business partners have developed. Several of these projects have received national recognition and awards.

In early FY97, the Governor and Legislature enacted a second Information Technology Capital Outlay. This provides the funding and management framework for another series of projects that will exploit new technologies to improve the way the Commonwealth conducts its business. All these projects will be fully year 2000 compliant. In addition the project to update to the Commonwealth's accounting system for the year 2000 is scheduled for implementation in the fall of 1998. All Commonwealth's systems have year 2000 remediation projects in progress under the supervision of the Information Technology Division. With this innovative authorization technique and through its array of projects, the Commonwealth is again the focus of attention by other states, the U.S. Government, and the private sector. The prospects for future success are outstanding.

RECOMMENDATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

The Office of the Comptroller has a unique perspective on state finance based on insights gained through control of day-to-day operations and experience with GAAP. With this background, we take this opportunity to make proposals intended to strengthen state finance.

Consistent with the prior recommendations, the Office of the Comptroller believes the Commonwealth's current fund structure should be streamlined. The Local Aid Fund has increased outflows associated with the Education Reform Act of 1994, and exhibits a structural budgetary imbalance. The continued existence of this Fund should be examined. The proliferation of budgeted Special Revenue Funds has fractured, not strengthened, the budget process.

As special interest groups have enjoyed political success in carving out dedicated revenues and removing operations from the general budget, the capacity for centralized planning and control has diminished. The numerous non-budgeted Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds further complicate efforts to obtain a comprehensive view of state finance.

The Office of the Comptroller has proposed Legislation to simplify the fund structure, reduce the number of funds to a more manageable number, and eliminate fund deficits.

In addition, the Office of the Comptroller has proposed legislation to simplify the definition of a balanced budget, and the terms and conditions for deposits into the Stabilization Fund. This legislation would result in a more coherent and understandable picture of the Commonwealth's Governmental Funds financial activity. The Commonwealth has a tremendous opportunity to employ new technologies to improve its programmatic, financial, and administrative operations. In FY93 the Governor proposed and the Legislature enacted the first Information Technology Capital Outlay. In FY97, the Governor and Legislature enacted a second Information Technology Capital Outlay. With this funding the opportunity exists to re-engineer old business practices and engage new technology. An unprecedented interdepartmental coalition under the leadership of the Commonwealth's Chief Information Technology Officer creates an exciting opportunity to make strategic investments that will position the Commonwealth successfully into the next century. Consistent with this investment, the Comptrollers Office and Information Technology Division has requested changes to the budget to provide resources for ongoing systems operation and maintenance.

The Commonwealth has authorized and committed itself to a number of capital projects over the next several years. This includes the Central Artery/Tunnel project and several other initiatives that will generate significant pressure on the self-imposed cap on capital spending. In FY97 several mechanisms were established to address this situation, including utilization of approximately \$319.3 million from budgetary surplus for capital projects. Continued efforts and diligence to manage capital spending is merited.

The Commonwealth should enact a program to fund the liability for the State Employees Workers' Compensation Program as new costs are incurred and amortize the accumulated unfunded liability of \$251.2 million. This amount did not materialize in a single year and a multi-year funding schedule is recommended. Options to furnish the necessary funding include a "surcharge" to the current statutory chargeback to state agencies, special lump sum appropriations, a redirection of investment earnings, and other actions. Accumulating assets to satisfy the current unfunded liability will be another demonstration of interperiod equity and sound financial management. In contrast, for the special workers' compensation program for the Central Artery/Tunnel Project, the Commonwealth should consider decreasing annual contributions. In this instance, it appears the amount accumulated for current and future claims is more than adequate. Since both federal and state government contribute to the program, any change to annual contributions must be structured accordingly.

Regarding the institutions of higher education, the time has come for each school to produce audited stand-alone financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. While many schools have moved into this practice of their own volition, and others are currently in the preparation process, it is appropriate to make this a statutory requirement. The Comptroller's Office and Board of Higher Education will seek legislation to accelerate such an effort. In conclusion, this report represents the continued commitment of the Office of the Comptroller to promote quality in the Commonwealth's financial management. I express my sincere appreciation to the dedicated professionals in the Comptroller's Office, Martin Benison, B.J. Trivedi, and the staff of the Financial Reporting Bureau and other state departments and organizations whose efforts are reflected in this report.

In addition, the work of the several project teams to implement the Information Technology projects mentioned above is especially noteworthy. They are launched on projects that will create enduring value not only to Massachusetts, but to other states and governments throughout the nation. They exemplify the cutting edge of innovation, and the citizens of the Commonwealth are well served by professionals of their caliber.

The Office of the Comptroller transmits the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for FY97 in accordance with Section 12 of Chapter 7A of the General Laws.

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Respectfully transmitted,

William Kilmentin

William Kilmartin Comptroller

CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Argeo Paul Cellucci Governor

William F. Galvin Secretary of State

L. Scott Harshbarger Attorney General

Joseph D. Malone Treasurer and Receiver-General

> A. Joseph DeNucci Auditor

LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS

Thomas F. Birmingham President of the Senate

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Thomas M. Finneran Speaker of the House

JUDICIAL OFFICERS

Herbert P. Wilkins Chief Justice, Supreme Judicial Court

> Joseph P. Warner Chief Justice, Appeals Court

John J. Irwin Chief Justice for Administration and Management, Trial Court

Electorate

Legislative Branch

Governor

Lieutenant Governor

Governor's Council

Executive Council

Inspector General

Attorney General

Development

House of Representatives Senate Joint Legislature

Executive Branch

State Auditor State Secretary State Treasurer Campaign and Political Finance District Attorneys Ethics Commission Office of the Comptroller **Disabled Person Protection Commission** Office of Community and Independent Offices and Commissions

Judicial Branch

Supreme Judicial Court Appeals Court Trial Court Board of Bar Examiners Judicial Conduct Commission Committee for Public Counsel Mental Health Legal Advisors

Adminstration and Finance Executive Office Secretary of Administration and Finance **Developmental Disabilities** Appellate Tax Board Budget Bureau **Operational Services Division Civil Service Commission** Department of Revenue Department of Veteran Services Division of Administrative Law Appeals Capital Planning and Operations Group Insurance Commission Commission Against Discrimination Teachers' Retirement Board Public Employee Retirement Administration Human Resource Division Information Technology Division

Massachusetts Office on Disability

Public Safety

Executive Office of Public Safety Architectural Access Board Committee on Criminal Justice Criminal History Systems Board Criminal Justice Training Council Department of Correction Department of Public Safety Department of Police Governor's Highway Safety Bureau Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency Merit Rating Board Military Division Chief Medical Examiner Parole Board Registry of Motor Vehicles Board of Building Regulations Department of Fire Services

State Agencies

Economic Development

Department of Economic Development Division of Energy Resources

Education

Department of Education Higher Education University System State and Community Colleges

Elder Affairs

Executive Office of Elder Affairs

Environmental Affairs

Executive Office of Environmental Affairs Department of Food and Agriculture Department of Environmental Management Department of Environmental Protection Fisheries and Wildlife Environmental Law Enforcement Mentropolitan District Commission State Reclamation Board Low Level Radioactive Waste

Transportation and Construction

Executive Office of Transportation and Construction Massachusetts Aeronautics Commission Massachusetts Highway Department

Executive Office of Health and Human Services Department of Mental Health Department of Mental Retardation Department of Public Health Department of Social Services Department of Transitional Assistance Department of Youth Services Division of Medical Assistance Massachusetts Commission for the Blind Massachusetts Commission for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing Massachusetts Rehabilitation Commission Office for Children Office for Refugees and Immigrants Soldier's Homes Division of Health Care Finance & Policy

Health and Human Services

Labor

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Department of Labor & Work Force Development Conciliation and Arbitration Division of Industrial Accidents Joint Labor Management Commission Labor Relations Commission Division of Employment and Training

Consumer Affairs

Office of Consumer Affairs & Business Regulations Board of Medicine Massachusetts Cable Television Commission Department of Public Utilities Division of Banks Division of Insurance **Division of Registration** Division of Standards State Racing Commission Alcoholic Beverages Control Commission **Energy Facilities Setting Council**

REPORT PREPARED BY:

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Daryl E. Byers Systems Analyst

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Cathy DiGianni Administrative Secretary

> Padmanabh Patel Intern

Ya Yee Chen Intern

Michael Dunn Intern

Lauren Johnson Director Resource Management Layout and Design

> James Powers, CPA Special Projects

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

For its Comprehensive Annual **Financial Report** for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1996

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Lida K. Savitsky President

Executive Director

ist Session

3rd Congress

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Naval Force Against Algiers

". . . the committee submit the following resolutions

Resolved, That a naval force, to consist of four ships of forty-four; and two ships of twenty guns, each, be provided, for the protection of commerce of the United States against the Algerine corsairs."

War Office, January 20, 1796

Sirs:

I have the honor to send, herewith, for the information of the committee to whom was committed the report on the frigates, the best returns of materials provided, and yet wanting, that can formed, together with an account of the moneys expended, and the sum necessary to complete, their construction and equipment, exclusively of men and provisions; this sum being estimated at \$453,973.

I am, very respectively, sir, your obedient servant,

TIMOTHY PICKERING

Honorable Josiah Parker, Esq.

Both of the paragraphs above are from the transcripts of the 3rd Congress as communicated to the House of Representatives, January 20th, 1794. The first gives the approval to build a fleet, and the second, from the Secretary of War, records the cost estimate for the construction of four frigates including the U.S.S. Constitution.

The text was excerpted from the American State Papers, a chronicle of the first 34 congresses and the predecessor of the Congressional Informational Serial Set, an ongoing collection of U.S. Government publications compiled under the directive of Congress.

Financial Section



An early repair of the Constitution, May 27, 1858, Portsmouth Navy Yard.

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Constitution afloat, September 26, 1995 after successful rehabilitation and restoration.



125 Summer Street Boston, Massachusetts 02110-1617 Telephone: (617) 261-8000 Facsimile: (617) 261-8111

Independent Auditors' Report

Mr. William Kilmartin, Comptroller The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as of June 30, 1997, and for the year then ended, listed in the foregoing table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the institutions of higher education and their blended component units listed in Note 1 which reflect 88 percent of the total assets and 88 percent of the total revenues of the University and College Fund Type. We did not audit the financial statements of the Pension Reserves Investment Trust, which is the investment vehicle of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts' Pension Trust Funds, the financial statements of which reflect 72 percent and 46 percent, respectively, of the total assets and total revenues of the Fiduciary Fund Type. We did not audit the operations of the Massachusetts State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems Trust, the financial operations of which reflect 10 percent of the revenues of the Fiduciary Fund Type, for the period from July 1, 1996 through the date of its merger with the Pension Reserves Investment Trust on December 31, 1996. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component units listed in Note 1 which reflect 84 percent of the total assets and 90 percent of the total revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the entities not audited by us included for the University and College Fund Type, Fiduciary Fund Type and the discretely presented component units referred to above, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu International In our opinion, based upon our audit and the reports of the other auditors, such general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as of June 30, 1997, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its Internal Service Funds, Nonexpendable Trust Fund and discretely presented component units for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts financial reporting entity has changed as a result of adding three component units to the reporting entity.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund statements, and account group schedules, listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. These statements and schedules are also the responsibility of the management of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Such additional information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements.

We did not audit the data included in the introductory and statistical sections of this report and accordingly, we express no opinion on such data.

Ilatte & Touch 2CB

December 11, 1997
General Purpose Financial Statements



Rare live oak logs acquired through donations to the Navy. It was this dense wood that gave the Constitution its nickname "Old Ironsides." With frames built from live oak, cannonballs were seen bouncing off the wooden hull.

All Fund Types, Account Groups And Discretely Presented Component Units

Combined Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	(Governmental Fund	Types	Proprietary Fund Types
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Internal Service
Cash and short-term investments		\$ 826,313	\$ -	\$-
Cash with fiscal agent Deposits		24,077	-	-
Investments		-	-	
Restricted investments. Investments of deferred compensation plan		-	-	223,219
Annuity contracts		-	-	-
Assets held in trust		-	-	15,087
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Taxes	784,581	560,440	-	-
Due from federal government		149,314	165,527	
Loans		100,104	133	-
Other receivables Due from cities and towns		667	- 155	-
Due from primary government			-	-
Due from other funds Due from component units	1,410,222	-	249,818	35,400
Inventory	,	48,805	-	-
Fixed assets			-	
Other assets Amounts available for retirement of general long-term obligations		2,700	-	•
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term obligations		-	-	-
Total assets and other debits		\$ 1,712,420	\$ 415,478	\$ 273,706
LIABILITIES, FUND EQUITY AND OTHER CREDITS			•	
Liabilities:	\$ 945.118	\$ 388,461	ू \$ 331.239	¢
Accounts payable Accrued payroll		1,716	5 <u>551,259</u> 238	\$-
Compensated absences.		61,551	4,461	-
Tax refunds and abatements payable		276,496	-	-
Due to cities and towns Due to primary government		-	-	-
Due to other funds		1,205,363	215,644	-
Due to component units		284,668	27	-
Due to federal government Deferred revenue		663 117,610	- 107	-
Prizes payable		-	-	-
Deferred compensation benefits payable		-	-	
Agency liabilities Claims and judgments		-	60,700	414,044
Deposits and unearned revenue		*	-	
Other accrued liabilities.		79,832	-	-
Capital leases Bonds, notes payable and certificates of participation		-	-	-
School construction grants.		-	· –	
Total liabilities	1,898,143	2,416,360	612,416	414,044
Fund equity and other credits:				
Investment in general fixed assets		-	-	-
Contributed capital Retained earnings:	-	-	-	-
Reserved for investment programs		-	-	-
Reserved for bond retirement		-	-	•
Reserved for central artery workers compensation Unreserved		-	-	145,140 (285,478)
Fund balances (deficit):		-	-	(203,478)
Reserved for continuing appropriations	117,189	63,073	-	-
Reserved for tax reduction Reserved for Commonwealth stabilization	., 91,764 ., 799,300	-	-	•
Reserved for employees' pension benefits		-	-	-
Reserved for unemployment benefits		•	-	-
Reserved for retirement of indebtedness Reserved for nonexpendable trusts	. 20,814	24,077	-	-
Reserved for capital projects		-	229,800	-
Restricted		-		-
Unexpended plant funds		-	-	-
Renewals and replacements Net investment in plant		-	-	•
Unreserved and undesignated.	. 902,448	(791,090)	(426,738)	-
Total fund equity (deficit) and other credits	the second se	(703,940)	(196,938)	(140,338)
Total liabilities, fund equity and other credits		\$ 1,712,420	\$ 415,478	\$ 273,706

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

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	nly)	otals idum Oi	To (Memoran		Groups	nt Grou	Accoun	•	Iniversity Id College und Type	ап	Fiduciary und Types	
Componen Units	1996	,	1997		General Long-term Obligations		General Fixed Assets		Iniversity d Colleges		Trust nd Agency	an
\$ 835,4	as restated) 3,501,340	\$ (i	4,026,045	\$	\$ -	\$	-	\$	137,221	\$	2,508,599	\$.
	22,571 874,222		24,823 1,334,988		· · · ·		•		- 112,263		1,222,725	
419,1 261,1	16,554,063 187,929		19,906,282 223,219		-		-		377,390		19,528,892	
15,9	1,480,844		1,837,892		•		· •		•		1,837,892	
4,6	1,164,223 1,702,040		1,285,021 1,759,068		•		-		-		1,285,021 1,743,981	
28,9	1,506,827 872,581		1,673,998 1,027,257		-		•		23,182		328,977 1,549	
1,043,	50,662		51,528		-		- -		48,585		2,943	
88,	618,089 222,841		682,660 228,020		·· -				149,738		273,385	
336,0	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	724,357		1,763,138 5,859				-		67,698		-	
44, 6,906,9	128,052 5,599,204		64,619 5,916,579		-		3,505,871		15,814 2,410,708		-	
121,9	24,620		29,175		-		-		26,475		-	
	22,571 13,339,725		44,891 14,034,691		44,891 14,034,691		-		-		-	
\$ 10,107,9	48,596,761	\$	55,919,753	\$	\$ 14,079,582	\$	3,505,871	\$	3,369,074	\$	28,733,964	\$
		s'st ⁱⁿ s										
\$ 70,	2,040,212	\$	2,283,579	\$	s -	\$	-	\$	73,929	\$	544,832	\$
27,4 6,9	100,316 371,121		77,177 392,028	:	106,402				61,131 118,558		34 388	
	685,559		700,597	·	-		-	ş.	-		8,998	
1,2 5,8	18,147		20,142		-		-	· · ·	-		20,142	
	724,357 295,922		1,763,138 336,098		-		-		108,674		3,657	
	18,986		18,660		-		-		-			
82,0	357,681 1,165,855		260,549 1,288,587		3,566		-		16,317		13,519 1,285,021	
15,9 4,0	1,480,844 3,534,108		1,837,892 3,812,878		-		. • /		-		1,837,892	
- 3,1	565,820		602,181		76,532				39,905		3,812,878	
337,0	8,523 163,475		8,068 152,652		-		•		8,068 63,610		9,210	
253,2	103,810		137,095		87,171				49,924		-	
5,099,2	10,615,756 3,053,799		10,588,033 3,534,617		10,271,294 3,534,617		-		316,739		-	
5,908,0	25,304,291		27,813,971		14,079,582		-		856,855		7,536,571	
3,836,5	3,317,616		3,505,871		•		3,505,871		-		-	
286,	-		-		-		• -		-		-	
77,0	129,808 (280,888)		145,140 (285,478)		:		• * •		-		·	
	240,773		180,262		-		-		-		• -	
	231,722 543,303		91,764 799,300		-		· •		-		-	
	15,956,271 1,043,033		19,560,061 1,515,080		-		-		-		19,560,061	
	40,411		66,822		-		•		21,931		1,515,080	
	5,835		5,835 229,800		-		· -		· -		5,835	
	161,964		185,938		 -		· -		185,938		-	
	43,471 26,241		57,980 24,983		-		-		57,980 24,983		-	
	1,972,852		2,087,785		-		-		2,087,785		-	
4,199,9	(139,942) 23,292,470		(65,361) 28,105,782			. —	3,505,871		133,602		116,417 21,197,393	
7,1/7,7	~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~, ~		20,102,102		-		2,202,071		4,014,417	•	41,171,272	

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

All Governmental Fund Types And Expendable Trust Funds Combined Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

(Amoun	ts in	thousand	s)

		Primary			
		Governmental Fund Type	es		
	General	Special Revenue	Capital Projects		
evenues: Taxes	7,918,267	\$ 5,112,210	\$		
Assessments	207,482	344,622	φ -		
Federal grants and reimbursements	3,066,466	1,479,341	1,035,630		
Departmental	549,320	3,846,236	1.1.6		
Miscellaneous	146,045	55,964	1,164		
Total revenues	11,887,580	10,838,373	1,036,794		
ther financing sources: Proceeds of general obligation bonds	-		899,471		
Proceeds of special obligation bonds	-		722,621		
Proceeds of capital leases	61,906	-			
Transfers from component units	5,859	-	•		
Operating transfers in	461,949	963,073	495,261		
Total other financing sources	529,714	963,073	2,117,353		
Total revenues and other financing sources	12,417,294	11,801,446	3,154,147		
kpenditures:			·		
Ċurrent:	40 209				
Legislature Judiciary	49,308 43,386	- 389,366	•		
Inspector General	1,680	-			
Governor and Lieutenant Governor	5,244	-			
Secretary of the Commonwealth	10,335	6,900			
Treasurer and Receiver-General	131,438	2,578,997			
Auditor of the Commonwealth	11,149	695			
Attorney General	408 607	4,712	•		
Ethics Commission District Attorney	378	61,476			
Office of Campaign and Political Finance.	334	336			
Disabled Persons Protection Commission	1,419	46	-		
Board of Library Commissioners	1,837	4,529	•		
Comptroller	6,769	-	•		
Administration and finance	734,544	202,670	•		
Environmental affairs	57,556 98,132	138,061 245,883	•		
Communities and development	3,483,151	1,023,397			
Transportation and construction.	19,839	130,900	-		
Education	154,839	871,529			
Educational affairs	-		-		
Higher education	87,698	1,984	•		
Public safety Economic development	391,981 2,172	468,361 30,920	•		
Elder affairs.	137,295	36,314			
Consumer affairs.	30,964	6,481			
Labor:	27,275	161,570			
Medicaid	3,425,331	72,000			
Pension.	95,946	317,104	•		
Direct local aid Capital outlay:	41,287	3,636,168	•		
Local aid	-	.*	181,179		
Capital acquisition and construction.	-	-	2,050,758		
Debt service: Principal retirement	583,560	169,109			
Interest and fiscal charges	286,139	239,477			
Total expenditures	9,922,001	10,799,567	2,231,932		
ther financing uses:					
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent.	500 01 5	1 101 000	722,621		
Operating transfers out	528,015	1,121,509	133,405		
Transfers of appropriations Transfers of bond proceeds	745,032	2,004	34,977		
Transfers to component units	358,943	381,162	5,748		
Total other financing uses	1,631,990	1,504,675	896,751		
Total expenditures and other financing uses	11,553,991	12,304,242	3,128,688		
xcess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources	11,000,771	.2,007,272			
over expenditures and other financing uses	863,303	(502,796)	25,459		
und balance (deficits) at beginning of year	1,068,212	(201,144)	(222,397		
그는 그는 그는 그는 것을 가지 않는 것을 수 있는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 하는 것을 수 있다. 나는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 하는 것을 수 있는 것을 것 같이 않는 것 같이 않는 것 않는 것 같이 않는 것 않는 것 않는 것 같이 않는 것 않는 것 같이 않는 것 않는	\$ 1,931,515	\$ (703,940)	\$ (196,938		

		(Government		
	Fiduciary Fund Type		T (Memora)	`otals andum C	Only)
E	xpendable Trust	<u> </u>	1997		1996
\$	1,189,386	\$	14,219,863	\$	13,075,269
	1,686		553,790		596,132
	29,627 5,984		5,611,064 4,401,540		5,364,403 4,330,099
	212,557		415,730		446,515
	1,439,240		25,201,987		23,812,418
	:		899,471		939,658 147,457
	-		722,621		-
	-		61,906		26,365
	6,971		5,859 1,927,254		1,554,418
	6,971	<u></u>	3,617,111		2,667,898
	1,446,211		28,819,098		
	1,440,211		20,019,098		26,480,316
	-		49,308		48,922
	229		432,981 1,680		404,619 1,577
	-		5,244		4,731
	5		17,240		15,015
	7,033 285		2,717,468		2,577,230
	1,724		12,129 6,844		13,220 30,437
	•		1,189		1,147
	3,215		65,069		58,187
	-		670 1,465		656 1,394
	-		6,366		4,461
	.		6,769	. 3.	6,637
	5,454 7,625		942,668 203,242		944,648 211,942
	267		344,282	,	348,132
	18,291		4,524,839		4,624,309
	2,602 1,140		153,341 1,027,508		155,705 959,110
	-		-		13,664
	103		89,785		80,068
	2,961 1,698		863,303 34,790		844,232 112,361
	50		173,659		155,238
	7,103		44,548		41,855
	841,478		1,030,323 3,497,331		972,779 3,241,150
•	-		413,050		382,510
	-		3,677,455		3,351,232
	- -		181,179 2,050,758		115,742 1,672,544
	-		752,669 525,616		684,266 507,515
	901,263		23,854,768		22,587,235
	-		722,621		-
	69,265		1,852,194 747,036		1,473,254 688,514
·	-		34,977		28,888
			745,853		666,071
	69,265		4,102,681		2,856,727
	970,528		27,957,449		25,443,962
	475,683		861,649		1,036,354
	1,155,814		1,800,485		764,131
\$.	1,631,497	\$	2,662,134	\$	1,800,485

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

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General And Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

Combined Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances -Statutory Basis - Budget And Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

Budget Actual (Until (Until Taxes	
Budget Actual (Unf Revenues: \$ 7,067,900 \$ 7,546,903 \$ Assessments 2,967,600 2,971,955 199,666 199,666 Departmental 812,600 636,124 105,803 105,803 Total revenues 10,848,100 11,460,451 105,803 105,803 Other financing sources: 196,996 379,001 5 739,000 106,996 Stabilization transfer - 90,000 - 106,996 11,1460,451 - 90,000 - Total other financing sources - - 90,000 - - 70,000 - - 106,996 - 12,126,448 - - 90,000 - - 100,126 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 - 100,127 -<	riance
Taxes \$ 7,067,900 \$ 7,546,903 \$ Assessments 2,967,600 2,971,955 812,600 636,124 Miscellancous 812,600 636,124 105,803 Total revenues 108,88,100 11,460,451 Other financing sources: - 196,996 Fringe benefit cost recovery. - 196,996 Total other financing sources 298,800 379,001 Stabilization transfer. - 90,000 Total other financing sources 211,146,900 12,126,448 Expenditures: 70,895 48,968 Judiciary 42,086 40,863 Usiciary 42,086 40,863 Secretary of the Comnonwealth 100,192 10,127 Tressurer and Receiver-General 100,291 10,1467 Auditor of the Comnonwealth 12,074 12,071 Auditor of the Comnonwealth 12,074 12,071 Auditor of the Comnonwealth 12,074 12,071 Auditor of the Comnonwealth 12,074 12,071<	vorable avorable)
Assessments. - 199,666 Federal grants and reinbursements. 2,967,600 2,971,955 Departmental. 812,600 636,124 Miscellaneous. 10,848,100 11,460,451 Other financing sources: 196,596 Operating transfers in 298,800 379,001 Stabilization transfer. - 90,000 Total revenues and other financing sources. 298,800 665,997 Total revenues and other financing sources. 11,146,900 12,126,448 Expenditures: 20,806 40,863 Legislature 42,086 40,863 Indicary 42,086 40,863 Inspector General. 100,589 92,466 Autior of the Commonwealth. 10,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 120,074 12,071 Attorey General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission. 581 581 District Attorey. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 6,122 6,104	479,003
Federal grants and reimbursements. 2.967,600 2.971,955 Miscellaneous - 105,803 Total revenues. 10,848,100 11,460,451 Other financing sources: - 196,996 Pringe benefit cost recovery. 298,800 379,001 Stabilization transfer. - 90,000 Total other financing sources. 298,800 12,126,448 Expenditures: - 90,000 Legislature. 70,895 48,968 Judiciary. 42,086 40,863 Inspector General. 1612 1,602 Governor and Leutenant Governor. 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 100,589 92,466 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethist Commission. 14,402 1,397 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 1,397 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 1,397 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 1,397 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 <td>199,666</td>	199,666
Miscellaneous - 105,803 Total revenues 10,848,100 11,460,451 Other financing sources: - 196,996 Stabilization transfer - 90,000 Total other financing sources. - 90,000 Total other financing sources. 298,800 379,001 Stabilization transfer - 90,000 Total other financing sources. 298,800 12,126,448 Expenditures: - 90,000 Legislature 70,895 48,968 Judiciary. 42,086 40,863 Inspector General 100,289 92,466 Governor and Lieutenant Governor. 56,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth 100,389 92,466 Autiors of the Commonwealth 12,074 12,071 Attorney Contral, and Political Finance 333 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 59,486 51,293	4,355
Total revenues 10,848,100 11,460,451 Other financing sources: 196,996 379,001 Stabilization transfer. 90,000 Transfer for tax reduction. 90,000 Total revenues and other financing sources. 298,800 Expenditures: 90,000 Legislature 11,146,900 Legislature: 70,895 Mage: Construct Construction 42,086 Secretary of the Commonwealth 10,521 Inspector General 10,521 Convertion and Lieutenant Governot 6,364 Secretary of the Commonwealth 12,074 Auditor of the Commonwealth 12,074 Office of Campaign and Political Finance 335 Disbled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Deary of Library Commissioners 1,612 6,104 Diversion and finance 335 334 Disbled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Deary of Library Commissioners 356,430 3,467,775 Haith and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775	(176,476)
Other financing sources: 196,996 Pringe benefit cost recovery. 196,996 Operating transfers in 298,800 Transfer for tax reduction. 90,000 Total other financing sources. 298,800 Ital other financing sources. 298,800 Legislature: 90,000 Total revenues and other financing sources. 11,146,900 Legislature: 42,086 Legislature: 42,086 Judiciary. 42,086 Governor and Lieutenant Governor. 6,564 Scettary of the Commonwealth. 10,521 Itos Commonwealth. 100,589 Attorney General. 22,179 District Attorney. 335 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,837 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,837 Health and human services. 3568,509 Statter of targe at the set set set set set set set set set se	105,803
Fringe benefit cost recovery. - 196,996 Operating transfers in. 298,800 379,001 Stabilization transfer. - 90,000 Transfer for tax reduction. - 90,000 Total other financing sources. 298,800 12,126,448 Expenditures: 70,895 48,968 Legislature. 42,086 40,863 Inspector General. 1,612 1,602 Governor and Licutenant Governor. 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 100,589 92,466 Autore of General. 100,589 92,466 Autore of the Commonwealth. 12,174 12,071 Attorney General. 335 334 District Attorney. 431 335 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 District Attorney. 481 581 District Attorney. 422 6,104 Administration and finance. 59,486 51,293 Edvaction.<	612,351
Operating transfers in	196,996
Stabilization transfer - 90,000 Transfer for tax reduction. - 90,000 Total other financing sources. 298,800 665,997 Total revenues and other financing sources. 11,146,900 12,126,448 Expenditures: 70,895 48,968 Legislature 70,895 48,968 Judiciary 42,086 40,863 Inspector General. 16,12 1,602 Governor and Lieutenant Governor. 6,364 5,263 Scretary of the Commonwealth 10,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 1,837 1,837 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,837 1,837 Comproller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and construction. 459,426 31,293 Health and human services. 356,486 32,2	80,201
Total other financing sources 298,800 665,997 Total revenues and other financing sources 11,146,900 12,126,448 Expenditures: 70,895 48,968 Legislature 70,895 48,968 Judiciary 42,086 40,863 Inspector General 6,364 5,263 Governor and Lieutenant Governor 6,364 5,263 Sceretary of the Commonwealth 10,921 10,127 Tressurer and Receiver-General 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth 12,074 12,071 Attorney General 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance 333 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Campaign and Political Finance 30,213 749,390 Environmental affairs 354,865 51,293 Hethand human services 33,213	· -
Total revenues and other financing sources 11,146,900 12,126,448 Expenditures: 2e,islature 70,895 48,968 Judiciary. 42,086 40,863 Inspector General. 1,612 1,602 Governor and Lieutenant Governor 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 10,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 3568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 13	90,000
Expenditures: 70,895 48,968 Judiciary. 42,086 40,863 Inspector General. 1,612 1,602 Governor and Lieutenant Governor. 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission. 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners. 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 373,022 364,913	367,197
Legislature	979,548
Judiciary 42,086 40,863 Inspector General 1,612 1,602 Governor and Licutenant Governor 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 10,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Consumer affairs 130,987 130,491	21.027
Inspector General. 1,612 1,602 Governor and Licutenant Governor. 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 100,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners. 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,223 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 314,444	21,927 1,223
Governor and Lieutenant Governor. 6,364 5,263 Secretary of the Commonwealth. 10,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disable Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 79,253 795,406 Public safety. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 31,444 30,491 <td>1,223</td>	1,223
Secretary of the Commonwealth. 10,921 10,127 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners. 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 310,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 3,748 339 <	1,101
Treasurer and Receiver-General. 100,589 92,466 Auditor of the Commonwealth. 12,074 12,071 Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission. 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners. 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 34,082 30,238 Medicaid. 3,748 839 D	794
Attorney General. 22,179 21,891 Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners. 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety. 373,022 364,913 Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 3,445,736 3,383,531 Direct local aid. 3,748 839 Debt service: 374,895 330,495 Principal retirement.<	8,123
Ethics Commission 581 581 District Attorney 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs 59,486 51,293 Health and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 3,748 839 Debt service: 374,885 330,495 Principal retirement 334,895 330,495 Interest and fiscal charges	3
District Attorney. 432 378 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners. 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 799,253 795,406 Public safety. 373,022 364,913 Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affais. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 34,402 30,238 Medicaid. 3,748 839 Dets service: 749,973 265,639 Principal retirement. 334,895 330,495 Interest and fiscal	288
Office of Campaign and Political Finance. 335 334 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller. 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance. 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 799,253 795,406 Public safety. 373,022 364,913 Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 3445,736 3,383,531 Pension 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid. 31,485 330,495 Direct local aid. 334,895 330,495 Direct local aid. 279,973 265,639 Total	-
Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,402 1,397 Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs 59,486 51,293 Health and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,218 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 34,462 30,238 Medicaid 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid 3,748 839 Debt service: 719,973 265,639 Total expenditures 11,129,573 10,822,657	54
Board of Library Commissioners 1,837 1,837 Comptroller 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs 59,486 51,293 Health and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 31,444 30,199 Labor 34,082 30,238 Medicaid 3,445,736 3,383,531 Direct local aid 3,748 839 Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement 334,895 330,495 Interest and fiscal charges 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures 11,129,573 10,822,657	1
Comptroller 6,122 6,104 Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs 59,486 51,293 Health and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 31,444 30,199 Labor 34,452 3,238 Medicaid 3,748 839 Direct local aid 3748 839 Direct local aid 3748 839 Total expenditures 279,973 265,639	5
Administration and finance 803,213 749,390 Environmental affairs 59,486 51,293 Health and human services 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 31,444 30,199 Labor 34,082 30,238 Medicaid 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid 3,748 839 Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures 11,129,573 10,822,657	-
Environmental affairs. 59,486 51,293 Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 799,253 795,406 Public safety. 373,022 364,913 Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 34,082 30,238 Medicaid. 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension. 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid. 3,748 839 Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement. 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures. 11,129,573 10,822,657	18
Health and human services. 3,568,509 3,467,775 Transportation and construction. 499,253 498,916 Education. 12,386 12,215 Higher education. 799,253 795,406 Public safety. 373,022 364,913 Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 34,082 30,238 Medicaid. 3,445,736 3,383,531 Direct local aid. 3,748 839 Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement. 334,895 330,495 Interest and fiscal charges. 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures. 11,129,573 10,822,657	53,823
Transportation and construction 499,253 498,916 Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 31,444 30,199 Labor 34,082 30,238 Medicaid 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid 3,748 839 Debt service: 7 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement 334,895 330,495 11,129,573 Total expenditures 11,129,573 10,822,657	8,193
Education 12,386 12,215 Higher education 799,253 795,406 Public safety 373,022 364,913 Economic development 114,572 108,927 Eider affairs 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs 31,444 30,199 Labor 34,082 30,238 Medicaid 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid 3,748 839 Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement 334,895 330,495 Interest and fiscal charges 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures 11,129,573 10,822,657	100,734
Higher education	171
Public safety	3,847
Economic development. 114,572 108,927 Elder affairs. 130,987 130,491 Consumer affairs. 31,444 30,199 Labor. 34,082 30,238 Medicaid. 3,445,736 3,383,531 Pension. 361,585 358,508 Direct local aid. 3,748 839 Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement. 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures. 11,129,573 10,822,657	8,109
Elder affairs	5,645
Consumer affairs	496
Labor	1.245
Medicaid	3,844
Direct local aid	62,205
Debt service: 334,895 330,495 Principal retirement	3,077
Principal retirement	2,909
Interest and fiscal charges 279,973 265,639 Total expenditures 11,129,573 10,822,657	
Total expenditures	4,400
	14,334
	306,916
Other financing uses: Fringe benefit cost assessment	
Operating transfers out	(89,503)
Stabilization transfer	(80,552)
Transfer for tax reduction	
Total other financing uses	(170,055)
Total expenditures and other financing uses 11,647,439 11,510,578	136,861
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources	
over expenditures and other financing uses	1,116,409
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year 565,489 565,489	<u> </u>
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	1,116,409

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

Bud	geted Special Revenue	Funds	· .	Totals (Memorandum Only)	
	<u>8</u>	Variance		(Variance
	A / 1	Favorable	D.1.4	A	Favorable
Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable
5,120,100	\$ 5,317,598	\$ 197,498	\$ 12,188,000	\$ 12,864,501	\$ 676,50
7,300	26,404 47,737	26,404 40,437	2,974,900	226,070 3,019,692	226,07 44,79
458,500	471,612	13,112	1,271,100	1,107,736	(163,30
-	63,420	63,420	· <u> </u>	169,223	169,22
5,585,900	5,926,771	340,871	16,434,000	17,387,222	953,22
	671	671		197,667	197,60
631,300	875,223	243,923 234,253	930,100	1,254,224 234,253	324,12
-	234,253 60,000	60,000	•	150,000	234,2 150,0
631,300	1,170,147	538,847	930,100	1,836,144	906,04
6,217,200	7,096,918	879,718	17,364,100	19,223,366	1,859,20
				·····	
206 205	385,191	-	70,895	48,968	21,92
396,205	383,191	11,014	438,291 1,612	426,054 1,602	12,2
-	-	-	6,364	5,263	1,1
6,245	6,231	14	17,166	16,358	. 8
4,881 696	4,124 695	757	105,470 12,770	96,590 12,766	8,8
1,646	1,640	6	23,825	23,531	2
612	612	-	1,193	1,193	
60,527 336	59,957 336	570	60,959 671	60,335 670	6
32	32	12	1,434	1,429	
2,037.	2,025	12 - 15	3,874	3,862	
641 350,095	626 243,247	106,848	6,763 - 1,153,308	6,730 992,637	160,6
137,787	127,284	10,503	197,273	178,577	18,6
126,133	109,493	16,640 2,762	3,694,642 797,186	3,577,268 794,087	117,3
297,933 172,322	295,171 167,325	4,997	184,708	179,540	5,1
13,633	11,064	2,569	812,886	806,470	6,4
474,612	463,082	11,530	847,634 172,180	827,995	19,6
57,608 10,843	54,963 10,343	2,645 500	141,830	163,890 140,834	. 8,2
5,859	5,168	691	37,303	35,367	. 1,9
8,451 72,000	7,975	476	42,533	38,213	4,3
713,975	72,000 710,676	3,299	3,517,736 1,075,560	3,455,531 1,069,184	62,2 6,3
3,563,148	3,557,300	5,848	3,566,896	3,558,139	8,7
443,000 262,622	419,964 259,441	23,036 3,181	777,895 542,595	750,459 525,080	27,4
7,183,879	6,975,965	207,914	18,313,452	17,798,622	514,8
-	63,017	(63,017)	- -	63,017	(63,0
249,067	249,067	-	666,933	756,436	(89,5)
150,000	53,701 150,000	(53,701)	100,000 150,000	234,253 150,000	(134,2
399,067	515,785	(116,718)	916,933	1,203,706	(286,7
7,582,946	7,491,750	91,196	19,230,385	19,002,328	228,0
(1,365,746)	(394,832)	970,914	(1,866,285)	221,038	2,087,32
607,519	607,519	•	1,173,008	1,173,008	
(758,227)	\$ 212,687	\$ 970,914	\$ (693,277)	\$ 1,394,046	\$ 2,087,32

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Internal Service Funds, Nonexpendable Trust Funds And Discretely Presented Component Units Combined Statement Of Revenues, Expenses, Changes In Fund Equity And Contributed Capital

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	Primary Government				
	Proprietary Fund Types	Fiduciary Fund Types	-	otals ndum Only)	
	Internal Service Funds	Nonexpendable Trust Funds	1997	1996	Component Units
Operating revenues: Charges for services	s -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ 460,843
Donations	- -	Ψ -	φ -	÷	542
Premiums	697,413	-	697,413	702,461	23,138
Total operating revenues	697,413	-	697,413	702,461	484,523
Operating expenses: Claims and judgments expense	694,179		694,179	633,797	-
Cost of services and administration	•	-	•	2	959,864
Depreciation		•			234,551
Total operating expenses	694,179	<u> </u>	694,179	633,799	1,194,415
Operating income (loss)	3,234	-	3,234	68,662	(709,892)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Operating grants Interest income	7,508	-	7,508	3,675	63,955 75,965 (215,382)
Interest expense Other income Other expenses	-	-	-	-	(213,382) 7,763 (24,838)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	7,508	· · · ·	7,508	3,675	(92,537)
Income (loss) before operating transfers	10,742		10,742	72,337	(802,429)
Transfers in: Transfers in from primary government, net.			-		739,994
Total transfers	-	-	· -	-	739,994
Net income (loss)	10,742		10,742	72,337	(62,435)
Add: Depreciation of fixed assets acquired from contributed capital			· .	_	124,178
Increase (decrease) in retained earnings/fund balances	10,742		10,742	72,337	61,743
Retained earnings/fund balances at beginning of year	(151,080)	5,835	(145,245)	(217,582)	301,641
Retained earnings/fund balances at end of year	······································	\$ 5,835	\$ (134,503)	\$ (145,245)	\$ 363,384
Contributed capital at beginning of year			•		\$ 3,505,199
Add: Capital contributions	Δ.				455,550
Less: Depreciation of fixed assets acquired from contributed capital			•	-	(124,178)
Contributed capital at end of year					\$ 3,836,571

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

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Internal Service Funds, Nonexpendable Trust Funds And Discretely Presented Component Units Combined Statement Of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

				mary rnment					
	Proprietary Fund Type Internal	Fu	Fiduciary Fund Type (Me Vonexpendable		(Memo	Totals randum	Only)	6.	
	Service Fund		ust Funds	1	997		1996		mponent Units
Cash flows from operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,234	\$		\$	3,234	.\$	68,662	\$	(709,892)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net									
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Depreciation and amortization			•.		-		-		234,551
Other nonoperating revenues			-		-		-		7,763
Other nonoperating expenses Change in assets and liabilities:	-		-		-		-		(24,838)
Assets held in trust.	3,702				3,702		(169)		
Due from federal government			-		3,702		(109)		- 4,547
Loans			-		-		-		4,547 (237,019
Other receivables.			-		-		-		(16,187
Due from cities and towns.			-		-				716
Due from primary government			-		-				(40,176
Due from other funds)	· ·		(2,145)		(4,888)		(10,170
Inventory.		, .	-		(,- ,- <i>)</i>		-		(2,475
Restricted and other assets			•				-		7,310
Accounts payable			•		-		-		(16,654
Accrued payroll			-		-		-		(1,581
Compensated absences	. .		-		-				(2,102
Deferred revenue			-		-				2,579
Claims and judgments, net		•	-		22,991		(41,744)		595
Other accrued liabilities			-	•	,				86,871
Due to cities and towns.			-		-		-		1,175
Due to primary government			-		·		-		(94,141
Due to federal government			-				-		60
Total adjustments					24,548		(46,801)		
Vet cash provided by (used for) operating activities					27,782		21,861		(89,006) (798,898)
	21,102	- ·			27,702		21,001		(790,090
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					•				
Operating grants			-		-		-		63,955
Transfer in from primary government, net		- · <u> </u>	-		<u> </u>	·			739,994
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	· -		-		-		-		803,949
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				-					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-		-		-		-		(805,233
Proceeds from the issuance of bonds and notes.	_		-		-		-	. 1	,584,248
Interest on bonds and notes.			-		-		-		(215,382
Capital contributions			-		-		-		455,550
Principal payments on bonds and notes			-		-		-		(646,569
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent			-		-		-		(56,573
								4	(
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities									316,041
-			<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		310,041
Cash flows from investing activities:									
Purchases of investments)	-		(35,290)		(25,538)	(8	,648,582
Sales and maturities of investments			-		-		-	8	1,538,818
Interest income	7,508	_	-		7,508		3,675		75,965
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	. (27,782)	<u>) </u>	<u> </u>		(27,782)		(21,863)		(33,799
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	_		_		-		(2)		287,293
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			5,835		5,835		5,837		548,184
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			5,835	\$	5,835	\$	5,835	\$	835,477
		= 🗳		<u> </u>	5,055	<u> </u>	5,055		
Reconciliation to Combined Balance Sheet;									
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	. s -	\$	5,835	\$	5,835	\$	5,835	\$	835,477
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year,									-
Pension Trust, Expendable Trust and Agency	•		2,502,764	2,	502,764		1,768,321		-
Cash and cash equivalents per the Combined Balance Sheet	<u>s</u>		2,508,599	\$ 2	508,599	\$	1,774,156	s	835,477
contained own education ber the complited parallel precention	• • •		.,,	φ 2,		<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$	37711

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

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Pension Trust Funds

Statement Of Changes in Net Assets Available For Pension Benefits

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

(Amounts in thousands)

	1997		1996
Additions: Commonwealth contributions Employee contributions	•	\$	850,841 421,080
Total contributions	1,356,578		1,271,921
Net investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest Dividends Real estate operating income, net Alternative investments Other	368,654 158,922 54,525 27,457		1,786,940 363,645 125,716 37,929 14,943 2,915
Total investment income	3,433,555		2,332,088
Less: investment expense	60,703		43,406
Net investment income	3,372,852		2,288,682
Total additions	4,729,430		3,560,603
Deductions: Administration Retirement benefits and refunds Total deductions	1,121,952	 <u></u>	3,673 1,083,897 1,087,570
Net increase	3,603,790		2,473,033
Net assets available for pension benefits at beginning of year (fund balance reserved for employee's pension benefits)			13,483,238
Net assets available for pension benefits at end of year (fund balance reserved for employee's pension benefits)	\$ 19,560,061	\$	15,956,271

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

University And College Fund Type Combined Statement Of Changes In Fund Balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	Current	Funds	
• • • • • •	Unrestricted	Restricted	Loan Fund
Revenues and other additions: Unrestricted current funds revenues Federal appropriations Federal grants and contracts State grants and contracts Local grants and contracts	-	\$ - 6,010 189,776 3,201 2,575	\$ 381 922 74
Private gifts, grants and contracts Investment income (loss) Endowment income Net realized/unrealized gain (loss) on investments Interest on loans receivable Reimbursed loan cancellations Other income Expended for plant facilities		70,179 92 1,102 (163) 1,222	81 32 (17) 973 501 416
Retirement of indebtedness Other additions Total revenue and other additions	-	931 274,925	38
Expenditures and other deductions: Educational and general expenditures Auxiliary enterprises expenditures Indirect costs recovered Clinical services costs	-	309,172 37,304	-
Refunded to grantors and donors Loan cancellations and write-offs Administrative and collection costs Retirement of indebtedness Interest on indebtedness Expended for plant facilities	-	544	278 955
Depreciation and amortization Disposal of plant facilities Other deductions	- - -	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-
Total expenditures and other deductions	1,843,794	347,020	1,233
Mandatory transfers: Principal and interest. Renewals and replacements. Student loan fund matching. Operating transfers out. Nonmandatory transfers: Transfers of appropriation.	(611) (1,219) (75,060)	1,134 - 37,941	85
Transfers of appropriation Transfers of bond proceeds Unexpended plant funds Renewals and replacements Other nonmandatory transfers	(56,374) (20,165)	(3,186) 506	(77)
Total transfers		71,372	8
Net increase (decrease) for the year	(6,906)	(723)	2,176
Fund balances at beginning of year		44,305	51,292
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 94,963	\$ 43,582	\$ 53,468

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

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		Tota	
		(Memorand	um Only)
Endowment and Similar Funds	Plant Funds	1997	1996 (as restated)
^	• '		
\$-	\$ -	\$	\$ 1,302,481 7,578
· · · · ·	454	191,152	215,219
- · · ·	39,212	42,487	77,498
-		2,575	6,985
12,289	182	82,731	62,423
1,059	3,879	5,062	6,107
2,962	-	4,064	183
10,886	-	10,706	3,311
•	•	973 501	993 259
837	639	3,114	1,657
-	125,574	125,574	112,631
-	18,509	18,509	14,814
	9,367	10,336	4,449
28,033	197,816	1,823,756	1,816,588
	-	1,569,231	1,502,979
-	-	155,503	164,274
	-	37,304	34,920
-	<u>ا</u>	428,232	396,475
-		544	408
884	1,835	3,674	1,186 4,246
-00	18,455	18,455	20,503
- · ·	22,252	22,252	16,481
-	93,055	93,055	80,019
	24,309	24,309	16,670
-	22,878	22,878	14,158
5,909	209	6,118	2,040
6,793	182,993	2,381,833	2,254,359
	36,906		
-	611		
-	-	· · ·	-
-	•	(75,060)	(81,164)
· • •	-	747,036 🛀	688,514
•	-	34,977 🗸	28,888
-	56,374	· -	-
- 814	23,351 210	•	-
814	117,452	706,953	636,238
22,054	132,275	148,876	198,467
105,473	2,060,404	2,363,343	2,164,876
\$ 127,527	\$ 2,192,679	\$ 2,512,219	\$ 2,363,343
	,,		

Totals

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University And College Fund Type

Combined Statement Of Current Funds Revenues, Expenditures, And Other Changes

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

(Amounts in thousands)

Current Fi	Restricted \$ 1,564 6,460 167,659 3,018 6,251 54,578 588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566 80,770	4 \$ 9 3 1 3 3 - - <th>58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503</th> <th>1! (as re \$</th> <th>996 estated) 546,291 6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274</th>	58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1! (as re \$	996 estated) 546,291 6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
557,381 456 267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	\$ 1,564 6,460 167,659 3,018 6,251 54,578 588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	4 \$ 9 3 1 3 3 - - <th>558,945 6,460 167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503</th> <th>(as re \$</th> <th>estated) 546,291 6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274</th>	558,945 6,460 167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	(as re \$	estated) 546,291 6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
456 267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	6,460 167,659 3,018 6,251 54,578 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	$\frac{1}{5}$	6,460 167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 176,464 139,228 155,503	\$	546,291 6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
456 267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	6,460 167,659 3,018 6,251 54,578 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	$\frac{1}{5}$	6,460 167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 176,464 139,228 155,503		6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
456 267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	6,460 167,659 3,018 6,251 54,578 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	$\frac{1}{5}$	6,460 167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 176,464 139,228 155,503		6,478 174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	167,659 3,018 6,251 54,578 588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	3 3 - <t< td=""><td>167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 176,464 139,228 155,503</td><td>1</td><td>174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274</td></t<>	167,659 3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	174,725 22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	3,018 6,251 54,578 588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	3 3 3 - - 4) 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3,474 6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	22,292 9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
267 8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	6,251 54,578 588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	L 33 	6,518 63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	9,950 48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
8,708 219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	54,578 588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	3 - - 4) 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	63,286 807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	48,275 961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
219 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	588 (554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	3 	807 11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	961 11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	(554 1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	11,233 179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	11,812 201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
179,459 473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566		179,459 473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	201,302 460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
473,938 37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566		473,938 37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	460,341 34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
37,304 29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566		37,304 28,920 22,333 1,560,336 607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
29,474 21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566		28,920 22,333 1,560,336 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1,	34,920 18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566		22,333 1,560,336 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1,	18,739 20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
21,142 319,581 567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	1,191 240,755 39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566		22,333 1,560,336 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1,	20,751 1,556,837 555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
567,891 42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	39,945 109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	5	607,836 151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503	1	555,098 132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	5 3 ³ 5 5 5	151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	5 3 ³ 5 5 5	151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
42,576 20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	109,065 38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	5 3 ³ 5 5 5	151,641 58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		132,564 49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
20,131 122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	38,446 16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	5 3 5 1 5	58,577 138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		49,431 141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
122,646 110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	16,133 7,026 4,221 13,566	3 5 1 5	138,779 118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		141,600 128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
110,977 174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	7,026 4,221 13,566	5 5	118,003 178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		128,302 208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
174,482 162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	4,221 13,566	l 5'	178,703 176,464 139,228 155,503		208,484 122,697 156,698 164,274
162,898 58,458 155,503 428,232	13,566	5	176,464 139,228 155,503		122,697 156,698 164,274
58,458 155,503 428,232			139,228 155,503		156,698 164,274
155,503 428,232	80,770) - -	155,503		164,274
428,232		-			
		-			
043 704		→ . · →	428,232	······	396,475
843,794	309,172	2 '	2,152,966	2	2,055,623
				•	· ·
(36,906)	•	-	(36,906)		(33,371
(611)		-	(611)		-
(1,219)	1,134	ļ.	(85)		(136
(75,060)		-	(75,060)		(81,164
		1			
709,095	37.941	l	747,036		688,514
-					28,888
(56 374)	,,,				(46,430
	(3.186	5)			(47,141
(1,455)					(947
-	(544	•/	(344)		(359
-	(3,134	n	(3 134)		12,016
		<u> </u>		·	519,870
517,307	n / ny4			\$	21,084
	(56,374) (20,165) (1,453)	- 34,977 (56,374) (20,165) (3,186 (1,453) 506 - (544 - (3,134	- 34,977 (56,374) - (20,165) (3,186) (1,453) 506 - (544) - (3,134) 517,307 67,694	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

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Discretely Presented Component Units Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	Massachus Bay Transporta Authorit	N tion	lassachusetts Turnpike Authority		Regional Transit uthorities	
ASSETS			•			
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 353,4	08 \$	28,209	\$	12,692	
Investments		-		•	9	
Restricted investments	20,1	83	214,397		-	
Investments of deferred compensation plan		-	15,047		93	
Assets held in trust		-	-		-	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:						
Due from federal government		-	-		6,139	
Loans		- ·	-		-	
Other receivables	. 50,0	72	4,376		7,257	
Due from cities and towns		-	-		-	
Due from primary government	234,6	539	-		58,887	
Inventory	42,8	325	1,286		261	
Fixed assets	5,753,5	608	751,872		146,619	
Other assets	110,9	07	5,028		3,033	
Total assets	\$ 6,565,5	i42 \$	1,020,215	\$	234,990	-
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities:						-
Accounts payable	\$ 34,7	'95 \$	10,236	\$	9,170	
Accrued payroll	. 25,9	947	845		153	
Compensated absences		-	5,651		620	
Due to cities and towns		-	-		145	
Due to primary government		09	-		-	
Due to federal government		-	-		32	
Deferred revenue		19	3,869		101	
Deferred compensation benefits payable		-	15,047		93	
Agency liabilities		-	-		-	, k
Claims and judgments		-	-		3,165	
Other accrued liabilities			22,999		4,514	
Capital leases	247,8		-		5,273	
Bonds, notes payable and certificates of participation	3,311,3	69	604,186		76,851	-
Total liabilities	3,824,5	22	662,833		100,117	_
Fund equity: Contributed capital	2,931,5	01	_		132,476	
Retained earnings (deficits):	2,931,5	01	220.445		132,470	
Reserved for investment programs Reserved for bond retirement		-	229,445		-	
Unreserved.		-81)	127,937		2,397	-
Total fund equity	2,741,0	20	357,382		134,873	
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 6,565,5	42 \$	1,020,215	\$	234,990	-
						-

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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lassachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust	Massachusetts Convention Center Authority	Economic Development Authorities	Total
364,349	\$ 12,988	\$ 63,831	\$ 835,477
397,103	-	22,680	419,792
	9,205	17,791	261,576
-	-	803	15,943
-	-	4,661	4,661
-	-	22,790	28,929
857,294	-	185,847	1,043,141
18,726	768	7,588	88,787
-	-	260	260
20,200	17,966	4,406	336,098
-	-	132	44,504
17	205,606	49,279	6,906,901
16	1,801	1,116	121,901
1,657,705	\$ 248,334	\$ 381,184	\$ 10,107,970
	\$ 4,354	\$ 12,402	\$ 70,957
-	\$ 4,354	\$ 12,402 520	\$ 70,937 27,465
-	-	690	6,961
	_	1,145	1,290
-	-	3,750	5,859
-	-	51	83
-	507	37,480	82,076
-	-	803	15,943
-	-	4,661	4,661
-	-	1 -	3,165
116,848	23,746	6,559	337,044
-	-	158	253,236
863,020	135,910	107,939	5,099,275
979,868	164,517	176,158	5,908,015
607,035	80,940	84,619	3,836,571
	-	56,742	286,187
-			135
-	· _	135	
70,802	2,877	63,530	77,062
70,802 677,837 1,657,705	2,877 83,817 \$ 248,334		

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Discretely Presented Component Units

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenses, Changes In Retained Earnings And Changes In Contributed Capital

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	Massach Bay Transpor Autho	/ tation	Т	Massachusetts Turnpike Authority		egional Fransit Ithorities
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services Donations		21,131	\$	157,681 -	\$	50,943
Other		-		12,012		633
Total operating revenues	22	21,131		169,693		51,576
Operating expenses:						
Cost of services and administration		37,014		146,094		113,777
Depreciation	-	78,901		28,115		16,661
Total operating expenses	76	55,915		174,209		130,438
Operating income (loss)	(54	14,784)		(4,516)		(78,862)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Operating grants Interest income		6,315		- 407		9,348
Interest expense.		51,099) ⁷²⁸	•	9,407 (4,465)		1,017 (3,665)
Other income	```	4,061		· -		418
Other expenses	(1	8,925)		(947)		(542)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	. (15	59,648)		3,995	-	6,576
Income (loss) before transfers	(70)4,432)		(521)		(72,286)
Transfers:						
Transfers in from primary government, net	61	7,367		-		55,842
Total transfers	61	7,367		-		55,842
Net income (loss)	. (8	87,065)		(521)		(16,444)
Add: Depreciation of fixed assets acquired from contributed capital	10)0,454		-		16,535
Increase (decrease) in retained earnings	1	3,389		(521)		91
Retained earnings (deficits) at beginning of year	(20)3,870)		357,903		2,306
Retained earnings (deficits) at end of year	\$ (19	90,481)	\$	357,382	\$	2,397
Contributed capital at beginning of year	\$, 2,70)1,579	\$	-	\$	123,096
Add: Capital contributions, net	. 33	30,376		-		25,915
Less: Depreciation of fixed assets acquired from contributed capital		0,454)		-		(16,535)
Contributed capital at end of year	\$ 2,93	31,501	\$	-	\$	132,476

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

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P	sachusetts Water ollution batement Trust	Co	ssachusetts nvention Center uthority	De	conomic velopment uthorities	-	Total
\$	-	\$	12,015	\$	19,073 542 10,493	\$	460,843 542
			12,015		30,108		23,138 484,523
<i></i>	8,548 <u>117</u>		16,594 7,562		87,837 3,195		959,864 234,551
	8,665		24,156		91,032		1,194,415
	(8,665)		(12,141)		(60,924)		(709,892)
	2,228 59,989 (39,681) 1,142		297 (9,370) 115 (244)		46,064 5,255 (7,102) 2,027 (4,180)		63,955 75,965 (215,382) 7,763 (24,838)
	23,678	·	(244) (9,202)		42,064		(24,838) (92,537)
	15,013		(21,343)		(18,860)		(802,429
	25,877		17,393 17,393		23,515		739,994
	40,890	·	(3,950)		4,655		(62,435)
	112		7,077				124,178
	41,002		3,127		4,655		61,743
	29,800		(250)		115,752		301,641
\$	70,802	\$	2,877	\$	120,407	\$	363,384
\$	523,121	\$	68,522	\$	88,881	\$	3,505,199
	84,026 (112)		19,495 (7,077)		(4,262)		455,550 (124,178)
\$	607,035	\$	80,940	\$	84,619	\$	3,836,571

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Discretely Presented Component Units

Combining Statement Of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	Massachusetts Bay Transportation	Massachusetts Tumpike	Regional Transit
	<u>Authority</u>	Authority	Authorities
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$ (544,784)	\$ (4,516)	\$ (78,862)
provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Other nonoperating revenues Other nonoperating expenses	4,061	28,115	16,661 418 (542)
Change in assets and liabilities: Due from federal government Loans		- -	1,831
Other receivables Due from cities and towns	(11,832)	43	748
Due from primary government Inventory Restricted and other assets Accounts payable	(2,436) 716	- 9 3,087 (5,527)	(1,468) 22 (380) (373)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Compensated absences Deferred revenue	1,233	(3,327) (2,911) (2,047) (2,538)	(373) 105 64 (235)
Claims and judgments, net Other accrued liabilities Due to cities and towns	9,072	5,709	595 1,091 30
Due to primary government Due to federal government	2,109	(100,000)	30
Total adjustments	131,912	(77,007)	18,599
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(412,872)	(81,523)	(60,263)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grants Transfers in from primary government, net		· •	9,348 55,842
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	623,682		65,190
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from the issuance of bonds and notes Interest on bonds and notes Capital contributions Principal payments on bonds and notes	(633,483) 830,918 (151,099) 330,376	(130,408) 264,770 (4,465) - (14,896)	(26,738) 79,714 (3,665) 25,915 (80,941)
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	• • •	(56,573)	-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(122,127)	58,428	(5,715)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments Sales and maturities of investments Interest income	1,351,764	(6,869,280) 6,897,396 	(9) 60 1,017
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	5,084	37,523	1,068
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	93,767	14,428	280
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	259,641	13,781	12,412
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 353,408	\$ 28,209	\$ 12,692

See notes to general purpose financial statements.

Wate	ssachusetts er Pollution batement Trust	Co	ssachusetts onvention Center outhority	Economic Development Authorities			Total
\$	(8,665)	\$	(12,141)	\$	(60,924)	\$	(709,892)
	117		7,562		3,195		234,551
	1,142		115		2,027	•	7,763
	-		(244)		(4,180)		(24,838)
	3,055				(339)		4,547
	(193,549)		-		(43,470)		(237,019)
	(5,973)		(39)		866		(16,187)
	-		-		716		716
	(19,589)		(851)		(1,762)		(40,176)
	-		· -		(70)		(2,475)
	62		21		3,804		7,310
	-		(2,695)		118		(16,654) (1,581)
	-		•		(8) (119)		(1,381) (2,102)
	-		31		11,625		2,102)
	-		51		-	· · ·	595
	68,839		4,049	•	(1,889)		86,871
	-		-		1,145		1,175
	-		-		3,750	••	(94,141)
	<u> </u>				28	· ·	60
	(145,896)		7,949	·	-(24,563)		(89,006)
_	(154,561)		(4,192)	े राज्य	(85,487)	<u></u>	(798,898)
	2,228			asi N	46,064		63,955
	25,877		17,393		23,515		739,994
	28,105		17,393		69,579	·	803,949
						· .	
	(10)		(2,237)		(12,357)		(805,233)
	376,405		-		32,441		1,584,248
	(39,681)		(9,370)		(7,102)		(215,382)
	84,026		19,495		(4,262)		455,550
	(25,385)		(19,066) -		(7,442)		(646,569) (56,573)
	395,355		(11,178)		1,278		316,041
	(363,127)		(55,740)		(13,746)		(8,648,582)
	199,069		55,317		35,212	• •	8,538,818
	59,989		297		5,255		75,965
	(104,069)		(126)		26,721		(33,799)
	164,830		1,897		12,091		287,293
	199,519		11,091		51,740		548,184
\$	364,349	\$	12,988	\$	63,831	\$	835,477

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the Commonwealth) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the recognized standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant Commonwealth accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity –

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The state government is comprised of three branches: the Executive Branch, with the Governor as the chief executive officer; the Legislative Branch, consisting of a Senate of 40 members and a House of Representatives of 160 members; and the Judicial Branch made up of the Supreme Judicial Court, the Appeals Court and the Trial Court. In addition, the Legislature has established 56 independent authorities and agencies. Below the level of state government are 14 county governments and 351 cities and towns exercising the functions of local governments. As of July, 1997 two counties were abolished and absorbed by the state government.

For financial reporting purposes, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and institutions. The Commonwealth has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable as well as other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Commonwealth are such that exclusion would cause the Commonwealth's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the primary government) and its component units. The Commonwealth has included 37 entities as component units in the reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and/or financial relationships with the Commonwealth.

Blended Component Units – Blended component units are entities which are legally separate from the Commonwealth, but are so related to the Commonwealth that they are, in substance, the same as the Commonwealth or entities providing services entirely or almost entirely to the Commonwealth. The following Component Units are blended within the Primary Government: In the Pension Trust Funds:

 The Pension Reserves Investment Trust Fund (PRIT) was created in 1984, through General Laws Chapter 661 of the Acts of 1983 as amended by the Acts of 1987. PRIT is the investment portfolio for the assets of member state and local retirement systems. PRIT is managed by the Pension Reserves Investment Management (PRIM) Board. Effective January 1, 1997, the Massachusetts State Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems Trust (MASTERS) was merged with PRIT.

The MASTERS was a combined investment fund for the State Employees' Annuity Fund and the Teachers' Annuity Fund. The MASTERS was established by the State Treasurer, as Trustee, under a Declaration of Trust dated January 1, 1989, pursuant to authority granted under MGL, Chapter 29, Section 38a. MASTERS was dissolved as of November 7, 1997 under Chapter 315 of the Acts of 1996 and its assets were transferred to PRIT.

In addition, the following entities are blended into the discretely presented university and college and fund type:

- (2) The Massachusetts State College Building Authority provides dormitories, dining commons and other facilities primarily for use by students and staff of certain state colleges of the Commonwealth. The building authority is governed by a board comprised of members appointed by the Governor.
- (3) The University of Massachusetts Building Authority provides dormitories, dining commons and other buildings and structures for the use of the University of Massachusetts and its students and staff; it isgoverned by a nine member board appointed by the Governor.
- (4) The University of Massachusetts Medical School Teaching Hospital Trust Fund accumulates the results from operations of the Teaching Hospital. The Board of Trustees of the University of Massachusetts is the governing body of the Teaching Hospital.
- (5) The University of Massachusetts Medical School Group Practice Plan is a trust fund that receives and distributes revenue from medical services to its members. Each member of the clinical faculty of the Medical School is required to be a member of the Group Practice Plan.

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

- (6) The University of Massachusetts Medical Center Self-Insurance Trust provides professional liability, hospital premises liability and physicians' and surgeons' liability coverage for the Medical Center, the Teaching Hospital and the Group Practice Plan. The Self-Insurance Trust is governed by a 24 member board of which 23 are appointed by the Governor.
- (7) The Worcester City Campus Corporation, doing business as UMASS Health System, is a not-forprofit organization for the purpose of supporting the Clinical System of the University of Massachusetts Medical Center by organizing, operating and supporting a health system network. The University of Massachusetts acting through its Board of Trustees is the sole corporate member of the UMASS Health System which is governed by a nine member board of directors.
- (8) The University of Massachusetts Foundation, Inc. fosters and promotes the growth, progress and general welfare of the University of Massachusetts. It is governed by a twenty-seven member board of directors nominated by the President of the University of Massachusetts and approved by the board. The President, the five campus Chancellors and the Treasurer of the University are ex-officio members.
- (9) The University of Massachusetts Dartmouth Foundation, Inc. incorporated as a charitable corporation, under Massachusetts General Laws, whose primary purpose is to render financial assistance to educational programs of the University. It is governed by a twenty-five member board nominated and appointed by the board.

Discrete Component Units – Discrete component units are entities which are legally separate from the Commonwealth, but are financially accountable to the Commonwealth, or whose relationships with the Commonwealth are such that exclusion would cause the Commonwealth's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Component Units column of the combined financial statements include the financial data of the following entities:

 The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority (MBTA) operates mass transit facilities within the Greater Boston metropolitan area, which consists of 78 cities and towns. The MBTA is overseen by a seven member board of directors of which six are appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth guarantees the debt of the MBTA and funds deficiencies in the net cost of service.

- (2) The Massachusetts Turnpike Authority (MTA) operates the Massachusetts Turnpike and the Sumner Callahan Williams Tunnels. The MTA is governed by three members each appointed by the Governor. Beginning in fiscal year 1996, the Commonwealth guarantees debt of the MTA. The MTA became a component unit for the first time in fiscal 1996. The MTA is legally required to use the calendar year for their fiscal reporting cycle.
- (3) The Regional Transit Authorities (RTAs) provide transportation to areas not serviced by the MBTA. The RTAs are fiscally dependent on the Commonwealth as evidenced from the need for approval by the Secretary of the Executive Office of Transportation and Construction before an RTA can issue bonded debt. In addition, the Commonwealth subsidizes a minimum of 50% of the net cost of service for the RTAs. There are 15 RTAs as follows:
 - Berkshire Regional Transit Authority
 - Brockton Area Transit Authority
 - Cape Ann Transportation Authority
 - Cape Cod Regional Transit Authority
 - Franklin Regional Transit Authority
 - Greater Attleboro/Taunton Regional Authority
 - Greenfield-Montague Transportation Area
 - Lowell Regional Transit Authority
 - Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority
 - Merrimack Valley Regional Transit Authority
 - Montachusett Regional Transit Authority
 - Nantucket Regional Transit Authority
 - Pioneer Valley Transit Authority
 - Southeastern Regional Transit Authority
 - Worcester Regional Transit Authority
- (4) The Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust (MWPAT) provides a combination of federal and Commonwealth funds for water pollution abatement projects. MWPAT is governed by a three member board of directors that includes the State Treasurer, Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Protection and the Secretary of the Executive Office for Administration and Finance.
- (5) The Massachusetts Convention Center Authority (MCCA) manages the operation of the John B. Hynes Veterans Memorial Convention Center and the Boston Common Parking Garage. The MCCA is

governed by a seven member board of directors which includes the State Treasurer and four appointments made by the Governor. The Commonwealth provides grants to fund annual debt service of the bonds issued and subsidies to fund annual operating deficits.

Economic Development -

- (6) The Massachusetts Community Development Finance Corporation (MCDFC) provides community development in economically depressed areas in Massachusetts. The MCDFC is governed by a board of directors comprised of nine members including the Secretary of Economic Development, Secretary of Communities and Development, the Secretary for Administration and Finance and six appointments made by the Governor.
- (7) Corporation for Business, Work and Learning (CBWL) provides services that promote business modernization, economic growth and opportunities for gainful and fulfilling employment. MCBWL is governed by a nineteen member board of Directors which includes the Director of Economic Development and the Director of the Department of Labor and Workforce development. The entity is funded with Commonwealth grants. CBWL was formed effective July 1, 1996, through a merger between Bay State Skills Corporation (BSSC) and Industrial Services Program (ISP). Both BSCC and ISP were component units of the Commonwealth in fiscal year 1996.
- (8) The Massachusetts International Trade Council, Inc. (MITC) stimulates export development through export assistance programs and promotion of foreign investment in Massachusetts industries. The entity is funded with Commonwealth grants. The governor appoints the two member board.
- (9) The Government Land Bank (GLB) aids public and private agencies in the conversion and redevelopment of surplus Commonwealth and federal property, and blighted, decadent or substandard property for the purpose of stimulating economic development and provide housing to low and moderate income The GLB is governed by a board of persons. directors comprised of ten members including the Commissioner of Administration, the Secretary of Communities and Development and eight appointments made by the Governor. The GLB has access to \$50 million of general obligation bonds and the Commonwealth also provides subsidy assistance.

The GLB also requires Commonwealth approval to issue bonded debt.

- (10) The Massachusetts Technology Park Corporation (MTPC) manages Massachusetts educational centers that foster economic development within the Commonwealth by providing Massachusetts colleges and universities with access to equipment, machinery and instructional assistance necessary to offer programs in certain emerging areas of science and MTPC is governed by a board of technology. directors comprised of twenty-three members including the Secretary of Economic Affairs, the Secretary for Administration and Finance, the Chancellor of the Board of Regents and twenty appointments made by the Governor, The Commonwealth provides grants to fund operations.
- (11) The Community Economic Development Assistance Corporation (CEDAC) provides development assistance to nonprofit corporations to expand the supply of affordable housing and to foster the revitalization of economically distressed areas. The Governor appoints the nine member board of directors.
- (12) The Massachusetts Corporation for Education Telecommunications (MCET) operates a statewide telecommunication network for the Commonwealth public and private sector to improve the quality of education. MCET is governed by a board of directors comprised of eighteen members of which twelve are appointed by the Governor. The Corporation receives grants from the Commonwealth to fund its programs.
- (13) The Massachusetts Housing Partnership (MHP) addresses local needs for affordable housing and neighborhood development through group effort of the public and private sectors and state and local government. The entity is governed by a seven member board of directors of which two members are appointed by the Governor, and one member is the Secretary for Administration and Finance and one is the Secretary of Communities and Development. The Commonwealth provides funding to MHP.
- (14) The Commonwealth Zoological Corporation manages Franklin Park Zoo and the Walter D. Stone Memorial Zoo. The Corporation's eleven member board is appointed by the Governor. The Commonwealth subsidizes a substantial portion of the operations of the zoos. Effective June 3, 1997, the Corporation began doing business as Zoo New England.

Availability of Financial Information for Component Units and Individual Institutions of Higher Education -

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained directly from their respective administrative offices.

Discretely presented component units condensed financial statements are included in the component unit column of the general purpose financial statements.

The following discretely presented component unit was audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP:

Massachusetts Water Pollution Abatement Trust Office of the State Treasurer One Ashburton Place, 12th Floor Boston, MA 02108

The following discretely presented component units were audited by auditors other than Deloitte & Touche LLP:

Berkshire Regional Transit Authority 67 Downing Parkway Pittsfield, MA 01201

Brockton Area Transit Authority 70 School Street Brockton, MA 02401

Cape Ann Transportation Authority P. O. Box 511 Gloucester, MA 01931

Cape Cod Regional Transit Authority 585 Main Street, P. O. Box 2006 Dennis, MA 02638

Community Economic Development Assistance Corporation 19 Temple Street Boston, MA 02111

Commonwealth Zoological Corporation 1 Franklin Park Boston, MA 02121

Corporation for Business, Work and Learning The Schrafft Center 529 Main Street Boston, MA 02129

Franklin Regional Transit Authority 474 Main Street Greenfield, MA 01301 Government Land Bank One Court Street, Suite 200 Boston, MA 02108

Greater Attleboro/Taunton Regional Authority 7 Mill Street Attleboro, MA 02703 Greenfield-Montague Transportation Area 382 Deerfield Street Greenfield, MA 01301

Lowell Regional Transit Authority 145 Thorndike Street Lowell, MA 01852

Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority P. O. Box 158 Edgartown, MA 02539

Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority Ten Park Plaza Boston, MA 02116

Massachusetts Community Development Finance Corporation 10 Post Office Square, Suite 1090 Boston, MA 02109

Massachusetts Convention Center Authority 900 Boylston Street Boston, MA 02115

Massachusetts Corporation for Educational Telecommunications 1 Kendall Square, Building 1500 Cambridge, MA 02139

Massachusetts Housing Partnership 2 Oliver Street Boston, MA 02109

Massachusetts International Trade Council, Inc, 100 Cambridge Street, Room 1302 Boston, MA 02202

Massachusetts Technology Park Corporation 75 North Drive Westborough, MA 01581

Massachusetts Turnpike Authority Ten Park Plaza, Suite 5170 Boston, MA 02116

Merrimack Valley Regional Transit Authority 85 Railroad Avenue Bradford, MA 01835

Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

Montachusett Regional Transit Authority Rear 1427 Water Street Fitchburg, MA 01420

Nantucket Regional Transit Authority 16 Board Street Nantucket, MA 02554

Pioneer Valley Transit Authority 2808 Main Street Springfield, MA 01107

Southeastern Regional Transit Authority 25 North Sixth Avenue New Bedford, MA 02740

Worcester Regional Transit Authority 287 Grove Street Worcester, MA 01605

The following blended component units have been audited by firms other than Deloitte & Touche LLP:

Included in the University and College Fund Type:

Massachusetts State College Building Authority 75 Park Plaza, P.O. Box 5 Boston, MA 02116

University of Massachusetts Medical School Group Practice Plan 100 Venture Way, 2nd Floor Hadley, MA 01035

University of Massachusetts Building Authority 100 Venture Way, 2nd Floor Hadley, MA 01035

University of Massachusetts Medical School Teaching Hospital Trust Fund 100 Venture Way, 2nd Floor Hadley, MA 01035

University of Massachusetts Medical Center Self Insurance Trust 100 Venture Way, 2nd Floor Hadley, MA 01035

University of Massachusetts Dartmouth Foundation Inc. Old Westport Road No. Dartmouth, MA 02747

University of Massachusetts Foundation, Inc. One Beacon Street, 26th Floor Boston, MA 02108 UMASS Health System 26 Queen Street Worcester, MA 01610

The following investment vehicles of the Pension Trust Funds were audited by firms other than Deloitte & Touche LLP:

Pension Reserve Investment Trust Fund 125 Summer Street, 10th Floor Boston, MA 02110

MASTERS 125 Summer Street, 10th Floor Boston, MA 02110

Higher Education - The following institutions of higher education were audited by firms other than Deloitte & Touche LLP:

Bridgewater State College Boyden Hall Bridgewater, MA 02324

Fitchburg State College 160 Pearl Street Fitchburg, MA 01420

Framingham State College 100 State Street Framingham, MA 01701

Holyoke Community College 303 Homestead Avenue Holyoke, MA 01040

Massachusetts Bay Community College 50 Oakland Street Wellesley, MA 02181

Massachusetts College of Art 621 Huntington Avenue Boston, MA 02115

Massasoit Community College One Massasoit Boulevard Brockton, MA 02402

Middlesex Community College 33 Kearney Square Lowell, MA 01852

Mount Wachusett Community College 444 Green Street Gardner, MA 01440

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Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

Northern Essex Community College 100 Elliot Street Haverhill, MA 01830

Springfield Technical Community College One Armory Square, P. O. Box 9000 Springfield, MA 01101

University of Massachusetts 100 Venture Way, 2nd Floor Hadley, MA⁺ 01035

Westfield State College 577 Western Avenue Westfield, MA 01086

Worcester State College 486 Chandler Street Worcester, MA 01035

The following institutions of higher education did not have separate audits performed on their individual financial statements:

Berkshire Community College Bristol Community College Bunker Hill Community College Cape Cod Community College Greenfield Community College Massachusetts Maritime Academy North Adams State College North Shore Community College Quinsigamond Community College Roxbury Community College Salem State College

The following are "related organizations" under GASB 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity": Massachusetts Port Authority, Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency, Massachusetts Health and Educational Facilities Authority, Massachusetts Technology Development Corporation and Massachusetts Industrial Finance Agency. The Commonwealth is responsible for appointing a voting majority of the members of each entity's board, but the Commonwealth's accountability does not extend beyond the appointments.

b. Fund Accounting -

The Commonwealth reports its financial position and results of operations in funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Transactions between funds within a fund type, if any, have not been eliminated.

Account groups are accounting entities used to provide accountability for the Commonwealth's general fixed assets and general long-term obligations. They are not considered funds because they do not report expendable available financial resources and related liabilities.

The Commonwealth has established the following fund categories (further divided by fund types), and account groups:

Governmental Funds – account for the general governmental activities of the Commonwealth.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Commonwealth. It is used to account for all governmental transactions, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds account for specific revenue sources, other than expendable trusts or major capital financing, that have been segregated according to state finance law to support specific governmental activities.

Capital Projects Funds account for financial resources used to acquire or construct major capital assets and to finance local capital projects. These resources are derived primarily from proceeds of general and specific obligation bonds and federal reimbursements.

Proprietary Funds – includes internal service funds which account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies, or to other governmental units.

Fiduciary Funds – account for assets held by the Commonwealth in a trustee capacity, or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Expendable Trust Funds account for trusts whose principal and income may be expended for their designated purpose.

Nonexpendable Trust Funds account for trusts whose principal cannot be spent.

Pension Trust Funds account for net assets held in trust for the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Agency Funds account for assets the Commonwealth holds on behalf of others. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of operations.

University and College Funds – account for the activities specific to the operation of the Commonwealth's public institutions of higher education, including its medical school.

Current Funds are comprised of unrestricted funds which may be used at the discretion of the individual institution's governing bodies and restricted funds which must be utilized for specific purposes established by others.

Loan Funds account for resources available to make loans to students, faculty and staff.

Endowment and Similar Funds are comparable to trust funds, and they must be administered according to the terms of specific agreements.

Plant Funds account for resources that have been or will be invested to acquire or repair fixed assets or for the related debt service.

Account Groups – establish control and accountability over the Commonwealth's general fixed assets and general long-term obligations.

The General Fixed Assets Account Group accounts for general fixed assets of the Commonwealth, excluding the fixed assets of the Proprietary Funds, University and College Fund and the discretely presented Component Units.

The General Long-term Obligations Account Group accounts for long-term bonds and notes issued by the Commonwealth, capital leases, compensated absences, and other long-term obligations, excluding the liabilities of the University and College Fund, the discretely presented Component Units and the Proprietary Service Funds.

Component Units – account for the activity of the entities that are separate from the primary government but are financially accountable to the Commonwealth. The Component Units are discretely presented in the general purpose financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting -

Governmental and Expendable Trust Funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Available" means expected to be collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include income, sales and use, corporation and other taxes, federal grants, federal reimbursements and other reimbursements for use of materials and services. Revenues from other financing sources are recognized when received. Expenditures are recorded in the period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term obligations are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

Proprietary Funds, Nonexpendable Trust and Pension Trust Funds and discretely presented Component Units are reported using a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. This measurement focus emphasizes the determination of net income. For all proprietary funds and component units that use proprietary fund accounting, the Commonwealth applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or prior to November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Agency Fund assets and liabilities are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting. They are custodial in nature and do not measure results of operations or have a measurement focus.

University and College Fund activities are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, except that depreciation is recorded only for those plant fund assets related to the hospital, group practice plan, and foundations.

Statutory (Budgetary) Accounting – The Commonwealth's books and records and other official reports are maintained on the basis of accounting used in the preparation of the Commonwealth's legally adopted annual budget (statutory basis). The statutory basis emphasizes accountability and the budgetary control of appropriations, but is not intended to present the Commonwealth's financial condition and results of operations in conformity with GAAP.

Under the statutory basis, revenues are generally recognized when the cash deposit is received. However, revenues receivable for federal grants and reimbursements are recognized when related expenditures are incurred. Amounts due from certain political subdivisions of the Commonwealth are recognized when considered measurable and available at year end. Deeds excise taxes are recognized at the time of collection by the counties.

Statutory expenditures generally are recorded when the related cash disbursement occurs. At year end, payroll is accrued and payables are recognized, to the extent of approved encumbrances, for goods or services received by June 30. Costs incurred under the federally-sponsored Medicaid program, amounts required to settle claims and judgments against the Commonwealth, and certain other liabilities are not recognized until they are encumbrances that do not relate to specific payables lapse at year end.

d. Cash and Short-Term Investments and Investments -

The Commonwealth follows the practice of pooling cash and cash equivalents for some of its Governmental and Fiduciary Funds. Cash equivalents consist of short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less and are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Interest earned on pooled cash is allocated to the General Fund, Expendable Trust Funds and to certain Special Revenue Funds when so directed by law.

The Pension Trust Funds, with investments totaling \$18,969,346,000, at fair value, are permitted to make investments in equity securities, fixed income securities, real estate and other alternative investments. For investments traded in an active market, the fair value of the investment will be its market price. The Pension Trust Funds include investments in real estate, venture capital funds, real estate funds, limited partnerships, futures pools, international hedge pools, commodities pools, balanced pools, leveraged buyouts, private placements and other alternative investments. The structure, risk profile, return potential and marketability differ from traditional equity and fixed income investments. Concentrations of credit risk exist if a number of companies in which the Fund has invested, are engaged in similar activities have similar economic and characteristics that could cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. To mitigate the exposure to concentrations of risk, the Pension Trust Funds invest in a variety of industries located in diverse geographic areas. As of June 30, 1997, the estimated fair values, determined by management with input from the investment managers, of these real estate and alternative investments were \$1,540,599,000 in the Pension Trust Funds, representing 5.4%, of the total assets of the Fiduciary Fund Type.

Included in the discretely presented Component Units is \$10,150,000 in investments, whose valuation was determined by management. In making its valuations, management considered the cost of investments, current and past operating results, current economic conditions and their effect on the borrowers, estimated realizable values of collateral, and other factors pertinent to the valuation of investments. There is no public market for most of the investments. Management, in making its evaluation, has in many instances relied on financial data and on estimates by management of the companies they have invested in as to the effect of future developments.

Investments of the University of Massachusetts (UMass) are stated at fair value (except for debt instruments to be held to maturity which are carried at amortized cost).

Annuity contracts represent guaranteed investment contracts and are carried at present value.

Investments of the Commonwealth's Deferred Compensation Plan are carried at fair value.

e. Securities Lending Program –

The Pension Trust Funds participate in securities lending programs. Under these programs, the Trusts receive a fee for allowing brokerage firms to borrow certain securities for a predetermined period of time, securing such loans with cash or collateral typically equaling 102% to 105% of the market value of the security borrowed. At June 30, 1997, the market value of the securities on loan from PRIT was approximately \$1,026,000,000. The value of the collateral held by PRIT amounted to \$1,057,000,000 at June 30, 1997. The PRIT trust securities on loan were collateralized at all times by U.S. Treasury securities of at least 100% of the value of the loaned securities. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by PRIT unless the borrower defaults. The securities on loan are included in investments at fair value as of June 30, 1997 in the combined balance sheet.

f. Receivables –

Receivables are stated net of estimated allowances for uncollectible accounts. Reimbursements due to the Commonwealth for its expenditures on federally-funded reimbursement and grant programs are reported as "Due from federal government." The receivables in the University and College Fund and Component Units column are amounts that have arisen in the normal course of operations.

g. Due From Cities and Towns -

Represents reimbursement due to the Commonwealth for its expenditures on certain programs for the benefit of cities and towns.

h. Inventories and Other Assets -

Inventories included in the Governmental Fund Types represent food stamps on hand and are stated at face value.

The costs of materials and supplies are recorded as expenditures in Governmental Funds when purchased. Such inventories are not material in total to the financial statements and therefore are not recorded.

Inventories included within the University and College Fund Type and the Component Unit column are stated at the lower of cost (using the first-in, first-out method), or market (on the purchase or consumption method).

i. Fixed Assets -

For Governmental Funds, general fixed asset acquisitions are recorded as expenditures in the acquiring fund and capitalized in the General Fixed Assets Account Group in the year purchased. General fixed assets are recorded at historical cost, or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of the donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized.

The Commonwealth capitalizes all land. It capitalizes buildings, equipment, and computer software, with costs in excess of \$15,000 at the date of acquisition and with expected useful lives of greater than one year. Interest incurred during construction is not material and it is not capitalized. Public domain general fixed assets and infrastructure (roads, bridges, tunnels, dams, water and sewer systems, etc.) are not capitalized. No depreciation is provided on general fixed assets.

Fixed assets of the University and College Fund are recorded at cost when purchased or constructed. Major construction projects financed through the issuance of Commonwealth bonds are not recognized as additions to investment in plant until completed. All land and library collections are capitalized. The University of Massachusetts and state colleges capitalize all other fixed assets with costs in excess of \$1,000. The community colleges capitalize all other fixed assets with costs in excess of \$15,000 consistent with the Commonwealth's fixed asset policy. No provision for depreciation is recognized except for depreciation recorded on the University of Massachusetts Medical School Teaching Hospital, Group Practice Plan, Worcester City Campus Corporation, University of Massachusetts Foundation, Inc. and the University of Massachusetts Dartmouth Foundation, Inc. fixed assets, which are recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Fixed assets of the Component Units are capitalized upon purchase and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Interest incurred during construction is capitalized. The estimated useful lives of fixed assets are as follows:

Structures and improvements3 - 100 years
Equipment, furniture,
fixtures and vehicles

j. Interfund/Intrafund Transactions -

During the course of its operations, the Commonwealth records transactions between funds and/or between departments. Transactions of a buyer/seller nature between departments within a fund are not eliminated from the individual fund statements. Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between funds are classified as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Receivables and payables resulting from transactions between Component Units and the primary government are classified as "Due to/from primary government" or "Due to/from Component Units."

k. Fringe Benefit Cost Recovery -

The Commonwealth appropriates and pays the fringe benefit costs of its employees and retirees through the General Fund. These fringe benefits include the costs of group employees' health insurance. pensions. unemployment compensation and other costs necessary to support the workforce. As directed by Massachusetts General Laws, these costs are assessed to other funds based on payroll costs, net of credits for direct payments. Since fringe benefit costs are not separately appropriated or otherwise provided for in these funds, the required assessment creates an unfavorable budget variance in the budgeted funds. The employees' group health insurance is accounted for through the Internal Service Fund.

I. School Construction Grants -

The Commonwealth, through legislation, is committed to reimburse certain cities, towns and regional school districts for a portion of their debt service costs for school construction and renovation. The amounts expected to be liquidated with available financial resources are reported as expenditures in fund liabilities. The long-term portion of this liability is recorded in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

m. Compensated Absences -

For Governmental Funds and Expendable Trust Funds, vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities. Amounts that are not expected to be so liquidated are reported in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group.

Employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on collective bargaining agreements and state laws. Upon retirement, termination or death, certain employees are compensated for unused vacation and sick leave (subject to certain limitations) at their then-current rate of pay.

In the University and College Funds and the discretely presented Component Units, employees' accumulated vacation and sick leave are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue.

n. Lottery Revenue and Prizes -

Ticket revenues and prizes awarded by the Massachusetts Lottery Commission are recognized as drawings are held. For certain prizes payable in installments, the Commonwealth purchases annuities and principal only and interest only treasury strips in the Commonwealth's name, which are recorded as annuity contracts and prizes payable in the Agency Funds. The Commonwealth retains the risk related to such annuities.

o. Risk Financing -

The Commonwealth does not insure for employees workers' compensation, casualty, theft, tort claims and other losses. Such losses, including estimates of amounts incurred but not reported, are included as accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements when the loss is incurred. For employees workers' compensation, the Commonwealth assumes the full risk of claims filed under a program managed by the Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission and another program for individuals working on the Central Artery/Third Harbor Tunnel Project managed by the Massachusetts Highway Department. For personal injury or property damages, Massachusetts General Laws limit the risk assumed by the Commonwealth to \$100,000 per occurrence, in most circumstances. The Group Insurance Commission administers health care and other insurance

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The Commonwealth accounts for workers' compensation and group insurance risk financing activities in the Internal Service Funds. Revenues are charged to other funds as reimbursement for expenses related to claims and judgments. Other risk financing activities are accounted for in the General Fund.

for the Commonwealth's employees and retirees.

p. Fund Balances -

The Commonwealth reports fund balances as reserved where legally restricted for a specific future use. Otherwise, these balances are considered unreserved.

Fund balances have been reserved as follows:

"Reserved for continuing appropriations" – identifies unexpended amounts in appropriations which the Legislature has specifically authorized to be carried into the next fiscal year.

"Reserved for tax reduction" - identifies the amount set aside according to Section 6 of Chapter 29B of the Massachusetts General Laws. The amount can only be used to reduce personal income taxes as provided in the Chapter.

"Reserved for Commonwealth stabilization" – identifies amounts set aside according to Section 5C of Chapter 29 of the Massachusetts General Laws.

"Reserved for employees' pension benefits" – identifies, the net assets of the Commonwealth's public employee retirement systems which cannot be used for any other purpose.

"Reserved for unemployment benefits" – identifies amounts reserved for payment of unemployment compensation.

"Reserved for retirement of indebtedness" – identifies amounts held by fiscal agents to fund future debt service obligations pertaining to the Commonwealth Fiscal Recovery Loan Act of 1990, and to Special Obligation Revenue Bonds authorized under Section 20 of Chapter 29 of the Massachusetts General Laws and Chapter 33, Acts of 1991. It is also reserved for specific continuing appropriation for debt service.

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"Reserved for nonexpendable trusts" – identifies amounts being held by the Commonwealth on behalf of third parties for which only the interest can be expended.

"Reserved for capital projects" - identifies amounts reserved for capital projects.

q. Total Columns - Memorandum Only -

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Interfund elimination's have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

r. Reclassifications -

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For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, certain reclassifications have been made to the 1996 balances to conform to the presentation used in 1997. Certain amounts in the separately issued Component Units financial statements has been reclassified to conform to the accounting classifications used by the Commonwealth.

s. Future Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements -

The GASB has issued two statements which the Commonwealth has not yet adopted and which require adoption in fiscal year 1998 as follows: Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools" and Statement No. 32 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans".

The implication of these statements to the Commonwealth's fiscal practices and financial reports is being evaluated.

2. BUDGETARY CONTROL

State finance law requires that a balanced budget be approved by the Governor and the Legislature. The Governor presents an annual budget to the Legislature which includes estimates of revenues and other financing sources and recommended expenditures and other financing uses. The Legislature, which has full authority to amend the budget, adopts an expenditure budget by appropriating monies at the individual appropriation account level in an annual appropriations act. Before signing the appropriation act, the Governor may veto or reduce any specific item, subject to legislative override. Further changes to the budget established in the annual appropriations may be made via supplemental appropriations acts or other legislative acts. These must also be signed by the Governor and are subject to line item veto.

The majority of the Commonwealth's appropriations are non-continuing accounts which lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Others are continuing accounts for which the Legislature has authorized that an unspent balance from the prior fiscal year be carried forward and made available for spending in the current fiscal year. In addition, the Legislature may direct that certain revenues be retained and made available for spending within an appropriation account.

Generally, expenditures may not exceed the level of spending authorized for an appropriation account. However, the Commonwealth is statutorily required to pay debt service, regardless of whether such amounts are appropriated. In addition, certain interfund assessments to allocate fringe benefits and other costs which are mandated by state finance law are not itemized in the appropriation process or separately budgeted. In addition, Massachusetts General Laws authorize the Secretary of Administration and Finance, with the approval of the Governor, upon determination that available revenues will be insufficient to meet authorized expenditures, to withhold allotment of appropriated funds which effectively reduce the account's expenditure budget.

The original fiscal year 1997 appropriation act authorized approximately \$16,664,007,000 in direct appropriations and \$814,203,000 in authorizations to retain and expend certain non-tax revenues of which \$783,274,000 was estimated to be collected and expended plus \$99,230,000 of interagency chargebacks. The act also included estimates of \$12,188,000,000 in tax revenues and approximately \$5,152,000,000 in non-tax revenues. With these revenues (exclusive of chargebacks) projected to approximately \$17,340,000,000, total and with unreserved balances on a statutory basis of approximately \$134,044,000 carried forward from fiscal year 1996, the budget as presented in this original appropriation act was considered to be in balance.

During fiscal year 1997, the Legislature also passed and the Governor signed, with some modification through veto, several supplemental budgetary appropriations. These supplements added approximately \$136,808,000 in direct appropriations and \$2,445,000 in additional retained revenue authorizations. Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the Legislature passed and the Governor signed, with modification through veto, approximately \$223,392,000 in additional supplemental appropriations, \$20,260,000 in additional retained revenue authorizations and \$50,000 in additional interagency chargebacks. The cumulative fiscal year 1997 appropriations, retained revenue and interagency chargebacks totaled \$17,960,395,000. Appropriations continued from fiscal year 1996 totaled approximately \$240,773,000, and certain interfund transfers, directed by statute, totaled approximately \$1,029,216,000.

Because revenue budgets are not updated subsequent to the original appropriations act, the comparisons of the initial budgeted revenue to the subsequent, and often modified, expenditure budget can be misleading. Also, the financial statements portray fund accounting with gross inflows and outflows, thus creating a second variance, to separately published budget documents, portraying net inflows and outflows.

Line item appropriations are enacted for the General Fund and certain Special Revenue Fund activities. For these funds, a Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Statutory Basis – Budget and Actual - General and Budgeted Special Revenue Funds is included. The Budgeted Special Revenue Funds include the Highway, Local Aid, Environmental, and Other budgeted funds.

The Office of the Comptroller has the responsibility to ensure that budgetary control is maintained on an individual line item appropriation account basis. Budgetary control is exercised through the State accounting Massachusetts system, Management and Accounting Reporting System (MMARS). Encumbrances and expenditures are not allowed to exceed the appropriation account total available spending authorization.

A MMARS report, internally identified as RPT226, is used by management and the Office of the Comptroller to monitor spending against budget. This report provides information at the individual line item appropriation account level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. For financial reporting, the Commonwealth groups these appropriation accounts by character and secretariat to conform to its organizational structure.

A reconciliation of the statutory basis budgeted funds to the GAAP basis General and Special Revenue funds presented in the financial statements is as follows (amounts in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

	General Fund	Special Revenue
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (statutory basis)	. \$ 615,870	\$ (394,832)
Entity differences: Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing us		
for Non-budgeted Special Revenue Funds		(26,006)
Perspective differences: Certain activities treated as Special Revenue Funds for statutory purposes are accounted for in the General Fund for GAAP	120 000	(120,008)
Basis of accounting differences:	. 120,988	(120,988)
Net increase in taxes receivable Net increase/(decrease) in	. 92,877	73,356
due from federal government Net increase/(decrease) in other	(32,808)	502
receivables and other assets Net increase in tax refunds	. 224,684	(21,319)
and abatements payable Net (increase) in accounts	. (7,723)	(5,428)
payable and other liabilities	. (150,585)	(8,081)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures		
and other financing uses (GAAP basis)	\$ 863,303	\$ (502,796)

3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Short-Term Investments – The Commonwealth maintains a cash and short-term investment pool which is utilized by the Governmental and Fiduciary Fund types.

Primary Government -

As of June 30, 1997, the carrying amount of the Primary Government's total cash and cash equivalents were \$361,977,000 and the corresponding bank balances were \$557,432,000. Bank deposits in the amount of \$282,032,000 were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, \$120,408,000 were collateralized, and \$154,992,000 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Component Units -

As of June 30, 1997, the carrying amount of the discretely presented Component Unit's total cash and cash equivalents were \$326,132,000, and the corresponding bank balances were \$315,088,000. Bank deposits of \$160,128,000 were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, \$6,015,000 were collateralized, and \$148,948,000 were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments – The Commonwealth maintains an investment pool, the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT), that is available for use by all funds. The deposits and investments of the Component Units and the University and College Funds and the investments of the Pension Trust Funds are held separately from those of other Commonwealth funds, with the exception of their investments in MMDT.

Statutes authorize the Primary Government to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, authorized bonds of all states, banker's acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications established by Standard & Poors Corporation and Moody's Commercial Paper Record and repurchase agreements that any of these obligations secure. Investments in the MMDT are carried at cost, which approximates market. The Pension Trust Funds are permitted to make investments in equity securities, fixed income securities, real estate and other alternative investments. In the following table, these alternative investments, venture capital and futures pools are classified as other investments. The investment policies of the Component Units are the same as the Primary Government's, except that they permit investment in equity securities.

Short-term investments and investments are classified as to collateral risk into the following three categories:

Category 1: Insured or registered, or securities held by the Commonwealth or its agent in the Commonwealth's name.

Category 2: Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the Commonwealth's name.

Category 3: Uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the Commonwealth's name.

Primary Government - Investments of the Primary Government at June 30, 1997, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

		Carrying Amou	est.		
	Category	Category	Category		Market
	1	2	3	Total	Value
Investment	······································		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Repurchase agreements	\$ 906,299	\$ -	\$ 5,976	\$ 912,275	\$ 912,275
U.S. Treasury obligations	914,992	7,685	.135,930	1,058,607	1,059,327
Commercial paper	1,192,884	•	-	1,192,884	1,192,884
Government obligations	2,044,715	17,001	86,200	2,147,916	2,147,805
Equity securities	13,373,159	3,992	27,975	13,405,126	13,405,772
Fixed income securities	2,200,447	1,897	82,436	2,284,780	2,284,789
Asset backed investments	3,928	-	-	3,928	3,928
Notes	333,296	-	-	333,296	333,296
Other	109,593	3,963	1,004	114,560	114,560
	\$ 21,079,313	\$ 34,538	\$ 339,521	21,453,372	21,454,636
Money market investments		· · · · ·		876,127	876,127
Mutual fund investments			· · · ·	41,480	41,480
Deferred compensation plan mutu	al funds			1,837,892	1,837,892
Annuity contracts				1,285,021	1,285,021
Eurodollar contracts				14,015	14,015
Real estate		• •		754,309	754,309
Assets held in trust			(1,1) = (1,1)	1,759,068	1,759,068
Deposits with U.S. Treasury			· · ·	1,222,725	1,222,725
Certificate of deposits			1	4,382	4,382
Other				786,970	786,970
Total		•		\$ 30,035,361	\$ 30,036,625

Following is a reconciliation of investments as summarized above to the balance as recorded in the combined balance sheet (amounts in thousands):

Investments as summarized above	\$	30,035,361
Less:		
Short-term investments reported		
in the combined balance sheet as		
cash and short-term investments		3,688,891
Restrictive investments reported		
separately in the combined		1 1
balance sheet		223,219
Deferred compensation plan mutual	•••	
funds reported separately in		
the combined balance sheet		1,837,892
Assets held in trust reported separately		
in the combined balance sheet		1,759,068
Annuity contracts reported separately in the combined balance sheet		1,285,021
		1,205,021
Deposits reported separately		
in the combined balance sheet		1,334,988
Investments as reported on		
the combined balance sheet	\$	19,906,282

Following is a reconciliation of the balance of cash and short-term investments at June 30, 1997 (amounts in thousands):

Carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents	\$ 361,977
Cash with fiscal agent	(24,823)
Short-term investments	 3,688,891
Cash and short-term investments as reported on the combined balance sheet	\$ 4,026,045

Financial Investments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk – Certain investments of the Commonwealth may involve a degree of risk not accounted for on the respective financial statements. A description of such "off-balance sheet risks" is as follows.

Forward Currency Contracts – The Pension Trust Funds enter into forward currency contracts to hedge the exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates on foreign portfolio holdings. The market value of the contract will fluctuate with changes in currency exchange rates. The contract is marked-to-market daily and the change in market value is recorded by the fund as an unrealized gain or loss by the Pension Trust Fund.

When the contract is closed, the Pension Trust Funds record a realized gain or loss equal to the difference between the value of the contract at the time it was opened and the value at the time it was closed. The maximum potential loss from such contract is the aggregate face value in U.S. dollars at the time the contract was opened.

Futures Contracts – The Pension Trust Funds may purchase and sell financial futures contracts to hedge against changes in the values of securities the fund owes or expects to purchase. Upon entering such contracts, they must pledge to the broker an amount of cash or securities equal to the minimum "initial margin" requirements of the future.

The potential risk is that the change in the value of futures contracts primarily corresponds with the value of underlying instruments which may not correspond to the change in value of the hedged instruments. In addition, there is a risk that PRIT may not be able to close out its futures positions due to an a non-liquid secondary market. Risks may arise from the potential inability of a counterparty to meet the terms of a contract and from unanticipated movements in the value of a foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar. The Pension Trust Funds may also invest in financial futures contracts for non-hedging purposes.

Payments are made or received by the Pension Trust Funds each day, depending on the daily fluctuations in the value of the underlying security, and are recorded as unrealized gains or losses. When the contracts are closed, the Pension Trust Funds recognize a realized gain or loss. The notional value of the futures contracts at June 30, 1997 for the Pension Trust Funds amount to approximately \$187,759,000 with unrealized loss of approximately \$132,000.

Options – PRIT is also engaged in selling or "writing" options. The Pension Trust Funds, as writers of options, may have no control over whether the underlying securities may be sold (call) or purchased (put) and, as a result, bears the market risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the security underlying the written option. As of June 30, 1997, there were no material options outstanding.
Component Units – Investments of the discretely presented Component Units at June 30, 1997, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

· · · · ·	·····	Carrying Amo	unt		
	Category	Category	Category		Market
	1	2	3	Total	Value
Investment	-		·		· · · ·
Repurchase agreements	\$ 16,903	\$-	\$ 169,491	\$ 186,394	\$ 186,425
U.S. Treasury obligations	4,907	· -	68,470	73,377	73,329
Commercial paper	171,064	29,888	-	200,952	200,977
Government obligations	58,778	21,884	14,503	95,165	96,275
Equity securities	-	-	1,015	1,015	1,015
Notes	58,383		6,893	65,276	65,276
Other	19,038	-	7,479	26,517	26,523
	\$329,073	\$51,772	\$ 267,851	648,696	649,820
Money market investments				10,856	10,856
Mutual fund investments				110	110
Deferred compensation plan	mutual funds			15,943	15,943
Assets held in trust				4,661	4,661
Guaranteed investment contra	acts			524,473	524,473
Certificate of deposits				6,578	6,578
Total				\$ 1,211,317	\$ 1,212,441

Following is a reconciliation of investments summarized above to the balance as recorded in the combined balance sheet (amounts in thousands):

Investments as summarized above	\$ 1,211,317
Less:	
Short-term investments reported in the combined balance sheet as cash and short-term investments	509,345
Restricted investments reported separately in the combined balance sheet	261,576
Deferred compensation plan mutual funds reported separately in the combined balance sheet	15,943
Assets held in trust reported separately on the combined balance sheet	4,661
Investments as reported on the combined balance sheet.	\$ 419,792

Following is a reconciliation of the balance of cash and short-term investments at June 30, 1997 (amounts in thousands):

Carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents...... \$ 326,132

- Short-term investments reported as
- investments for GASB 3 disclosure purposes but reported in the combined balance sheet

as Cash and short-term investments	509,345
Cash and short-term investments as reported	509,345
on the combined balance sheet	\$ 835,477

4. RECEIVABLES

Taxes, federal reimbursements, loans and other receivables are presented in the various funds as follows (amounts in thousands):

Primary Government -

	Taxes	Due from Federal <u>Government</u>	<u>Loans</u>	Other	Allowance for <u>Uncollectibles</u>	Net <u>Receivable</u>
General Fund	\$ 1,037,380	\$ 693,955	\$-	\$ 712,051	\$ (811,820)	\$ 1,631,566
Special Revenue Funds	728,973	162,702	-	134,608	(216,425)	809,858
Capital Projects Funds	-	165,527	-	212	(79)	165,660
Trust and Agency	392,614	3,590	2,943	313,724	(106,017)	606,854
University and		· ·	•	• .		
College Fund	-	23,182	54,827	· 183,809	(40,313)	221,505
Subtotal	2,158,967	1,048,956	57,770	1,344,404	\$(1,174,654)	3,435,443
Less: Allowance for						
uncollectibles	(484,969)	(21,699)	(6,242)	(661,744)	-	
Net receivable	\$ 1,673,998	\$ 1,027,257	\$ 51,528	\$ 682,660	-	\$ 3,435,443

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Component Units -

	Due from			Allowance	
	Federal			for	Net
	Government	Loans	<u>Other</u>	<u>Uncollectibles</u>	<u>Receivable</u>
MBTA	. \$ -	\$-	\$50,072	\$-	\$ 50,072
MTA	-	-	4,376	-	4,376
Regional Transit Authorities	6,139		7,293	(36)	13,396
MWPAT		857,294	18,726	-	876,020
MCCA	-	-	862	(94)	768
Economic Development	22,790	193,268	7,588	(7,421)	216,225
Subtotal	28,929	1,050,562	88,917	\$ (7,551)	1,160,857
Less: Allowance for uncollectibles		(7,421)	(130)	, ··	· · ·
Net receivable	\$ 28,929	\$1,043,141	\$88,787	l · · ·	\$1,160,857

5. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES BETWEEN FUNDS AND COMPONENT UNITS

Receivables and payables between funds and component units at June 30, 1997 are summarized as follows (amounts in thousands):

Primary Government: Due from Due to General Fund: Special Revenue Funds: Federal grants..... \$ 19,479 \$ Local aid..... 1,185,884 Capital Projects Funds: 62,568 General..... Capital Investment Trust..... 229,800 82,903 Highway..... 49,769 Local Aid..... Other..... 386 Trust and Agency Funds: 3,657 Pension Trust..... University and College Fund: Current - Unrestricted..... 5,576 1,410,222 229.800 Subtotal..... Special Revenue Funds: General Fund..... 1,205,363 1,205,363 Subtotal..... **Capital Projects Funds:** 195,626 General Fund..... 229,800 Capital Projects Funds: Highway...... 🔅 20,018 Federal Highway Construction..... 20,018 Subtotal..... 249,818 215,644 Internal Service Funds: University and College Funds: Current - unrestricted..... 35,400 35,400 Subtotal..... **Fiduciary Funds:** General Fund..... 3,657 3,657 Subtotal..... University and College Fund: General Fund..... 5,576 Internal Services Funds: Employees workers' compensation... 35,400 University and College Fund: 19,747 Current - unrestricted..... 53,458 Current - restricted..... 39,352 306 Loan..... Endowment..... _ 11,087 8,293 Plant..... 3,151 Subtotal..... 67,698 108,674 Total Primary Government..... \$1,763,138 \$ 1,763,138

General Fund: \$ 2,109 \$ MBTA\$ 2,109 \$ 33 MCCA	e to 3,102 7,966 335 1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
General Fund: \$ 2,109 MBTA	3,102 7,966 335 1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
MBTA	7,966 <u>335</u> 1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
RTAs	7,966 <u>335</u> 1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
MCCA	7,966 <u>335</u> 1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
Economic Development Authorities. 3,750 Subtotal	335 1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
Subtotal 5,859 5 Special Revenue Funds: - 23 MBTA - 23 RTAs - 23 MWPAT - 20 Economic Development Authorities. - 28 Subtotal - 284	1,403 4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
Subtotal 5,859 5 Special Revenue Funds: - 23 MBTA - 23 RTAs - 23 MWPAT - 20 Economic Development Authorities - 28 Subtotal - 28	4,639 5,785 0,200 4,044
MBTA - 234 RTAs - 22 MWPAT - 24 Economic Development Authorities. - 284 Subtotal - 284	5,785 0,200 4,044
MBTA - 234 RTAs - 22 MWPAT - 24 Economic Development Authorities. - 284 Subtotal - 284	5,785 0,200 4,044
RTAs - 2: MWPAT - 2: Economic Development Authorities. - Subtotal -	5,785 0,200 4,044
MWPAT	0,200 4,044
Economic Development Authorities 28 Subtotal	4,044
Subtotal 284	
Subtotal	
	4,668
Conital Draigate Funday	1,000
Capital Projects Funds:	
Economic Development Authorities.	27
Subtotal	27
MBTA:	
	1 1 0 0
	2,109
Special Revenue Funds:	
Highway 78,213	-
Local Aid 156,426	-
Subtotal	2,109
ЪТ А	
RTAs:	¢
General Fund	-
Special Revenue Funds:	
Highway	-
Local Aid 17,190	-
Subtotal	
	<u> </u>
MWPAT:	2007 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10
Special Revenue Funds:	e e
Local Aid 20,200	- 1 77
Subtotal	- `
MCCA:	
General Fund	-
Subtotal	
Economic Development Authorities:	
	3,750
	,,,,0
Special Revenue Funds:	
Other	-
Capital Projects Funds:	
General	-
	3,750
Total Component Units	1,957

135

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

6. FIXED ASSETS

Primary Government-

General Fixed Asset Account Group – Changes in general fixed assets by category at June 30, 1997 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Balance at 1 <u>1y 1, 1996</u>	A	dditions	Re	tirements		Balance at ne 30, 1997
Land\$	489,693	\$	32,499	\$	175	\$	522,017
Buildings	2,352,196		32,087		9,833		2,374,450
Machinery and equipment	441,117		166,793		96,684		511,226
Construction in progress	34,610		63,568		<u> </u>		98,178
' Total \$	3,317,616	\$	294,947	\$	106,692	s	3,505,871

University and College Fund Type – Fixed assets consist of the following at June 30, 1997 (amounts in thousands):

	•
Land	\$ 52,420
Buildings	1,819,934
Machinery and equipment	686,349
Construction in progress	30,886
	2,589,589
Less: accumulated depreciation	(178,881)
Total	\$ 2,410,708
	from a state

Component Units – Fixed assets consist of the following at June 30, 1997 (amounts in thousands):

	<u>Amount</u>
Land and improvements	\$ 347,089
Infrastructure	1,006,682
Structures and improvements	4,930,389
Equipment, furniture, fixtures and vehicles.	1,764,389
Total	8,048,549
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,198,934)
Net fixed assets	5,849,615
Construction in progress	1,057,286
Total	\$ 6,906,901

7. SHORT-TERM FINANCING AND CREDIT AGREEMENTS

Primary Government -

The Massachusetts General Laws authorize the Treasurer to issue temporary notes in anticipation of revenue or bond financing. When this short-term debt does not meet long-term refinancing criteria, it is classified among fund liabilities.

General Fund – The Commonwealth is authorized by Massachusetts General Laws to issue short-term notes to finance working capital advances to the MBTA. The Commonwealth retires these notes through subsequent appropriations and assessments to cities and towns. There were no such notes outstanding at June 30, 1997.

The balance of revenue anticipation notes (RANs) fluctuates during the fiscal year but must be reduced to zero at June 30. During fiscal year 1997, there were no RANs issued or outstanding.

Capital Projects Funds – The Commonwealth may issue bond anticipation notes (BANs) to temporarily finance its capital projects, but it must reduce the balance to \$200,000,000 at June 30. During fiscal year 1997, there were no BANs issued or outstanding.

The Commonwealth is authorized to sell up to \$1,000,000,000 in Grant Anticipation Notes (GANS) in anticipation of receipt of federal funds related to Central Artery/Third Harbor Tunnel projects. During fiscal year 1997, there were no GANs issued or outstanding.

Letter-of-Credit Agreements - During fiscal year 1997, maintained letter-of-credit the Commonwealth agreements with several banks in order to provide credit and liquidity support for its commercial paper program. The letters of credit were available to secure up to \$400,000,000 of Commonwealth commercial paper plus interest thereon. Advances were available, subject to certain limitations and bearing interest at the bank rate as defined, in anticipation of revenue or bond proceeds and repayable by the following June 30, subject to extension in certain circumstances, at the Commonwealth's option. No such advances were drawn during fiscal year ended 1997, or subsequent thereto. These agreements expire October 31, 1997 through September 1, 1998. The average costs are approximately 0.07 % on unutilized amounts and approximately 0.10% on utilized amounts.

Line-of-Credit Agreement – During fiscal year 1997, the Commonwealth maintained a line of credit with a bank to

provide liquidity support for up to \$200,000,000 of commercial paper notes. The line of credit expires September 30, 1999. The average costs of all lines of credit are approximately 0.06% on unutilized amounts and approximately 0.08% on utilized amounts.

Component Units -

MBTA short-term notes payable outstanding at June 30, 1997 totaled \$325,000,000. Of this amount, \$160,000,000 is due September 5, 1997 with an interest rate of 4.75% and \$165,000,000 will mature on February 27, 1998 with an interest rate of 4.25%.

The MBTA also issued commercial paper to act as financing for capital expenditures. At June 30, 1997, \$43,500,000 of this commercial paper was outstanding.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the MBTA issued \$160,000,000 of notes carrying an interest rate of 4.50%. The notes mature on September 5, 1998.

The Commonwealth Zoological Corporation had \$845,000 of short-term notes payable outstanding at June 30, 1997. The notes have an interest rate of 9.50% and were due August 31, 1997.

The RTAs had \$69,446,000 of short-term notes payable outstanding at June 30, 1997. All notes mature during fiscal year 1998 and have interest rates ranging from 3.89% to 4.95%.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the RTAs rolled over \$37,219,000 of revenue anticipation notes with interest rates ranging from 3.97% to 4.35% due in 1998.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the Commonwealth may borrow money (a) for defense, (b) in anticipation of receipts from taxes or other financing sources, any such loan to be paid out of the revenue of the year in which the loan is made, or (c) by a two-thirds vote of the members of each house of the Legislature present and voting thereon. In addition, the Commonwealth may give, loan or pledge its credit by a two-thirds vote of the members of each house of the Legislature present and voting thereon, but such credit may not in any manner be given or loaned to or in aid of any individual, or of any private association, or of any corporation which is privately owned or managed. The Constitution further provides that borrowed money shall not be expended for any other purpose than that for which it was borrowed or for the reduction or discharge of the principal of the loan.

The Commonwealth has waived its sovereign immunity and consented to be sued on contractual obligations, including bonds and notes issued by it and all claims with respect thereto. However, the property of the Commonwealth is not subject to attachment or levy to pay a judgment, and the satisfaction of any judgment generally requires legislative appropriation. Enforcement of a claim for the payment of principal or interest on bonds and notes of the Commonwealth may also be subject to the provisions of federal or Commonwealth statutes, if any, enacted to extend the time for payment or impose other constraints upon enforcement.

As of June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth had four types of bonds outstanding: general obligation, dedicated income tax, college opportunity and special obligation. The general obligation bonds are authorized and issued primarily to provide funds for Commonwealth-owned capital projects and local government improvements. They are backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth and paid from the Governmental Funds, in which debt service principal and interest payments are appropriated. Massachusetts General Laws provide for the allocation of bond proceeds to these authorizations in arrears, as expenditures are made, unless the proceeds are allocated at the time of issuance.

The dedicated income tax bonds relate entirely to the deficit financing authorization of fiscal year 1990. As a remedy to that financial situation, the Legislature authorized bonds, to be repaid from tax revenues within seven years.

The Commonwealth issues college opportunity bonds as authorized by the Massachusetts General Laws. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth. At June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth has outstanding \$79,508,000 of such college opportunity bonds. Included in this amount is approximately \$34,598,000 of accrued interest.

The Commonwealth also issues special obligation revenue bonds as authorized under Massachusetts General Laws. Such bonds may be secured by all or a portion of revenues credited to the Highway Fund and are not general obligations of the Commonwealth. At June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth had outstanding \$520,760,000 of such bonds, secured by a pledge of 6.86 cents of the 21 cent per gallon motor fuel excise tax collected on gasoline.

For financial reporting purposes, long-term bonds are carried at their face amount, which includes discount and any issuance costs financed. The outstanding amount represents the total principal to be repaid. For capital appreciation bonds, the outstanding amount represents total principal and interest to be repaid. When short-term debt has been refinanced on a long-term basis, it is reported as outstanding at its face amount.

The amount of bonds authorized but unissued is measured in accordance with Commonwealth statutes. Only the net proceeds of bonds (exclusive of discount and costs of issuance) are deducted from the total authorized by the Legislature.

General obligation, dedicated income tax, college opportunity, and special obligation long-term bonds outstanding (including discount and issuance costs) and bonds authorized-unissued at June 30, 1997, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Purpose	Outstanding <u>Amount</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	Authorized - <u>Unissued</u>
Deficit reduction: Fiscal recovery	\$ 129,900	1997-1998	\$ 57,274
Capital projects: General Highway Local aid Other	4,996,155 3,668,189 1,414,517 62,533	1997-2025 1997-2016 1997-2015 1997-2025	4,912,029 6,143,163 699,855 141,821
Capital projects debt	10,141,394		11,896,868
Total	\$10,271,294	: 1	\$11,954,142

Interest rates on the Commonwealth's bonded debt outstanding at June 30, 1997 ranged from 0.10% to 14.13%.

Changes in long-term bonds outstanding (including discount and issuance costs) and bonds authorized - unissued for the year ended June 30, 1997, are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	(Bonds Outstanding		uthorized - Unissued
Balance, July 1, 1996	\$	10,065,578	\$	8,182,843
General and Special obligation bonds:				
Principal less discount				
and issuance costs		899,471		(899,471)
Discount and issuance costs		33,843		-
General obligation refunding bonds:				
Principal of bonds issued		722,621		-
Refunded bonds		(697,550)		-
Increase in bonds authorized		-		4,707,040
Bonds retired		(752,669)		
Expiration of authorizations		-		(36,270)
Balance, June 30, 1997	\$	10,271,294	\$	11,954,142

At June 30, 1997, debt service requirements to maturity for principal (including discount, capital appreciation and issuance costs) and interest are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
1998	\$ 703,716	\$ 507,223	\$ 1,210,939		
1999	635,187	469,489	1,104.676		
2000	640,604	433,328	1,073,932		
2001	658,470	401,017	1,059,487		
2002	622,911	367,431	990,342		
2003 and thereafter	7,010,406	2,210,459	9,220,865		
Total	\$ 10,271,294	\$ 4,388,947	\$ 14,660,241		

The Commonwealth issued bonds and notes under negotiated contracts and under competitive bidding contracts during fiscal year 1997. The costs for legal counsel and underwriting fees under competitive bond sale costs were estimated at \$152,000 and \$2,239,000, respectively. Negotiated legal fees and underwriter fees were estimated at \$97,000 and \$4,668,000 respectively.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth issued \$19,902,000 in college opportunity bonds with variable interest rates, \$250,000,000 in general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 5.75%, \$375,840,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.50% to 5.75%, \$271,280,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with variable interest rates and \$294,695,000 in special obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 5.50%, which included \$191,080,000 in special obligation refunding bonds and \$103,615,000 in new issue special obligation bonds.

Statutory Debt Limit –The Massachusetts General Laws establish limits on the amount of direct debt outstanding. By statutorily limiting the Commonwealth's ability to issue direct debt, this limit provides a control on annual

capital spending. The direct debt limit for fiscal year 1997 was \$9,112,650,000. The limit increases 5% per year.

For purposes of determining compliance with the limit, outstanding direct debt is defined to include general obligation bonds and minibonds at the amount of their original net proceeds. It excludes bond anticipation notes and discount and issuance costs, if any, financed by these bonds. It also excludes dedicated income tax bonds, special obligation bonds, refunded bonds, and certain refunding bonds. Outstanding direct debt, as defined, totaled approximately \$8,752,333,000 at June 30, 1997.

The amounts excluded from the limits are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Bonds Outstanding
Balance, June 30, 1997	\$10,271,294
Discount and Issuance Cost	(735,393)
Fiscal Recovery Principal	(126,470)
Chapter 5 of the Acts of 1992 Refunding	(144,509)
Special Obligation Principal	(512,589)
Outstanding Direct Debt	\$ 8,752,333

Advance Refunding and Defeased Bonds - As authorized by the Massachusetts General Laws, the Commonwealth advance refunded certain general obligation and other bonds through the issuance of \$722,621,000 of general obligation refunding bonds during fiscal year 1997. Proceeds totaling approximately \$741,997,000, including bond premiums, were used to purchase U.S. Government securities which were deposited in irrevocable trusts with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liabilities therefore have been removed from the General Long-term Obligations Account Group. As a result of these advance

refundings, the Commonwealth decreased current year debt service payments and has taken advantage of lower interest rates, and it has decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$35,926,000 over the next 20 years and will experience an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the debt service payments of the refunded and refunding bonds) of approximately \$30,074,000. At June 30, 1997, approximately \$665,955,000 of the bonds refunded remain outstanding and are considered defeased.

In prior years, the Commonwealth also defeased certain general obligation and other bonds by placing the proceeds of refunding bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements. At June 30, 1997, approximately \$2,701,874,000 of bonds outstanding from advance refundings in prior fiscal years are considered defeased.

Changes in General Long-term Obligations – The Commonwealth records its liability for long-term bonds in the General Long-term Obligations Account Group. Other general long-term obligations recognized by the Commonwealth are its obligations under capital lease agreements (Note 12), school construction grants to partially reimburse cities and towns for their debt service payments on bonds issued to finance construction of local or regional schools, compensated absences, claims judgments and lottery prizes payable (Note 1). These liabilities will be liquidated in the future from governmental funds.

General Long Term Debt Obligations Account Group – During the year ended June 30, 1997, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in the General Long-term Obligations Account Group (amounts in thousands):

	Ī	Balance uly 1, 1996		Bond Issuances	I	Bond Discount	Bond Principal Payments]	Other Net Increase Decrease)	Balance June 30, 1997
Long-term Bonds	\$	10,065,578	\$	1,622,092	\$	33,843	\$ (1,450,219)	\$	-	\$ 10,271,294
Capital Leases		59,022		-			-		28,149	87,171
School Construction Grants		3,053,799	-	-		-	-		480,818	3,534,617
Compensated Absences		97,225				-	-		9,177	106,402
Claims, Judgements, and Other		85,040		-		-	-		(8,508)	76,532
Lottery Prizes Payable		1,632		-		-	 -		1,934	 3,566
Total	\$	13,362,296	\$	1,622,092	\$	33,843	\$ (1,450,219)	\$	511,570	\$ 14,079,582

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1996

University and College Fund - Building authorities related to the University of Massachusetts and the state colleges have issued bonds for construction of higher education facilities and equipment. Such bonds are guaranteed by the Commonwealth in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$182,000,000. The bond agreements generally provide that revenues from student fees are pledged as collateral on the bonds and establish bond reserve funds, bond funds, and maintenance reserve funds. The University of Massachusetts and state colleges have also entered into various loan agreements as a participant in the Massachusetts Health and Educational Facilities Authority's (MHEFA) ongoing capital asset program to finance construction projects and equipment.

University and College Fund long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 1997 was as follows (amounts in thousands):

Purpose	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Amount	Maturity <u>Dates</u>	
MHEFA capital asset program Building authorities	Variable	\$ 64,661	1997-2023	
and state colleges	.0%-12.0%	 252,078	1997-2024	
		\$ 316,739		

Maturities of principal are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Years Ending June 30,		<u>Amount</u>
1998	`\$	12,168
1999		12,947
2000		13,516
2001		14,316
2002		15,005
2003 and thereafter	<u>.</u>	248,787
Total	\$	316,739

Changes in bonds outstanding reported in the University and College Fund Type are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	 Amount
Balance, July 1, 1996, as restated	\$ 310,178
Principal less issuance and discount cost Bonds retired, net of amortization of discount.	17,154 (10,593)
Balance, June 30, 1997	\$ 316,739

At June 30, 1997, approximately \$161,533,000 outstanding of bonds from prior advance refunding of the University and College Fund building authorities are considered defeased.

Component Units -

Bonds and notes outstanding at June 30, 1997 (December 31, 1996 for Massachusetts Turnpike Authority) net of unamortized discount of \$57,543,000 and unamortized deferred loss on refunding of \$125,795,000 are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Purpose	Interest Rates	Amount	Maturity Date	es
MBTA:				
General transportation system	3.73% - 7.53%	\$2,881,705	2005 - 2027	
Boston Metropolitan District	4.56 - 7.08	41,799	2002 -2025	
MTA:				
Revenue serial bonds,	4.00 - 5,125	351,089	1998 - 2023	
Guaranteed Bond	-	253,097	1999	
MCCA:				
Current interest serial bonds	4.00 - 6.00	77,732	1997 - 2008	
Compound interest serial bonds.,	5.375 - 6.80	58,178	2000 - 2013	
MWPAT:			•	1
Serial bonds	2.00 - 6.25	752,295	1997 - 2015	
Term bonds	5.25 - 6.375	110,725	2013 - 2015	
Economic Development:			· .	
Notes payable	2.80 - 11.00	107,094	1997 - 2017	
Total	-	\$4,633,714		, W.

The amounts below represent the face amount of bonds and notes outstanding and may differ from the amounts included in the combined balance sheet due to treatment of original issue discount in the general purpose financial statements.

Maturities of principal are as follows (amounts in thousands):

						Economic	
Years Ending,	<u>MBTA</u>	<u>MTA</u>	<u>RTAs</u>	<u>MWPAT</u>	<u>MCCA</u>	Development	<u>Total</u>
1998	\$ 93,327	\$ -	\$-	\$ 37,645	\$ 20,195	\$ 19,192	\$ 170,359
1999	97,134	7,400	-	35,880	21,375	9,174	170,963
2000	101,072	267,010	-	37,900	22,670	10,586	439,238
2001	104,986	8,020	-	39,570	14,234	19,727	186,537
2002	106,849	8,370	-	41,040	11,054	11,125	178,438
2003 and thereafter	2,582,246	334,070		670,985	46,926	37,290	3,671,517
Total	\$3,085,614	\$ 624,870	<u>\$ -</u>	\$863,020	\$136,454	\$ 107,094	\$4,817,052

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997 (December 31, 1996 for Massachusetts Turnpike Authority) the

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following changes occurred in bonds and notes payable reported in the Component Units (amounts in thousands):

	<u>MBTA</u>	<u>MTA</u>	<u>RTAs</u>	<u>MWPAT</u>	<u>MĈCA</u>	Economic Development	Total
Balance, July 1, 1996	\$ 2,614,076	\$ 410,885	\$15	\$512,000	\$154,976	\$ 82,946	\$ 3,774,898
Principal less discount issuance costs	383,796	264,770	-	376,405	-	31,487	1,056,458
Debt retired, net of amortization of discount	(65,981)	(61,296)	(15)	(25,385)	(19,066)	(7,339)	(179,082)
Deferred loss on refunding	(8,387)	(10,173)		-	-		(18,560)
Balance, June 30, 1997	\$ 2,923,504	\$ 604,186	\$ -	\$863,020	\$135,910	\$ 107,094	\$ 4,633,714

The MBTA issued certificates of participation in the amounts of \$28,565,000 on December 15, 1988 and \$85,795,000 on August 30, 1990 to finance the purchase of commuter rail coaches. Under the terms of the applicable agreements, the MBTA's obligation to make the annual payments on the certificates is subject to the Commonwealth's appropriation of necessary funds in its annual budget. The certificates bear interest at rates ranging from 7.30% to 7.80% and mature as follows (amounts in thousands):

Year Ending June 30,	Amount			
1998	\$ 1,150			
1999	1,150			
2000	1,150			
2001	1,150			
2002	1,140			
2003 and thereafter	13,625			
Total	\$ 19,365			

In prior years, the MBTA defeased in-substance several General Transportation System Bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust fund to provide for future debt service payments on the old debt. These payments began in 1995. Accordingly, the trust account asset and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the accompanying financial statements. On June 30, 1997, \$1,169,430,000 of these bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the MBTA issued \$200,000,000 in general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.75%.

The legislation under which the MBTA was established provides that if, at any time, the MBTA is unable to meet any interest or principal payments due on its debt, sufficient funds will be remitted by the Commonwealth to meet such obligations.

On January 15, 1996, the Massachusetts Turnpike Authority issued \$259,315,000 of Guaranteed Bond Anticipation Notes to finance the \$100,000,000 payment for the acquisition of the Ted Williams Tunnel, as well as to advance refund outstanding MIFA Tunnel Revenue Bonds, in order to finance a portion of the cost of certain repairs and improvements to the Summer and Callahan Tunnels and to fund certain start up costs associated with opening and operating the Ted Williams Tunnel. The notes are unconditionally guaranteed by the Commonwealth. The notes mature on June 1, 1999, and are anticipated to be repaid by the Authority with the proceeds from bonds secured by the revenues of the Sumner-Callahan-Williams Tunnel to be issued in the future.

In January 1996, approximately \$56,573,000 of the net proceeds from the issuance of Guaranteed Bond Anticipation Notes were used to purchase U. S. Government securities which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide all future debt service payments on refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the balance sheet. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain of approximately \$13,000,000 and the MTA has reduced their debt service payments over the next 25 years by approximately \$48,000,000. At December 31, 1996, approximately \$44,400,000 of the refunded bonds remain outstanding.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the MTA issued a \$1,764,383,000 in special obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 5.65%. The bonds included \$297,520,000 Western Turnpike revenue bonds and \$1,466,863,000 Metropolitan Highway System revenue bonds. These bonds are the obligations of the MTA. The Commonwealth is not obligated to make payments on the bonds nor are the bonds pledged by the faith or credit of the Commonwealth.

On February 22, 1995, Pioneer Valley Transit Authority (PVTA) issued certificates of participation of \$9,930,000 to finance the purchase of buses. Under the terms of the agreement, PVTA is obligated to make annual payments on the certificates subject to the Commonwealth's appropriating the necessary funds in the Authority's annual budget.

The certificates bear interest rates ranging from 5.0% to 5.7% and mature as follows (amounts in thousands):

Year Ending June 30,	<u>A</u>	mount
1998	\$	1,240
1999		1,240
2000		1,240
2001		1,240
2002		1,240
2003		1,240
Total	\$	7,440

The amounts in the table above differ from the amounts included in the balance sheet due to treatment of unamortized discounts of \$35,000.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the GLB issued \$80,000,000 in special obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 5.25% to 6.80%. The bonds included \$60,000,000 taxable bonds and \$20,000,000 tax-exempt bonds. The GLB and the Commonwealth have entered into a contract providing that the Commonwealth shall pay the contract assistance to the GLB with respect to debt service on the bonds in amounts equal to the principal and interest requirements on the bonds as they come due and the full faith and credit of the Commonwealth are pledged to make such payments.

9. INDIVIDUAL FUND DEFICITS

Certain funds within the Governmental Fund Type and Proprietary Fund Type have fund deficits at June 30, 1997, as follows (amounts in thousands):

Fund	Amount
Special Revenue: Local Aid	\$ 1,405,603
Capital Projects:	
General	133,226
Highway	221,190
Local Aid	70,971
Other	1,369
Internal Service Funds:	
Employees Workers' Compensation	251,200
Employees Group Health Insurance	34,278

The Local Aid Fund has incurred a deficit primarily due to increased state funding for support of local communities for education and transportation. The revenues allocated to this fund have not been sufficient to support the increased spending. The Commonwealth will budget in future years the allocation of revenue to support the increased spending authority.

In the Capital Projects Funds, deficits reflect the time lag between capital expenditures and the receipt or allocation of proceeds from the sale of related bonds. Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth issued \$19,902,000 in college opportunity bonds and \$250,000,000 in general obligation bonds and \$103,615,000 in special obligations revenue bonds related to finance the deficits.

The deficit in the Internal Service Fund reflects the accruals for workers' compensation and group insurance

claims of \$335,965,000. Funding of these deficits is dependent upon legislation actions to develop an actuarial funding plan.

10. RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Primary Government -

The Commonwealth is statutory responsible for the pension benefits for Commonwealth employees (members of the State Employees' Retirement System) and for teachers of the cities, towns, regional school districts throughout the Commonwealth and Quincy College (members of the Teachers' Retirement System, except for teachers in the Boston public schools, who are members of the State-Boston Retirement System but whose pensions are also the responsibility of the Commonwealth).

The members of the retirement systems do not participate in the Social Security System. The Commonwealth has also assumed responsibility for payment of cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) for the separate (non-teacher) retirement systems of its cities, towns and counties, in fiscal year 1997 and prior fiscal years. Effective for fiscal year 1998 and subsequent fiscal years the responsibility for funding COLA's for (non-teacher) systems is the responsibility of the respective systems.

Certain Commonwealth employees and current retirees employed prior to the establishment of the State Employees' Retirement System are covered on a "pay-asyou-go" basis.

Plan Descriptions –

State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) is a single employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS), covering substantially all employees of the Commonwealth and certain employees of the independent authorities and agencies including the state police officers at the Massachusetts Port Authority and the Massachusetts Turnpike Authority. The SERS is administered by the Commonwealth and is part of the reporting entity and does not issue a stand alone financial report.

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) is an agent multiple employer defined benefit PERS with 104 participating employers. The Commonwealth is a non-employer contributor and is responsible for all contributions and future benefit requirements of the TRS. The TRS covers certified teachers in cities (except the City of Boston), towns, regional school districts and Quincy College. The TRS is administered by the Commonwealth and is part of the reporting entity and does not issue a stand alone financial report.

State – Boston Retirement System (SBRS) is hybrid multiple employer defined benefit PERS. SBRS provides provision benefits to all full-time employees upon commencement of employment with any of the various government agencies covered by SBRS. The Commonwealth is a non-employer contributor and is only responsible for the actual cost of pension benefits for SBRS participants who serve in the City of Boston's School Department in a teaching capacity. The cost of pension benefits of the other participants is the responsibility of the City of Boston. SBRS is not administered by the Commonwealth, it is not part of the reporting entity and a stand alone financial report is not available.

The Commonwealth has assumed financial responsibility for the COLA granted to participants in the 104 retirement systems of cities, towns and counties in fiscal year 1997 and prior fiscal years. Chapter 17 of the Acts of 1997, effective for fiscal year 1998, transferred the responsibility for funding future COLA's for separate (non-teacher) retirement systems of cities and towns to the respective system. Any future COLA granted by the Legislature to employees of these plans will also be the responsibility of the individual systems. The individual employer governments are also responsible for the basic pension benefits. The retirement systems are not administered by the Commonwealth and are not part of the reporting entity.

The policy for postretirement benefit increases for all retirees of the SERS, TRS, SBRS and COLA are subject to legislative approval.

Membership – Membership in SERS, TRS and SBRS as of January 1, 1996 is as follows:

	<u>SERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>SBRS</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42,443	28,831	2,257
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but			
not yet receiving them	1,706	1,607	602
Subtotal	44,149	30,438	2,859
Current employees:			
Vested	43,679	46,432	3,897
Non-vested	39,519	22,432	2,416
Subtotal	83,198	68,864	6,313
Total	127,347	99,302	9,172

Benefit Provisions – Massachusetts General Laws establish uniform benefit and contribution requirements for all contributory PERS. These requirements provide for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, and group classification. The authority for amending these provisions is with the legislature.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

Retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and a portion of interest they generate constitute the annuity. The differential between the total retirement benefit and the annuity is the pension. Average retirement benefit is approximately 80-85% pension and 15-20% annuity.

Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. A superannuating retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of twenty years of service or upon reaching the age of 55 with ten years of service. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65; for certain hazardous duty and public safety positions, normal retirement is at age 55.

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Funding Progress - The SERS, TRS and SBRS actuarial determined contributions were computed as part of the actuarial valuation as of January 1, 1996. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of contribution requirements and net pension obligation include (a) rates of return on investments of present and future assets of 8.5% per year, (b) projected salary increases of 6% per year, (c) cost of living increases (inflation rate) of 3% per year on the first \$9,000 of the retirees total allowance, (d) interest rate credited to the annuity savings fund of 5.5% per year and (e) the use of the level dollar amortization method over 40 years closed period. Actuarial values of plan assets are equal to fair value.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Actuarial Valuation as of January 1,		tuarial Value Plan Assets		Actuarial rued Liability	(01	t Pension bligation) set (NPO)	Funded Ratio %	Ar	nnual Covered Payroll *	NPO as a % of Covered Payroll
State Employers	Reti	rement Systen	1			ι.				
1996	\$	7,366,000	\$	6,595,676	\$	770,324	112%	\$	2,989,000	25.8%
1995		5,879,000		5,327,027		551,973	110		2,992,000	18.4
1994		5,802,000		5,429,773		372,227	107		3,094,000	12.0
1993		5,071,000		4,840,405		230,595	105		2,919,000	7.9
1992		4,699,000		4,629,763		69,237	101		2,638,000	2.6
1991		4,052,000		4,053,705		(1,705)	100		2,300,000	(0.1)
Teachers Retirer	nent	System								
1996		7,553,000		7,025,561		527,439	108		2,810,000	18.8
1995		6,014,000		5,657,399		356,601	106		2,667,000	13.4
1994		5,956,000		5,673,619		282,381	105		2,573,000	11.0
1993		5,142,000		4,942,309		199,691	104		2,428,000	8.2
1992		4,784,000		4,659,680		124,320	103		2,032,000	6.1
1991		4,086,000		4,023,551		62,449	102		2,065,000	3.0
State Boston Re	tirem	ent System								
1996		549,000		524,510		24,490	105		274,000	8.9
1995		438,000		416,113		21,887	105 ا	, ,	232,000	9.4
1994		443,000		421,635		21,365	105		218,000	9.8
1993		370,000		354,800		15,200	104		206,000	7.4
1992		342,000	5	333,871		8,129	102		184,000	4.4
1991		301,000	-	293,072		7,928	103		203,000	3.9

The following table presents the required six year-year schedule of funding progress (amounts in thousands):

* - The covered payroll amounts approximate the employer payroll.

Contributions Required and Contributions Made - The retirement systems' funding policies have been established by Chapter 32 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The legislature has the authority to amend these policies. The annuity portion of the SERS, TRS and SBRS retirement allowance is funded by employees, who contribute a percentage of their regular compensation -5% for those hired before January 1, 1975, 7% for those hired from January 1, 1975, through December 31, 1983, and 8% for those hired on or after January 1, 1984, plus an additional 2% of compensation above \$30,000 per year for those hired on or after January 1, 1979. Regular employees and state police hired after June 30, 1996 are required to contribute 9% and 12%, respectively, of their compensation plus an additional 2% of compensation above \$30,000 per year. Costs of administering the plan are funded out of plan assets.

The Commonwealth's contribution for the pension benefit portion of the retirement allowance of SERS and TRS and required payments to cover SBRS and COLA contributions were originally established on a "pay-asyou-go" basis. As a result, amounts were appropriated each year to pay current benefits, without a systematic provision to fully fund future liabilities already incurred. Beginning in fiscal year 1988, the Commonwealth enacted the Pension Reform Act of 1987 and addressed the unfunded liability of SERS, TRS and its participation in SBRS and its COLA obligation. This legislation requires funding on a current basis, including amortizing the unfunded liabilities and liabilities for future COLA payments to local systems, over 40 years.

This legislation also directs the Secretary for Administration and Finance to prepare a funding schedule to meet these requirements, and to update this funding schedule every three years on the basis of new actuarial valuation reports prepared under the Secretary's direction. Any such schedule is subject to legislative approval. If a schedule is not so approved, payments are to be made in accordance with the most recently approved schedule. This legislation further provides that if, during the first

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ten years of scheduled payments, the pension benefits paid exceed the scheduled contribution, the Commonwealth's contribution shall equal these benefit payments.

The legislatively approved funding schedule in place for 1997 was, based on the January 1, 1993 valuation, was filed with the Legislature on October 26, 1994. It required contributions by the Commonwealth of \$965,903,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997. Because total benefit payments out of the governmental funds exceeded this amount, no additional Commonwealth contribution is required.

Section 58 and 59 of Chapter 43 of the Acts of 1997 repealed the ten year cost of benefits and reduced the period for elimination of unfunded liability from fiscal year 2028 to 2018. The new twenty-year level funding

schedule effective July 1, 1997 is predicated on an 8.25% investment return assumption and calls for a payment of \$1,045,570,000 in fiscal year 1998.

GAAP requires that pension expenditures (costs) be based on an acceptable actuarial cost method and that they be not less than:

- Normal cost and amortization cost
- Interest and amortization on any unfunded prior service costs

The funding schedule discussed above follows an acceptable actuarial funding methodology to compute normal cost and the unfunded accrued actuarial liability.

The following table presents the schedule of employer contributions (amounts in thousands):

Actuarial Valuation as of January 1,	Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	Interest on NPO	Amortization of NPO	Pension Cost	Actual Contribution made	Net Pension (Obligation) Asset (NPO)	% of ARC Contributed	% of Pension Cost Contributed
State Employer	s Retirement Sys	tem				, ² 1		
1996	\$ 232,158	\$ (46,918)	\$ 29,523	\$ 214,763	\$ 433,114	\$ 770,324	187%	202%
1995	249,640	(31,639),	19,614	237,615	417,361	551,973	167	176
1994	266,564	(18,448)	9,152	257,268	398,900	372,227	150	155
1993	243,587	(5,539)	2,694	240,742	402,100	230,595	165	167
1992	252,687	136	(65)	252,758	323,700	69,237	128	128
1991	282,682	2,335	(1,094)	283,923	311,400	(1,705)	110	110
1990	259,102	4,569	(2,103)	261,568	289,500	(29,182)	112	. 111
1989	298,800	2,160	(977)	299,983	269,866	(57,114)	90	90
1988	279,582	-	-	279,582	252,585	(26,997)	90	90
Teachers Retire	ement System							
1996	232,403	(30,311)	19,073	221,165	392,003	527,439	169	177
1995	277,343	(24,002)	14,880	268,221	342,441	356,601	123	128
1994	247,460	(15,975)	7,925	239,410	322,100	282,381	130	135
1993	225,838	(9,946)	4,837	220,729	296,100	199,691	131	134
1992	223,041	(4,996)	2,384	220,429	282,300	124,320	127	128
1991	249,436	(3,452)	1,617	247,601	266,900	62,449	107	108
1990	227,270	(1,459)	671	226,482	251,400	43,150	111	111
1989	249,108	(1,595)	722	248,235	246,531	18,232	99	. 99
1988	232,661	-	-	232,661	252,597	19,936	109	109
State Boston Re	etirement System			T.				
1996	32,908	(1,860)	1,171	32,219	34,822	24,490	106	108
1995	28,168	(1,816)	1,126	27,478	28,000	21,887	99	102
1994	22,448	(1,216)	603	21,835	28,000	21,365	125	128
1993	20,463	(650)	316	20,129	27,200	15,200	133	135
1992	26,530	(634)	. 303	26,199	26,400	8,129	100	101
1991	23,149	(413)	193	22,929	25,700	7,928	111	112
1990	21,118	(251)	116	20,983	23,000	5,157	109	110
1989	21,744	(127)	58	21,675	23,225	3,140	107	107
1988	20,315	· -	-	20,315	21,905	1,590	108	108

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

The total contributions required for SERS, TRS and SBRS are based on the entry age normal cost method using the same actuarial assumptions used to compute the net pension obligation.

During the year ended June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth's pension expenditure also included payments totaling \$19,005,000 to current retirees employed prior to the establishment of the current plans and to non-contributory plans.

Post-retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits - In addition to providing pension benefits, under Chapter 32A of the Massachusetts General Laws, the Commonwealth is required to provide certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees of the Commonwealth, housing authorities, redevelopment authorities, and certain other governmental agencies. Substantially all of the Commonwealth's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach retirement age while working for the Commonwealth. Eligible retirees are required to contribute a specified percentage of the health care benefit costs which is comparable to contributions required from employees. The Commonwealth is reimbursed for the cost of benefits to retirees of the eligible authorities and non-state agencies. The Commonwealth recognizes its share of the costs of providing these benefits when paid. These payments totaled approximately \$153,538,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997. There are approximately 44,000 participants eligible to receive benefits at June 30, 1997.

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11. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Commonwealth offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan, available to all employees of the Commonwealth and its political subdivisions, permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the Commonwealth (without being restricted to the provision of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the Commonwealth's general creditors and its political subdivisions participating in the plan. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant. All plan assets are stated at fair value. It is the opinion of the

Commonwealth that it has no liability for losses under the plan, but it does have the duty of due care which would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The plan assets are subject to the claims of the Commonwealth's general creditors; however, plan assets have not been used in the past to satisfy such claims.

Of the \$1,837,892,000 in the plan at June 30, 1997, \$1,236,901,000 was applicable to the Commonwealth; the remaining \$600,991,000 represents the assets of cities and towns participating in the plan. The assets and liabilities of the deferred compensation plan are included in Agency Funds at June 30, 1997. In August, 1996, the provisions of the IRC Section 457 were amended to require that eligible deferred compensation plans must hold its assets and income in a trust. Once the Commonwealth establishes such a trust, the Commonwealth's deferred compensation plan will be required to be reported as an expendable trust fund.

12. LEASES

Primary Government –

In order to finance the acquisition of equipment, the Commonwealth has entered into various lease/purchase agreements, including tax-exempt lease/purchase (TELP) agreements which are accounted for as capital leases. These agreements are for various terms and contain clauses indicating that their continuation is subject to appropriation by the Legislature. For fiscal year ended June 30, 1997, lease/purchase expenditures under these agreements totaled approximately \$27,254,000.

At June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth's aggregate outstanding liability under capital leases, the present value of the net minimum lease payments, totals \$87,171,000. This liability is reported in the General Long-term Obligations Accounts Group. Equipment acquired under capital leases and included in the General Fixed Assets Account Group totals approximately \$131,464,000.

The Commonwealth leases real property and equipment under numerous operating lease agreements with varying terms. These agreements contain provisions indicating that their continuation is subject to appropriation by the Legislature. Rental expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997 was approximately \$116,129,000. The following is a schedule of future minimum payments under non-cancelable leases for the Commonwealth as of June 30, 1997 (amounts in thousands):

Years Ending June 30,	Capital Leases	Operating Leases
1998	\$ 26,426	\$ 96,202
1999	23,114	75,860
2000	16,707	55,078
2001	10,535	34,772
2002	7,458	25,850
2003 and thereafter	19,115	8,170
Total payments	103,355	\$295,932
Less: amount representing interest	(16,184)	
Present value of minimum lease payments.	\$ 87,171	

University and College Fund – At June 30, 1997, aggregate outstanding liability under capital leases, the present value of the net minimum lease payments, totaled \$49,924,000. Equipment acquired under capital leases and included in University and College Fund fixed assets totaled approximately \$70,230,000.

The University and College Fund Type leases real property and equipment under numerous operating lease agreements for varying terms. Rental expenditure for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1997 was approximately \$12,171,000.

The following schedule summarizes future minimum payments under non-cancelable leases for the University and College Fund Type (amounts in thousands):

Years Ending June 30,	Capital Leases	perating
1998\$	13,595	\$ 6,421
1999	12,315	6,326
2000	10,001	5,985
2001	6,501	5,406
2002	4,607	4,210
2003 and thereafter	12,250	 6,898
Total payments	59,269	\$ 35,246
Less: amount representing interest	(9,345)	
Present value of minimum lease payments\$	49,924	

Component Units –

In fiscal 1997, the MBTA entered into several capital leases agreements on heavy rail cars, commuter cars and buses with various companies for varying terms. These leases provided for the Authority to sell and lease back these cars for a period ranging from 8 years to 18 years.

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 1997 (amounts in thousands):

Years Ending June 30,	<u>MBTA</u>	<u>RTAs</u>	Devel	nomic opment <u>orities</u>
1998	\$ 24,096	\$ 731	\$	117
<u>19</u> 99	23,071	.731		36
2000	23,522	731		19
2001	23,887	731		-
2002	24,187	731		-
2003 and thereafter	591,692	3,655		-
Total payments	710,455	7,310		172
Less amount representing interest	(462,650)	(2,037)	·	(14)
Present value of net minimum lease payments.	\$247,805	\$5,273	\$	158

The MBTA has entered into several sale-leaseback agreements with major financial institutions, covering equipment and rolling stock, which have been accounted for as operating leases. These leases expire through fiscal year 2013. Upon termination, the MBTA may purchase the equipment and rolling stock at prices equal to the lesser of a stated percentage (40%-70%) of the lessor's original purchase price or residual fair market value, as defined.

The MTA has operating leases for administrative office space and automatic toll collection equipment. These operating leases expire on various dates through June 2000. Lease expenses charged to the Massachusetts Turnpike and Sumner-Callahan-Williams Tunnels were \$873,380 of which \$554,207 were paid to the Commonwealth for office space in a state owned building.

The MTA leases property and air rights to others. The MTA earned \$4,566,813 in rental income. Rental income for the next five years is expected to approximate \$4,000,000 per year based on leases currently in effect.

The Economic Development Authorities and the RTAs have operating leases for office space.

The future minimum rental payments required under operating leases having initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year are as follows (amounts in thousands):

						EC	conomic
						Dev	elopment
Years Ending June 3	<u>MBTA</u>	l	MTA	<u>R'</u>	ΓAs	<u>Au</u>	<u>ithorities</u>
1998	\$ 13,669	\$	853	\$	15	\$	3,594
1999	12,523		655		-		3,384
2000	12,909		583		-		2,749
2001	13,221		296		-		2,420
2002	13,279		-		-		1,695
2003 and thereafter	136,807		-				1,271
Total payments	\$202,408	\$	2,387	\$	15	\$	15,113

13. COMMITMENTS

Primary Government -

Governmental Funds - The Commonwealth is obligated to provide annual subsidies to the MBTA and certain regional transit authorities for contract assistance, debt service assistance and their net cost of service deficiencies. For fiscal year 1997, these subsidies totaled \$617,367,000 for the MBTA and \$55,842,000 for the RTAs. The net cost of service subsidy is recognized as a current liability of the Commonwealth, but is funded in At June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth has arrears. recorded the unpaid portion as a flability due to the MBTA of \$232,530,000 and due to RTAs of \$58,887,000. The cities and towns served by the MBTA and RTAs will be assessed their proportionate shares of the net cost of service. A receivable from cities and towns of \$224,057,000 is recorded at June 30, 1997, to account for these future reimbursements. The MBTA has also recorded net deferred charges of \$69,732,000 at June 30, 1997, which will be included in the Commonwealth's net cost of service subsidy in future periods. The Commonwealth has recognized its liability for these future costs in the General Long-term Obligations Account Group.

The Commonwealth is also statutorily obligated to provide contract assistance for debt service obligations to the MCCA and the Government Land Bank. Such assistance totaled \$30,643,000 in fiscal year 1997.

At June 30, 1997, the aggregate outstanding debt for which the Commonwealth is obligated to provide contract assistance support totaled approximately \$3,267,697,000 long-term and \$393,375,000 short-term. In addition, the Commonwealth guarantees the debt of certain local governments and of the building authorities included in the University and College Fund Type. The guaranteed debt outstanding at June 30, 1997, was approximately \$237,012,000.

At June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth had commitments approaching \$3,089,493,000 for various construction projects. The majority relate to construction funding for a major infrastructure program known as the Central Artery/Third Harbor Tunnel Project, in which continued federal participation is anticipated. The remainder relates to a wide range of building construction projects.

Pension Trust Funds – At June 30, 1997, PRIT had outstanding commitments to invest \$260,964,000 in real estate, and \$517,750,000 in alternative investments.

University and College Fund Type – The Clinical Services Division and UMASS Health system has agreements with Blue Cross of Massachusetts, Inc., the Social Security Administration under the Medicare program and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts under the Medicaid program that govern payments to the hospital for services rendered to patients covered by these programs and require the hospital to prepare and file settlement reports annually. Provisions have been made in the financial statements for the estimated final settlements.

During 1997, Framingham State College received an appropriation of \$6,266,000 by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for the Commonwealth's share of the cost of a new athletic facility. These funds are being held and controlled by the Division of Capital Planning and Operations (DCPO), and are under its control until costs are incurred. Once the costs of construction need to be paid, the DCPO will pay the contractor on behalf of the College. The total cost of the athletic facility is estimated to be \$12,532,000 and the College is expected to provide a matching amount of \$6,266,000. The College expects to fund their matching portion with the proceeds of bonds issued through the Massachusetts Health and Educational Facilities Authority (MHEFA). Expected commencement date of construction is in March of 1999.

Component Units -

As of June 30, 1997, the MWPAT has agreed to provide loans of \$35,000,000 to various local government units to be funded with grant awards received through June 30, 1997.

Massachusetts Housing Partnership Fund (MHP) has executed twenty-two loan agreements with seventeen banks for an amount of \$330,410,000 pursuant to the Massachusetts Nationwide Interstate Banking and Community Reinvestment Act and funding commitments outstanding for funds not yet advanced of \$26,361,000 at June 30, 1997.

In 1993, the Massachusetts Turnpike Authority initiated a \$500,000,000 five-year reconstruction and improvement program. In connection with this program, the Turnpike has entered into construction contracts with various construction and engineering companies. The Authority also enters construction contracts for the Sumner and Callahan Tunnel with various construction and engineering companies. Construction and engineering companies and construction contracts outstanding at December 31, 1996 approximated \$74,900,000.

The Worcester Regional Transit Authority has executed a cooperation agreement with the Worcester Redevelopment Authority (WRA) for the development of the Union Station site with an intermodal transportation center. The Transit Authority will fund the costs related to the design and renovation of the Union Station site through federal and state grants. The WRA is the owner and will be the operator of the intermodal transportation center. Once the development of the site is complete, the Authority will transfer the cost of the project to the WRA.

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14. CONTINGENCIES

Primary Government -

Governmental Fund – The General Fund services claims for all risks of loss for which the Commonwealth is exposed, other than workers' compensation and employee group health and life insurance, which are managed in its Internal Service Funds. A number of lawsuits are pending or threatened against the Commonwealth which arose from the ordinary course of operations. These include claims for property damage and personal injury, breaches of contract, condemnation proceedings and other alleged violations of law. For those cases in which it is probable that a loss will be incurred and the amount of the potential judgment can be reasonably estimated or a settlement or judgment has been reached but not paid, the Attorney General estimates the liability to be approximately \$73,500,000. Of this amount \$6,000,000 is expected to be paid in the General Fund and \$60,700,000 in the Highway Capital Projects Fund during the fiscal year 1998. Approximately \$6,800,000 is expected to be paid thereafter, and is recorded as a liability in the General Long-Term Obligations Account Group. The General Fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to each fund based on claims paid during the year.

In addition, \$5,000,000 has been accrued in the general fund as an estimate for other claims and judgements.

The Commonwealth receives significant financial assistance from the federal government. Entitlement to these resources is generally conditional upon compliance with terms and conditions of the grant or reimbursement agreements and with applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all federal financial assistance is subject to financial and compliance audits. Any disallowance's become liabilities of the fund which received the assistance. As of June 30, 1997, the Commonwealth estimates that liabilities, if any, which may result from such audits are not material.

The Commonwealth's abandoned property law requires deposit of certain unclaimed assets into a managed Fiduciary Fund. These unclaimed assets, less \$9,210,000 which is expected to be reclaimed and paid in fiscal year 1998, are to be remitted to the General Fund each June 30, where it is included as miscellaneous revenue. Amounts remitted during fiscal year 1997 totaled approximately \$64,884,000. Since inception, approximately \$681,056,000 has been remitted. This represents a contingency, because claims for refunds can be made by the owners of the property.

Internal Service Fund - It is the policy of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to manage its risks internally and self-insure for claim settlements for risk of loss relating to workers' compensation and group health insurance in its Internal Service Fund. The Internal Service Fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to each fund based on actual claims paid during the year. All risk financing liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include amounts for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Employees Workers' Compensation and Group Health Insurance costs for Commonwealth employees are recognized when losses are incurred. The Commonwealth's outstanding liability for such losses at June 30, 1997, including claims incurred but not reported, is estimated to be \$335,965,000.

The Commonwealth has assumed responsibility for worker's compensation claims for all contractors and

subcontractors working on the Central Artery/Third Harbor Tunnel project. The Commonwealth's liability as of June 30, 1997 for such claims including incurred but not reported claims is estimated to be \$78,079,000. The Commonwealth has restricted assets set aside to pay for these liabilities.

Changes in the balance of claims and judgments liabilities for the primary government during fiscal 1997 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Amount
Liability, beginning of year Current year claims	\$ 565,820
and changes in estimates	864,442
Claims payments	(828,081)
Liability, end of year	\$ 602,181

Component Units - GASB Statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues" requires that liabilities or self-insured claims be reported if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The Massachusetts Bay Transportation Authority reserves such liabilities as accrued expenses as of June 30, 1997. Changes in the self insurance reserves in fiscal 1997 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	1	Amount
Liablility, beginning of year	\$	64,155
Current year claims		
and changes in estimates		17,179
Claims payments		(11,602)
Liability, end of year	\$	69,732

The Massachusetts Turnpike Authority has obtained health coverage for most employees through various commercial health maintenance organizations. The health coverage for certain other employees as well as coverage for job related injuries to all employees is self-insured by the Authority, with risks managed internally, at December 31, 1996, the accrual for outstanding claims under these programs, including claims incurred but not reported, was approximately \$14,000,000.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Primary Government - Legislation was enacted to abolish four counties subsequent to year end:

Franklin County - Section 567 of Chapter 151 of the Acts of 1997, abolished Franklin County as of July 1, 1997 and transferred its functions, assets, debts and obligations to the Commonwealth.

Middlesex County - Chapter 48 of the Acts of 1997 abolished the Middlesex County as of July 11, 1997 and transferred its function, assets, debts and obligations to the Commonwealth.

In addition, Chapter 48 called for the preparation of a similar abolition of Hampden and Worcester Counties as of July 1, 1998 or earlier if the county fails to make a required payment on an outstanding bond or note. Commencing in fiscal year 1998 the Commonwealth will include in its audited financial statements the financial activity of the abolished counties; for fiscal years 1997 and prior periods, the responsibility for audited financial statements reside with the former county entity.

Subsequent to June 30, 1997, the Massachusetts Turnpike Authority (MTA) and the Massachusetts Port Authority each entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Commonwealth to contribute a minimum of \$700,000,000 and \$200,000,000, respectively, to finance portions of the Central Artery/Third Harbor Tunnel project. On September 1, 1997, the MTA issued \$1,700,000,000 for revenue bonds to defease its existing debt and to raise additional funds to make the agreed upon payments to the Commonwealth.

The anticipated payments are as follows (amounts in thousands):

Years Ending June 30,	MTA	Massport	-
1998	\$100,000	\$ 12,115	
1999	600,000	30,735	
2000	-	52,236	197
2001	-	-	
2002	-	-	
2003	-	104,914	_
Total payments	\$ 700,000	\$200,000	-

On November 17, 1997, the House of Representatives and the Senate signed into law chapter 152 of the Acts of 1997. This law, authorizes financing of \$609,400,000 to build a convention center in the City of Boston. It also approved \$67,500,000 in financing for the construction and renovation of facilities in Springfield and Worcester.

University and College Fund Type – On February 12, 1997 the Board of Trustees of the University of Massachusetts voted to authorize the transfer of substantially all of the property and assets of the Clinical Services Division and the UMass Health System to the newly formed UMass Memorial Health Care Inc., or its designee. The legislation approving the merger was passed on November 25, 1997. Commencing in fiscal year 1998, the financial statements of the University and College fund type will be modified to reflect this change accordingly.

16. CHANGE IN REPORTING ENTITY

The Commonwealth adopted Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No.14 (GASB 14), "The Financial Reporting entity" in fiscal year 1994. The University of Massachusetts Foundations Inc., the University of Massachusetts Dartmouth Foundations Inc., and the Worcester City Campus Corporation had previously been excluded from the reporting entity of the University of Massachusetts, have been added in the current fiscal year. See Note 1 for a description of the component units included in the reporting entity.

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Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Account Group Schedules



The National Historical Center Detachment Boston Maintenance and Repair Crew who restored and repaired the U.S.S. Constitution.

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The Constitution's lower masts were newly manufactured. The lower mast is 103 feet long, 36 inches in diameter and weighs 26,000 pounds.

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General Fund

The General Fund is the Commonwealth's primary Governmental Fund. All governmental activities not specifically directed to another fund are accounted for in the General Fund. As a result, most budgeted operating expenditures of the Executive Secretariats, the Legislature, Constitutional Offices, and independent commissions and a portion of expenditures for the judicial system are paid from the General Fund. It similarly receives a significant portion of sales, individual income and corporate taxes, and the full amount of most other governmental taxes.

Revenues and expenditures associated with federal reimbursement-based programs are accounted for in the General Fund. These programs have various reimbursement formulas. The Commonwealth provides grants and contract assistance to several of the authorities it reports as component units. Most of these grant and contract assistance activities are recorded in the General Fund. The fund also includes financial activities related to stabilization and tax reduction.



Binding the four mast quarter section together with newly forged mast bands.

General Fund Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)					
		1997			1006
		1997	-		1996
ASSETS					
Cash and short-term investments	\$	553,912		\$	828,646
Cash with fiscal agent		746			657
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:					
Taxes		784,581			688,376
Due from federal government		687,685			543,008
Other receivables		159,300			162,521
Due from cities and towns		227,353			222,214
Due from other funds		1,410,222			621,517
Due from component units		5,859			-
Total assets	\$	3,829,658	-	\$	3,066,939
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	945,118		\$	994,290
Accrued payroll.		14,058		•	31,965
Compensated absences		100,668			96,124
Tax refunds and abatements payable		415,103			407,380
Due to other funds		229,800			-
Due to component units		51,403			57,767
Due to federal government		17,997			17,640
Deferred revenue		112,996			107,773
Claims and judgments		11,000			45,788
Notes payable		-			240,000
Total liabilities		1,898,143	_		1,998,727
Fund balance (deficit):					
Reserved for continuing appropriations		117,189			169,822
Reserved for tax reduction		91,764			231,722
Reserved for commonwealth stabilization		799,300			543,303
Reserved for retirement of indebtedness		20,814			657
Unreserved		902,448			122,708
Total fund balance (deficit)		1,931,515	-		1,068,212
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,829,658		\$	3,066,939
	·				

General Fund

Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

(Amounts in thousands)

	1997	1996
tevenues: Taxes	\$ 7,918,267	\$ 7,321,284
Assessments	207,482	212,138
	3,066,466	2,938,367
Federal grants and reimbursements	549,320	• •
Departmental		558,668
Miscellaneous		95,400
Total revenues	11,887,580	11,125,857
Other financing sources:		
Proceeds of capital leases		26,365
Transfers from component units	5,859	
Operating transfers in	461,949	484,882
Total other financing sources	529,714	511,247
Total revenues and other financing sources	12,417,294	11,637,104
xpenditures:		
Current:		
Legislature	49,308	48,922
Judiciary	43,386	57,828
Inspector General	1,680	1,577
Governor and Lieutenant Governor.	5,244	4,731
	10,335	9,611
Secretary of the Commonwealth Treasurer and Receiver-General		
I reasurer and Keceiver-General	131,438	87,645
Auditor of the Commonwealth	11,149	12,261
Attorney General	408	25,036
Ethics Commission	607	572
District Attorney	378	123
Office of Campaign and Political Finance	334	327
Disabled Persons Protection Commission	1,419	1,350
Board of Library Commissioners	1,837	-
Comptroller	6,769	6,623
Administration and finance	•	726,928
Environmental affairs.	•	47,460
Communities and development	98,132	107,098
	3,483,151	3,397,145
Health and human services.	19,839	
Transportation and construction		18
Education	154,839	148,003
Educational affairs	-	2,296
Higher education	87,698	76,304
Public safety	391,981	363,009
Economic development	2,172	12,656
Elder affairs	137,295	121,590
Consumer affairs	30,964	29,392
Labor	•	26,555
Medicaid	3,425,331	3,172,219
Pension	95,946	69,974
Direct local aid	41,287	36,000
Direct local ald	702617	000,00
Principal retirement	583,560	517,107
Interest and fiscal charges		307,805
	······································	
Total expenditures	9,922,001	9,418,165
ther financing uses:	500 01 F	
Operating transfers out		57,713
Transfers of appropriations		686,502
Transfers to component units	358,943	381,259
Total other financing uses	1,631,990	1,125,474
Total expenditures and other financing uses	11,553,991	10,543,639
Excess of revenues and other financing sources	-	-
over expenditures and other financing uses	863,303	1,093,465
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	1,068,212	(25,253
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 1,931,515	\$ 1,068,212

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Fabrication of the large mid-ship knees, using laminated white oak. Twenty-four knees were restored to the Constitution's lower deck.

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Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to finance specific functions or activities carried out by the Commonwealth.

Federal Grants — accounts for federal grant monies that are designated for specific programs, excluding federal highway construction grants, which are accounted for in the Federal Capital Projects Fund, and federal reimbursement programs such as Medicaid and AFDC which are accounted for in the General Fund.

Highway — accounts for highway user taxes including the gas tax and fees; used to finance highway maintenance and safety services, and provide matching funds for federally sponsored highway projects as required.

Local Aid — accounts for the lottery operating surplus and forty percent of sales, income, corporate and a portion of other taxes which have been earmarked for distribution to cities and towns or are used to finance programs that benefit local communities and a major portion of the court systems. *Environmental* — accounts for a variety of fees, fines, and other revenues which finance programs to preserve, protect and enhance the environment.

Lotteries — account for the operations of the State and Arts Lotteries, which have been established primarily to finance the Local Aid Fund.

Universal Health Care — accounts for assessments and other revenues that are dedicated to making health care and health insurance accessible and affordable to all citizens of the Commonwealth.

Oil Overcharge — accounts for the fines and penalties collected under federal regulation from certain oil companies doing business in the Commonwealth, and interest thereon, being accumulated to provide fuel assistance and weatherization for low income residents.

Other — accounts for a variety of miscellaneous taxes, assessments, fees, fines, and other revenues restricted to the financing of specific Commonwealth programs.



Mid-ship knees restored on lower deck. These are the unifying support of the gun deck above and the diagonal riders below.

Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

		Federal Grants	Highway		Local Aid		Envi		
ASSETS									
Cash and short-term investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$	-	\$	377,291 24,077	\$	-	\$	3,493	
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles: Taxes Due from federal government		148,555		43,972 43	,	497,223 -		650 716	
Other receivables Due from cities and towns Inventory		- - 48,805		1,320 - -		- 667 -		17,850 - -	
Other assets Total assets	\$	- 197,360	\$	446,703	\$	497,890	\$	22,709	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:					(N)				
Accounts payable Accrued payroll		106,351 551	\$	28,790 798	\$	167,802 51	\$	13,884 248	
Compensated absences Tax refunds and abatements payable		10,934 -		17,199 237		27,114 276,259		3,339 -	
Due to other funds Due to component units Due to federal government		19,479 -		86,808		1,185,884 193,816		-	
Deferred revenue Claims and judgments		48,805		171		52,567 -		1,024 -	
Other accrued liabilities		7		- 134,003	. <u></u> ,	- 1,903,493	<u></u>		ر به معنان می از این این می می می این می
				10 1,000				10,470	ан (ур. 1914) - Элерикан 1917 - Элерикан 1917 - Элерикан
Fund balances (deficits): Reserved for continuing appropriations Reserved for retirement of indebtedness		 -		145 24,077		36,755		11,373	r .A.
Unreserved		11,233		288,478	(1,442,358)		(7,159)	
Fund balances (deficits)		11,233		312,700	_(1,405,603)		4,214	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	197,360	\$	446,703	\$	497,890	\$	22,709	

		Ŧ	T						То	tals		-
L	Universal Health Lotteries Care		Health	Ov	Oil rercharge		Other		1997		1996	.
\$	56,143	\$	97,946	\$	13,719	\$	277,721	\$	826,313	\$	755,558	
	.		-		-		-		24,077		21,914	
	-		· -	x	-		18,595		560,440		486,905	
	-		-		-		-		149,314		184,592	
	14,748		60,674		-		5,512		100,104		122,927	
	-		-		-		-		667		627	
			-		-		-		48,805		112,558	
	2,700		-		-	.	-		2,700		-	-
\$	73,591	\$	158,620	\$	13,719	\$	301,828	\$	1,712,420	\$	1,685,081	:
								÷	×		3	
					· -			13.				
\$	41,022	\$	2,884	\$	479	\$	27,249	\$	388,461	\$	452,442	
	-		6 2		1		61		1,716		8,979	
	1,793		<u></u> 2		97		1,073		61,551		57,163	
	-		-		-		-		276,496		271,068	
	-		-		-		- 4,044		1,205,363 284,668		563,095 237,518	
	-		-		-		663		663		534	
	6,217		8,826		-		-		117,610		204,482	
	-		-		-		-		-		7,317	
	-		79,825		-		-		79,832		83,627	_
	49,032		91,543		577		33,090		2,416,360		1,886,225	م برازیکر برازیکر
	-		-		-		14,800		63,073		70,951	
	- 24,559		- 67,077		- 13,142		253,938		24,077 (791,090)		21,914 (294,009)	
	24,559		67,077	·	13,142		268,738		(703,940)		(201,144)	•
\$	73,591	\$	158,620	\$	13,719	\$	301,828	\$	1,712,420	\$	1,685,081	•

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

(Amounts in	thousands)

Assessments - 10,250 - 16,0 Pederal parts and reimbursements 1,457,359 2,675 - 43, Departmental 1,864 282 22,9 Total revenues 1457,400 848,524 4,351,802 97,3 Other financing sources: - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - - 744,794 1 -					
Revenues: S			TT:-1	Y1 Ald	Paula mart 1
Taxes. \$ <th>Revenues:</th> <th>Grants</th> <th>Highway</th> <th>Local Ald</th> <th>Environmental</th>	Revenues:	Grants	Highway	Local Ald	Environmental
Assessments - 10,250 - 16,0 Departmental 1,457,359 2,675 - 43 Departmental 1,864 282 22,9 Total revenues 1,457,400 848,524 4,351,802 97,3 Other financing sources: - 744,794 1 Total revenues and other financing sources: - 744,794 1 Current: 266 387,245 5,096,596 97,4 Audior of the Commonwealth 76 6,6135 6,135 6 Audior of the Commonwealth - - 6,36 2,916 - Audior of the Commonwealth - - 3,367 8 6,33 - - - - - - - - - - - - -		\$-	\$ 516,452	\$ 4,349,759	\$ 7,512
Departmental - 317,283 1,761 46,4 Miscellancous 1,864 282 22,9 Total revenues 1,457,400 848,524 4,351,802 27,3 Operating transfers in - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 64 - - Current -	Assessments	-		-	16,095
Departmental - 317,283 1,761 464 Miscellancous 1,864 282 22,9 Total revenues 1,457,400 848,524 4,351,802 27,3 Operating transfers in - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total revenues and other financing sources 1,457,400 848,524 5,096,596 97,4 Separatig transfers in - - - 665 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth 765 - 636 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth - - - - Auditor of the Commonwealth 64 - - - Auditor of the Commonwealth 1,606 2,112 2,303		1,457,359	•		4,307
Miscilaneous. 41 1,864 282 22.9 Total revenues. 1,457,400 848,524 4,351,802 97,3 Detraining sources: - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources. - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources. - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources. 1,457,400 848,524 5,096,596 97,4 Seperatary of the Commonwealth. 765 - 6,135 1 Treasurer and Receiver-General. 1,460 636 2,916 Autoney General. 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission - - 582 522 522.0 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.761</td> <td>46,495</td>	-			1.761	46,495
Total revenues 1,457,400 848,524 4,351,802 97,3 Other financing sources: - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total revenues and other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total revenues and other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Current: Judiciary - 665 - 61,35 Treasurer and Receiver-General 1,460 636 2,916 - 684 - 695 Auditor of the Commonwealth - - 684 - 367 - 54,16 - - - 366 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - - 366 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 1,7610 2,712 22,303 63,6 Comproller - 1,603 - 2,643 5,6 - - - <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>22,914</td>	•			•	22,914
Other financing sources: 744,794 1 Optaining transfers in				·	97,323
Total other financing sources - - 744,794 1 Total revenues and other financing sources 1,457,400 \$48,524 5,096,596 97,4 Expenditures: Current: 2066 - 387,245 Secretary of the Commonwealth 765 - 6,135 Attorney General 1,460 636 2,916 Attorney General 3,071 8 683 District Attorney: 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance - - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - Administration and finance 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmential faltis 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 28,872 1,005 1 Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 209 Education affairs - - - - Transportatio and construction 12,4	Other financing sources:				· · ·
Total revenues and other financing sources. 1,457,400 848,524 5,096,596 97,4 Expenditures: Current: judiciary					107
Expenditures: 266 387,245 Current: 1,460 636 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth 1,460 636 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth - 685 683 Treasurer and Receiver-General 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission - - 582 District Attomey 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commissioners 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller - - 2,330 63,6 Comptroller 1,939 5,426 99,644 4,7 Environmental affairs 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 - 1,805 - Health and human services 559,635 - 1,005 - Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 - Health and human services 23,705 <	Total other financing sources		-	744,794	107
Current: Judiciary 266 - 387,245 Secretary of the Commonwealth 765 - 6,135 Treasurer and Receiver-General 1,460 636 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth - - 685 Auditor of the Commonwealth - - 582 District Attorney 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance - - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - - Computoller - - - - - Comptoller - - - - - Communities and development 12,603 - 28,872 - - Haith and human services 559,635 - 1,005 - - - Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 - - - Higher education 1,595 - 209 - - - <td>Total revenues and other financing sources</td> <td>1,457,400</td> <td>848,524</td> <td>5,096,596</td> <td>97,430</td>	Total revenues and other financing sources	1,457,400	848,524	5,096,596	97,430
Judiciary 266 - 387,245 Secretary of the Commonwealth 765 - 6,135 Treasurer and Receiver-General 1,460 636 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth - - 685 Attorney General 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission - - 582 District Attorney 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. - - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - Board of Library Commissioners 2,498 - 2,011 Computities and development 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 12,482 118,413 5 Education 12,482 118,413 5 Education 1,595 - 209 Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1	Expenditures:				-7
Secretary of the Commonwealth	Current:				
Treasurer and Receiver-General. 1,460 636 2,916 Automey General. 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission - - 684 District Attorney. 664 - - Board of Library Commissioners. 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller. - - - Administration and finance. 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs. 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development. 216,035 - 2,8872 63,6 Health and human services. 559,635 - 1,005 1 7 Transportation and Construction 12,482 118,413 5 5 209 423,590 4 Education 1,595 - 209 209 15,1 5 15,1 Education 2,59,434 - 9,192 - 7 2009 134,390 2 113 3 15,1 Education - 7,000 2,045 - - 7,	Judiciary	266	-	387,245	-
Tressurer and Receiver-General. 1,460 636 2,916 Auditor of the Commonwealth. - - 695 Attorney General. 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission - - 582 District Attorney 664 - - District Attorney 664 - - Board of Library Commissioners 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller - - - Administration and finance 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 - 28,872 - Health and human services 559,635 - 1,005 - Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 - Education 389,507 29,296 423,500 4 Education 1,595 - 209 - Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Elder affairs 70 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	•		-		-
Auditor of the Commonwealth. - - 695 Attorney General. 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission - - 582 District Attorney 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - Board of Library Commissioners 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller - - 2,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 - 28,872 Health and human services 559,635 - 1,005 Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 Educational affairs - - - Heigher education 1,595 - 209 Public saftety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Educational affairs 70 2,045 - - Higher education - 72,000 4 26,024 4 Direct local aid - 72,000 - 72,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td>636</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>			636	•	
Attomey General. 3,071 8 683 Ethics Commission. - 582 District Attomey. 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance. - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 46 - - Disabled Persons Protection Commission. 46 - - Comptroller. 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller. 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs. 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development. 216,035 - 1,005 7 Transportation and construction. 12,482 118,413 5 6 Education 1,595 209 9 9 9 9 9 192 0 2,445 - - - - 19,499 2,4748 15,1 15,1 209 9 9 19,12 0 20,05 13,3,30 21,433 5 20,94 - 19,192 0 20,45 - 12,6002 4,871 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>				•	
Ethics Commission - - 582 District Attorney 684 - 54,136 Office of Campaign and Political Finance - - 336 Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - Board of Library Commissioners 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller - - - - Administration and finance 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 - 28,872 - Health and human services 559,635 - 1,005 - Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 - Educational affairs - - - - Higher education 1,595 - 209 - Public safety 23,705 186,661 230,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - -			8		
District Attomey		- ,	0		· · -
Office of Campaign and Political Finance			-		•
Disabled Persons Protection Commission 46 - - Board of Library Commissioners 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller - - - Administration and finance 1,399 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 - 28,872 - Health and human services 559,635 - 1,005 - - Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 -			+		-
Board of Library Commissioners 2,498 - 2,031 Comptroller - - - Administration and finance 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs 216,035 - 28,872 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>· -</td> <td></td> <td>•</td>			· -		•
Comptroller			•	*	-
Administration and finance. 1,939 5,426 99,684 4,7 Environmental affairs. 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development. 216,035 - 28,872 Health and human services. 559,635 - 1,005 Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 Education 389,507 29,296 423,590 4 Education 1,595 - 209 Public safety. 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development. 7,015 - - - Labor. 134,390 2 113 - - Labor. 134,390 2 113 -	•		-	2,031	-
Environmental affairs 17,610 27,112 22,330 63,6 Communities and development 216,035 - 28,872 Health and human services 55,953 - 1,005 Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 Educational affairs - - - Higher education 389,507 29,296 423,590 4 Educational affairs - - - - Higher education 1,595 - 209 9 Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - - 9,192 Consumer affairs 70 2,045 - 1407 Labor - 36,606 280,024 4 Direct local aid - 51,824 3,584,225 1 Debt service: - 126,022 40,877 - Principal retirement - 126,022 40,877 - Interest and fiscal charges - 170,993 68,003 -			-	-	-
Communities and development. 216,035 - 28,872 Health and human services. 559,635 - 1,005 Transportation and construction. 12,482 118,413 5 Educational affairs. - - - Higher education. 1,595 - 209 Public safety. 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development. 7,015 - - - Consumer affairs. 25,994 - 9,192 - Consumer affairs. 70 2,045 - - Labor. 134,390 2 113 - - 72,000 Pension. - 36,606 280,024 4 - - 72,000 Pension. - - 134,390 2 113 - - 72,000 - Pension. - - 12,6022 40,877 - 170,933 68,003 - - 170,933 68,003 - - - 54 1,84 1,28 1,28	Administration and finance	1,939	5,426	99,684	4,718
Health and human services 559,635 - 1,005 Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 Education 389,507 29,296 423,590 4 Higher education 1,595 - 209 Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - - - Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 Consumer affairs 70 2,045 - Labor 134,390 2 113 Medicaid - - 72,000 Pension - 36,606 280,024 4 4 Direct local aid - 51,824 3,584,225 1 Debt service: - 126,022 40,877 - 170,933 68,003 Total expenditures 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,55 Transfers of appropriations - - 54 1,8 Transfers of appropriations - - 54 1,8 Total expenditures and other financing uses	Environmental affairs	17,610	27,112	22,330	63,649
Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 Education 389,507 29,296 423,590 4 Higher education 1,595 - 209 Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - - - Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 - - Consumer affairs 70 2,045 -	Communities and development	216,035	-	28,872	-
Transportation and construction 12,482 118,413 5 Education 389,507 29,296 423,590 4 Higher education 1,595 - 209 Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - - - Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 - - Consumer affairs 70 2,045 -	Health and human services	559,635	-	1,005	-
Education $389,507$ $29,296$ $423,590$ 4 Higher education $1,595$ - 209 Public safety $23,705$ $186,361$ $232,748$ $15,1$ Economic development $7,015$ - - Elder affairs $25,994$ - $9,192$ Consumer affairs 70 $2,045$ - Labor 134,390 2 113 Medicaid - - $72,000$ Pension - $36,606$ $280,024$ 4 Direct local aid - $51,824$ $3,584,225$ 1 Direct local aid - $51,824$ $3,584,225$ 1 Direct local aid - $126,022$ $40,877$ 1 Interest and fiscal charges - $170,933$ $68,003$ $-$ Total expenditures $0,414$ $2,982$ $144,827$ $12,88$ Transfers of appropriations - - 54 $1,85$ Total other financing uses $60,414$ $2,982$ $144,827$ <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>118,413</td><td>•</td><td>-</td></td<>			118,413	•	-
Educational affairs	•	•		-	419
Higher education 1,595 - 209 Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - - - Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 - - Consumer affairs 70 2,045 - - - - - - - - 27,000 - <		565,507	2,20	425,570	417
Public safety 23,705 186,361 232,748 15,1 Economic development 7,015 - - - Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 - - Consumer affairs 70 2,045 -		1 505	-	200	-
Economic development 7,015 - - 9,192 Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 Consumer affairs 70 2,045 - Labor 134,390 2 113 Medicaid - 72,000 - Pension - 36,606 280,024 4 Direct local aid - 51,824 3,584,225 1 Debt service: - 126,022 40,877 - Principal retirement - 126,022 40,877 - Interest and fiscal charges - 170,933 68,003 - Total expenditures - 54 5,317,636 84,55 Operating transfers out 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,88 Transfers to component units 1,000 112,286 248,770 - Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,66 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,66 Total expenditures and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428	-		10(2(1		-
Elder affairs 25,994 - 9,192 Consumer affairs 70 2,045 - Labor 134,390 2 113 Medicaid - - 72,000 Pension - 36,606 280,024 4 Direct local aid - 51,824 3,584,225 1 Debt service: - 126,022 40,877 1 Interest and fiscal charges - 170,933 68,003 - Total expenditures 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,55 Operating transfers out 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,8 Transfers of appropriations - - 54 1,8 Transfers of appropriations - - 54 1,8 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,6 Total expenditures and other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,1 xccess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7)			180,301	232,748	15,156
Consumer affairs. 70 $2,045$ - Labor. 134,390 2 113 Medicaid. - 72,000 Pension - 36,606 280,024 4 Direct local aid. - 51,824 3,584,225 1 Debt service: - 126,022 40,877 1 Principal retirement. - 170,933 68,003 - Total expenditures. 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,55 Operating transfers out. 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,88 Transfers of appropriations. - - 54 1,8 Transfers to component units. 1,000 112,286 248,770 - Total other financing uses. 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,66 Total expenditures and other financing uses. 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,1 xccess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources 0ver expenditures and other financing uses. (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7 und balances (deficits) at beginning of year.			-	-	
Labor			-	. 9,192	-
Medicaid - 72,000 Pension - 36,606 280,024 4 Direct local aid - 51,824 3,584,225 1 Debt service: - 126,022 40,877 1 Principal retirement - 170,933 68,003 - Total expenditures 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,5 Operating transfers out 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,8 Transfers of appropriations - - 54 1,8 Transfers to component units 1,000 112,286 248,770 - Total expenditures and other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,6 Total other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,1 xcess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7) und balances (deficits) at beginning of year 14,014 334,128 (790,912) 5,9			2,045	-	-
Pension			2		-
Direct local aid	Medicaid	-	-	72,000	-
Debt service: 126,022 40,877 Interest and fiscal charges 170,933 68,003 Total expenditures 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,55 other financing uses: 00 12,282 144,827 12,88 Operating transfers out 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,88 Transfers of appropriations 54 1,8 Transfers to component units 1,000 112,286 248,770 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,66 Total expenditures and other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,14 xxcess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7,7,9,912) und balances (deficits) at beginning of year 14,014 334,128 (790,912) 5,9	Pension	-	36,606	280,024	474
Principal retirement	Direct local aid	-	51,824	3,584,225	119
Interest and fiscal charges - 170,933 68,003 Total expenditures 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,57 Other financing uses: 0 0 12,282 144,827 12,88 Transfers of appropriations 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,88 Transfers to component units 1,000 112,286 248,770 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,66 Total expenditures and other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,14 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7,74) Yund balances (deficits) at beginning of year 14,014 334,128 (790,912) 5,91	Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges - 170,933 68,003 Total expenditures 1,398,767 754,684 5,317,636 84,57 Other financing uses: 0 0 12,282 144,827 12,88 Transfers of appropriations 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,88 Transfers to component units 1,000 112,286 248,770 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,66 Total expenditures and other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,14 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7,74) Yund balances (deficits) at beginning of year 14,014 334,128 (790,912) 5,91	Principal retirement	-	126,022	40.877	-
Other financing uses: $60,414$ $2,982$ $144,827$ $12,8$ Operating transfers out $60,414$ $2,982$ $144,827$ $12,8$ Transfers of appropriations 54 $1,8$ Transfers to component units $1,000$ $112,286$ $248,770$ Total other financing uses $61,414$ $115,268$ $393,651$ $14,6$ Total other financing uses $1,460,181$ $869,952$ $5,711,287$ $99,11$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses $(2,781)$ $(21,428)$ $(614,691)$ $(1,7)$ Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year $14,014$ $334,128$ $(790,912)$ $5,9$		-		•	-
Operating transfers out $60,414$ $2,982$ $144,827$ $12,8$ Transfers of appropriations 54 $1,8$ Transfers to component units $1,000$ $112,286$ $248,770$ Total other financing uses $61,414$ $115,268$ $393,651$ $14,6$ Total other financing uses $61,414$ $115,268$ $393,651$ $14,6$ Total expenditures and other financing uses $1,460,181$ $869,952$ $5,711,287$ $99,11$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses $(2,781)$ $(21,428)$ $(614,691)$ $(1,7)$ und balances (deficits) at beginning of year $14,014$ $334,128$ $(790,912)$ $5,9$	Total expenditures	1,398,767	754,684	5,317,636	84,535
Operating transfers out 60,414 2,982 144,827 12,8 Transfers of appropriations 1,000 112,286 248,770 14,6 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,6 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,6 Total expenditures and other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,1 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7,7,9,912) Yund balances (deficits) at beginning of year					
Transfers of appropriations541,8Transfers to component units1,000112,286248,770Total other financing uses61,414115,268393,65114,6Total expenditures and other financing uses1,460,181869,9525,711,28799,1Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing uses(2,781)(21,428)(614,691)(1,7)und balances (deficits) at beginning of year14,014334,128(790,912)5,9		60 414	2 982	144 827	12 805
Transfers to component units 1,000 112,286 248,770 Total other financing uses 61,414 115,268 393,651 14,60 Total expenditures and other financing uses 1,460,181 869,952 5,711,287 99,11 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing uses (2,781) (21,428) (614,691) (1,7) und balances (deficits) at beginning of year 14,014 334,128 (790,912) 5,9			2,702	•	
Total other financing uses		1 000	112 286		1,829
Total expenditures and other financing uses1,460,181869,9525,711,28799,14Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	- ·				14 624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses			•••••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
over expenditures and other financing uses		1,400,101	007,732	5,/11,20/	99,109
Tund balances (deficits) at beginning of year 14,014 334,128 (790,912) 5,9.		(0.701)	(01.400)	1114 101	/ * = ·
	over expenditures and other financing uses	(2,781)	(21,428)	(614,691)	(1,739)
	und balances (deficits) at beginning of year	14,014	334,128	(790,912)	5,953
3 und balances (deficits) at end of year 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Fund balances (deficits) at end of year		\$ 312,700	\$ (1,405,603)	\$ 4,214

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	Theirsenal			Totals			
	Universal Health	Oil					
Lotteries	Care	Overcharge	Other	1997	1996		
2,548	\$-	\$-	\$ 235,939	\$ 5,112,210	\$ 4,604,454		
-	304,782	-	. 13,495	344,622	382,800		
-	15,000	-	-	1,479,341	1,516,586		
3,357,881	86,319	-	36,497	3,846,236	3,761,579		
16,856	3,141	1,518	9,348	55,964	154,881		
3,377,285	409,242	1,518	295,279	10,838,373	10,420,300		
5,024	28,078	-	185,070	963,073	934,179		
5,024	28,078	-	185,070	963,073	934,179		
3,382,309	437,320	1,518	480,349	11,801,446	11,354,479		
=	-	-	1,855	389,366	346,652		
-	-	-	-	6,900	5,318		
2,573,450	-	-	535	2,578,997	2,488,659		
-	-	-		695	722		
-	-	-	950	4,712	3,805		
-	· -	•.		582	575		
-	-	-	6,656	61,476	54,891		
-	-	•	· -	336 46	329 44		
-	-		-	4,529	4,461		
-	-	-	-		14		
· _	61		90,842	202,670	215,893		
-	-	87 976	7,273	138,061	157,930		
-	-	976	-	245,883	240,280		
-	366,752	•	96,005	1,023,397	1,208,403		
-	-	-	• .	130,900	154,621		
-	*	-	28,717	871,529	809,701		
-	-	-	-	-	11,368		
-	-	-	180	1,984	3,720		
-	-	-	10,391	468,361	477,630		
-	-	2,487	21,418	30,920	98,635		
-	-	-	1,128 4,366	36,314 6,481	33,598		
-	20,461	•	6,604	161,570	6,004 94,801		
-		-	0,004	72,000	68,931		
-	-	-	-	317,104	312,536		
-	-	-	-	3,636,168	3,315,232		
-	. –	-	2,210	169,109	167,159		
•	-		541	239,477	199,710		
2,573,450	387,274	3,550	279,671	10,799,567	10,481,622		
770,161	31,161	126	99,033	1,121,509	1,203,816		
-	29	■ . _	92 19,106	2,004 381,162	2,012 281,774		
770,161	31,190	126	118,231	1,504,675	1,487,602		
3,343,611	418,464	3,676	397,902	12,304,242	11,969,224		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- ,					
38,698	18,856	(2,158)	82,447	(502,796)	(614,745)		
(14,139)	48,221	15,300	186,291	(201,144)	413,601		
			,	(=·-;-··)	,		

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances -

Statutory Basis - Budget And Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

		Highway		Local Aid				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
evenues:	£ £16 100	¢ 514 560	\$ (1,540)	\$ 4,169,000	\$ 4,297,166	£ 100.100		
Taxes Assessments	\$ 510,100	\$ 514,560 10,250	\$ (1,540) 10,250	\$ 4,109,000	\$ 4,297,100	\$ 128,166		
Federal grants and reimbursements	4,000	2,675	(1,325)	-	-			
Departmental		317,357	(2,643)	2,100	1,761	(339)		
Miscellaneous	-	1,836	1,836	-,	282	282		
Total revenues	840,100	846,678	6,578	4,171,100	4,299,209	128,109		
ther financing sources;			0,570		4,277,207			
Fringe benefit cost recovery	-		_	_	_	_		
Operating transfers in		-	-	631,200	684,794	53,594		
Stabilization transfer		-	-		-			
Transfer for tax reduction		-	-	-	60,000	60,000		
Total other financing sources				631,200	744,794	113,594		
Total revenues and other financing sources		846,678	6,578	4,802,300	5,044,003	241,703		
- · ·	840,100		0,578	4,802,500		241,703		
(penditures: Judiciary	-	_	_	392,727	381,713	11,014		
Secretary of the Commonwealth		-	-	6,120	6,106	11,014		
Treasurer and Receiver-General		636	73	3,512	2,916	596		
Auditor of the Commonwealth			-	696	695	1		
Attorney General		- 8	-	685	682	3		
Ethics Commission	-	-	_	- 584	584	-		
District Attorney		_	_	54,027	53,517	510		
Office of Campaign & Political Finance		-	_	336	336	510		
Disabled Persons Protection Commission		-	_	-	-	_		
Board of Library Commissioners		-	-	2,037	2,025	12		
Comptroller		-	-	_,	-,0			
Administration and finance.		5,428	453	152,840	120,055	32,785		
Environmental affairs.		27,158	2,253	28,442	26,647	1,795		
Health and human services	,		-,	11,260	1,009	10,251		
Transportation and construction		177,115	2,400	117,355	117,000	355		
Education	-	-	-	143,146	138,476	4,670		
Higher education	-	-	-	304	263	41		
Public safety		186,212	2,155	239,833	232,826	7,007		
Economic development	•	-	· -	30,696	29,872	824		
Elder affairs	-	-	-	9,249	9,192	57		
Consumer affairs	2,040	2,032	8	-	· _	-		
Labor		2	-	128	113	15		
Medicaid	-	-	-	72,000	72,000	-		
Pension	74,836	74,185	651	638,123	635,480	2,643		
irect local aid	43,472	43,472	-	3,519,676	3,513,828	5,848		
ebt service:								
Principal retirement	127,700	126,022	1,678	41,421	40,877	544		
Interest and fiscal charges	173,209	170,933	2,276	68,908	68,003	905		
Total expenditures	825,150	813,203	11,947	5,534,105	5,454,215	79,890		
ther financing uses:								
Fringe benefit cost assessment		-	-	-	46,014	(46,014)		
Operating transfers out		48,937	-	137,024	137,024	•		
Stabilization transfer		-	-	-	53,701	(53,701)		
Transfer for tax reduction						-		
Total other financing uses	48,937	48,937	-	137,024	236,739	(99,715)		
Total expenditures and other financing sources	. 874,087	862,140	11,947	5,671,129	5,690,954	(19,825)		
xcess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing	. –							
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(33,987)	(15,462)	18,525	(868,829)	(646,951)	221,878		
			•			· · · · · · · · · · ·		
und balances (deficits) at beginning of year (as restated)		389,349		(708,878)	(708,878)			
		\$ 373,887	\$ 18,525	\$ (1,577,707)	\$ (1,355,829)	\$ 221,878		

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

		Environmental		ntrol	dministrative Cor	A	Commonwealth Stabilization		
	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	Actual	Budget
	\$ (998) 16,154	\$ 7,502 16,154	\$ 8,500	\$ 7,575	\$ 278,975	\$ 271,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$-
	506 (33,298) 22,939	3,806 47,240 22,939	3,300 80,538 -	41,256 68,187 16,407	41,256 79,523 16,407	11,336	(21,000) 21,744	21,744	21,000
	5,303	97,641	92,338	133,425	416,161	282,736	744	21,744	21,000
	. <u>-</u>	-	-	671	671		-	-	-
	. 7	107	100	59,651	59,651	•	- 234,253	- 234,253	-
			-	-		-	-		
	7	107	100	60,322	60,322	-	234,253	234,253	
	5,310	97,748	92,438	193,747	476,483	282,736	234,997	255,997	21,000
	· -	-	-	-	3,478	3,478	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	125 38	125 38	•	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-		-	-	 29	-	-	-
	-	-	NY ^X s	-	28	28	-	· -	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	•	-	-	-	32	32	-	-	-
	-	-	-	15	626	641	6	-	-
	2,663	4,718	7,381	48,681 29	82,388 1,155	131,069 1,184	· · · · ·	-	-
	6,390	70,748	77,138	29 1,987	13,199	1,184	-	-	-
	-	-	-	7	1,056	1,063	-	-	-
	- 59	- 1,827	- 1,886	2,384	131 8,702	131 11,086	-	-	-
	1,968	15,157	17,125	2,384	23,249	23,547	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	132	132	-	-	-
	-	-		-	20 314	20 314	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	32	32	-	-	-
.1	-	-	1 016	-	-	-	-	•	-
یہ ہے۔ مرد	5 -	1,011	1,016	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	20,814	253,065	273,879	-	-	-
	-			-	20,500	20,500		*	
	11,085	93,461	104,546	74,215	408,270	482,485			-
	(12,672)	12,672 135	- 135	(572)	572 52,650	- 52,650	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-		<u> </u>	150,000	150,000	<u> </u>		
	(12,672)	12,807	135	(572)	203,222	202,650			-
	(1,587)	106,268	104,681	73,643	611,492	685,135	<u> </u>		-
	3,723	(8,520)	(12,243)	267,390	(135,009)	(402,399)	234,997	255,997	21,000
	-	7,765	7,765		290,763	290,763		543,303	543,303
	\$ 3,723	\$ (755)	\$ (4,478)	\$ 267,390	\$ 155,754	\$ (111,636)	\$ 234,997	\$ 799,300	\$ 564,303

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Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances -

Statutory Basis - Budget And Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

· · ·		Other		Totals				
	•		Variance Favorable			Variance Favorable		
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)		
levenues:						<u></u>		
Taxes	\$ 155,100	\$ 219,395	\$ 64,295	\$ 5,120,100	\$ 5,317,598	\$ 197,498		
Assessments	-	-	-		26,404	26,404		
Federal grants and reimbursements		-	-	7,300	47,737	40,437		
Departmental	23,526	25,731	2,205	458,500	471,612	13,112		
Miscellaneous	-	212	212	-	63,420	63,420		
Total revenues	178,626	245,338	66,712	5,585,900	5,926,771	340,871		
ther financing sources:								
Fringe benefit cost recovery					671	671		
		130,671	130,671	631,300				
Operating transfers in	-	150,071	130,071	031,300	875,223	243,923		
Stabilization transfer	-	-	-	-	234,253	234,253		
Transfer for tax reduction	-	-	-	-	60,000	60,000		
Total other financing sources	-	130,671	130,671	631,300	1,170,147	538,847		
Total revenues and other financing sources		376,009	197,383	6,217,200	7,096,918	879,718		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	178,020		177,585	0,217,200	7,090,910	673,718		
xpenditures:				206 205	205 101			
Judiciary	-	-	-	396,205	385,191	11,014		
Secretary of the Commonwealth	-	-	•	6,245	6,231	14		
Treasurer and Receiver-General		534	88	4,881	4,124	757		
Auditor of the Commonwealth	-	-	-	696	695	1		
Attorney General	953	950	3	1,646	· 1,640	6		
Ethics Commission	-	-	-		612	-		
District Attorney	6,500	6,440	60	60,527	59,957	570		
Office of Campaign & Political Finance		0,770	-	336	336	570		
		-	-	32		-		
Disabled Persons Protection Commission		-	-		32	-		
Board of Library Commissioners	-	-	-	2,037	2,025	12		
Comptroller	-	-	•	641	626	15		
Administration and finance	52,924	30,658	22,266	350,095	243,247	106,848		
Environmental affairs	1,612	1,576	36	137,787	127,284	10,503		
Health and human services		95,285	4,402	126,133	109,493	16,640		
Transportation and construction		,====	.,	297,933	295,171	2,762		
Education	29,045	28,718	327	172,322		4,997		
		•			167,325			
Higher education	357	272	85	13,633	11,064	2,569		
Public safety	5,740	5,638	102	474,612	463,082	11,530		
Economic development	26,780	24,959	1,821	57,608	54,963	2,645		
Elder affairs	1,574	1,131	443	10,843	10,343	500		
Consumer affairs	3,505	2,822	683	5,859	5,168	691		
Labor	8,289	7,828	461	8,451	7,975	476		
Medicaid			-	72,000	72,000	470		
	-		-	•	,	2 200		
Pension	-	· •	-	713,975	710,676	3,299.		
irect local aid	-	-	-	3,563,148	3,557,300	5,848		
bebt service:					· · · -			
Principal retirement	-	-	-	443,000	419,964	23,036		
Interest and fiscal charges	5	5		262,622	259,441	3,181		
Total expenditures	237,593	206,816	30,777	7,183,879	6,975,965	207,914		
ther financing uses:			/		/* ···-	/** ** *		
Fringe benefit cost assessment		3,759	(3,759)	-	63,017	(63,017)		
Operating transfers out	10,321	10,321	-	249,067	249,067	-		
Stabilization transfer	-	-	-	-	53,701	(53,701)		
Transfer for tax reduction	. 1 -	-	-	150,000	150,000	-		
Total other financing uses	10,321	14,080	(3,759)	399,067	515,785	(116,718)		
Total expenditures and other financing sources	247,914	220,896	27,018	7,582,946	7,491,750	91,196		
xcess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		155,113	224,401	(1,365,746)	(394,832)	970,914		
,			224,401	• • • •		970,914		
	85,217	85,217	· •	607,519	607,519	-		
und balances (deficits) at beginning of year (as restated)	\$ 15,929							

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Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used to acquire or construct major capital assets and to finance local capital projects.

General — accounts for proceeds of bonds sold to fund the construction or acquisition of capital assets for general Commonwealth purposes, excluding highway construction and projects targeted for specific localities or purposes.

Capital Investment Trust Fund — to account for a transfer from the general fund to fund appropriated items of a capital nature specified in Section 107 2E of Chapter 88 of the Acts of 1997.

Highway — accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold to finance construction of state highways and to fund the Commonwealth's share of federally sponsored highway construction.

Federal Highway Construction — accounts for federal highway construction projects which, with the Commonwealth's required share of matching funds, finance interstate highways and similar projects within Massachusetts to promote a nationwide highway system.

Local Aid — accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold to finance the construction of correctional facilities, water pollution abatement projects and other local projects in specific localities of the Commonwealth.

Other — accounts for the proceeds of bonds sold to finance land acquisition for economic development, preservation and recreational purposes, and other capital projects.



Ten tons (3,200 sheets) of copper held on with 400,000 copper nails were hand-driven in place. The copper is the protective barrier against marine organisms and growth.

Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

		General	I1	Capital nvestment Trust	Highway		
ASSETS							
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:							
Due from federal government	\$	4,101	\$	_	\$	_	
Other receivables	Ψ	-,101	Ψ	_	φ	-	
Due from other funds		_		229,800		-	
· ·		4.101		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Total assets	\$	4,101	\$	229,800	\$	-	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:	¢	74.169	۴		^	50 450	
Accounts payable	\$	74,168	\$. –	\$	53,458	
Accrued payroll		44		-		183	
Compensated absences		520				3,928	
Due to other funds		62,568 27		-		102,921	
Due to component unit Due to federal government		27		-		-	
Due to rederal government		-		-		-	
Claims and judgments.		-		-		-	
						60,700	
Total liabilities		137,327		-		221,190	
Fund balances (deficits):							
Reserved for Capital Projects		_		229,800			
Unreserved		(133,226)		227,000		(221,190)	
•				,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Fund balances (deficits)		(133,226)		229,800		(221,190)	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,101	\$	229,800	\$	_	
	tals	To				Federal Iighway	
------	---------------------	-------------------	---------	-----------------------	----	--------------------	----
	1996	1997	Other	 ocal Aid	L	nstruction	
•	\$ 118,823 1,046	\$ 165,527 133	-	\$ · -	\$	161,426 133	\$
	27,059	249,818	-	-		20,018	
	\$ 146,928	\$ 415,478	-	\$ 	\$	181,577	\$
	\$ 293,082	\$ 331,239	983	\$ 21,187	\$	181,443	\$
	1,306	238	-	10		1	
	4,376 69,068	4,461 215,644	386	5 49,769		8	
. **	637	215,011	-	-		-	
•	761	-	-	-		-	
	95 -	107 60,700	-	ية <mark>-</mark> - •		107	
	369,325	612,416	1,369	70,971		181,559	
	· · · -	229,800	-			-	
	(222,397)	(426,738)	(1,369)	 (70,971)		18	
	(222,397)	(196,938)	(1,369)	 (70,971)		18	
	\$ 146,928	\$ 415,478		\$ -	\$	181,577	\$

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Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

	General	Capital Investment Trust	Highway
Revenues:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Federal grants and reimbursements	\$ 19,465	\$-	\$-
Departmental	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	9		5
Total revenues	19,474		5
Other financing sources:			н. 1
Proceeds of general obligation bonds	271,882	_ *	474,788
Proceeds of special obligation bonds	-	-	-
Proceeds of refunding bonds	301,333	-	337,464
Operating transfers in	9,503	229,800	80,000
- Total other financing sources	582,718	229,800.	892,252
- Total revenues and other financing sources	602,192	229,800	892,257
Expenditures: Capital outlay: Local aid	-	- -	-
Capital acquisition and construction	313,366	-	543,763
Total expenditures	313,366	-	543,763
Other financing uses:	4		
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	301,333	-	337,464
Operating transfers out	3,473	-	125,780
Transfers of bond proceeds	34,847	-	130
Transfers to component units	2,627	-	-
Total other financing uses	342,280	-	463,374
Total expenditures and other financing uses	655,646		1,007,137
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(53,454)	229,800	(114,880)
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of year	(79,772)	-	(106,310)
Fund balances (deficits) at end of year	\$ (133,226)	\$ 229,800	\$ (221,190)

Federal			10	tals
Highway Construction	Local Aid	Other	1997	1996
1,016,165	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,035,630	\$ 888,352
-	-	-	-	1,350
1,150	-		1,164	1,475
1,017,315	-		1,036,794	891,177
-	149,398	3,403	899,471	939,658
-	-	•	-	147,457
-	83,824	-	722,621	-
175,958	·		495,261	132,423
175,958	233,222	3,403	2,117,353	1,219,538
1,193,273	233,222	3,403	3,154,147	2,110,715
-	181,179	-	181,179	115,742
1,189,550		4,079	2,050,758	1,672,544
1,189,550	181,179	4,079	2,231,937	1,788,286
-	83,824	-	722,621	_
3,892	259	· 1	133,405	108,315
-	-	-	34,977	28,888
₩ 	3,121	-	5,748	3,038
3,892	87,204	11	896,751	140,241
1,193,442	268,383	4,080	3,128,688	1,928,527
(169)	(35,161)	(677)	25,459	182,188
187	(35,810)	(692)	(222,397)	(404,585
18	\$ (70,971)	\$ (1,369)	\$ (196,938)	\$ (222,397

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



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Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the risk financing and insurance related activities of the Commonwealth.

Employees Workers' Compensation — accounts for the activities of the Commonwealth's Self Insurance Program for state employees Workers Compensation.

Log Log

Central Artery Workers' Compensation accounts for the Commonwealth Insurance Program for all contractors and sub contractors on the Commonwealth's Central Artery/ Third Harbor Tunnel Project.

Employees Group Health Insurance — accounts for the Commonwealth Group Health and Life Insurance programs for Commonwealth employees and retirees.



All copper and iron fasteners used in the restoration of the ship are unique to the Constitution and were fabricated by a shipsmith.

Internal Service Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

				Tot	tals
	Employees Workers' Compensation	Central Artery Workers' Compensation	Employees Group Health Insurance	1997	1996
ASSETS			<u></u>		·
Restricted investments Assets held in trust Due from other funds	-	\$ 223,219 - -	\$ - 15,087	\$ 223,219 15,087 35,400	\$ 187,929 18,789 33,255
Total assets	\$ 35,400	\$ 223,219	\$ 15,087	\$ 273,706	\$ 239,973
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY					
Liabilities: Claims and judgments	. \$ 286,600	\$ 78,079	\$ 49,365	\$ 414,044	\$ 391,053
Total liabilities	286,600	78,079	49,365	414,044	391,053
Fund equity (deficit): Retained earnings:					
Reserved for central artery workers' compensation Unreserved		145,140	(34,278)	145,140 (285,478)	129,808 (280,888)
Total fund equity (deficit)	. (251,200)	145,140	(34,278)	(140,338)	(151,080)
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 35,400	\$ 223,219	\$ 15,087	\$ 273,706	\$ 239,973

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Internal Service Funds

(Amounts in thousands)										
	Employees	Cent	ral Artery	E	Employees		То	tals		
	Workers'				Group Health Insurance		1997			1996
Operating revenues: Premiums	\$ 43,609	\$.	35,601	\$	618,203	\$	697,413	\$	702,461	
Total operating revenues	43,609		35,601		618,203		697,413	·	702,461	
Operating expenses: Claims and judgments Change in incurred but not reported claims	41,464 3,600		7,819 19,958		621,905 (567)		671,188 22,991		682,561 (48,764)	
Net claims and judgments	45,064		27,777		621,338		694,179	_	633,797	
Operating income	(1,455)		7,824		(3,135)		3,234		68,664	
Non-operating revenues: Interest income	-		7,508		-		7,508		3,675	
Total non-operating revenues	-		7,508		-		7,508		3,675	
Net income	(1,455)		15,332		(3,135)		10,742		72,339	
Retained earnings (deficit) at beginning of year	(249,745)		129,808		(31,143)	<u></u>	(151,080)		(223,419)	
Retained earnings (deficit) at end of year	\$ (251,200)	\$	145,140	\$	(34,278)	\$	(140,338)	\$	(151,080)	

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenses And Changes In Retained Earnings Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ r \end{bmatrix}$

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement Of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

		a		Tc	otals
	Employees Workers' Compensation	Central Artery Workers' Compensation	Employees Group Health Insurance	1997	1996
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (1,455)	\$ 7,824	\$ (3,135)	\$ 3,234	\$ 68,664
Change in assets and liabilities: Assets held in trust Due from other funds Claims and judgments	. (2,145)	- - 19,958	3,702	3,702 (2,145) 22,991	(169) (4,888) (41,744)
Total adjustments		19,958	3,135	24,548	(46,801)
Net cash provided by operating activities		27,782	-	27,782	21,863
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of investments Interest income		(35,290) 7,508	-	(35,290) 7,508	(25,538) 3,675
Net cash used for investing activities		(27,782)	-	(27,782)	(21,863)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		-	-	•	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		*	-	_	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 🖄 -	\$ -	\$ -

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Commonwealth in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

EXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS:

Expendable Trust - accounts for various gifts, bequests or contributions held by the Commonwealth of which both principal and interest may be expended for purposes designated by the donor.

Unemployment Compensation - accounts for unemployment taxes collected from employers and held by the United States Treasury in the Federal Unemployment Trust Fund, from which funds are drawn for the payment of benefits to the unemployed.

Investment Trust, employees' contributions to the deferred compensation plan, annuity contracts held for lottery prize winners, and local option taxes collected but not yet remitted.

Court Escrow and Client Accounts - account for assets held in escrow accounts by the Commonwealth's court system pending settlement of outstanding litigation and by the human service departments on behalf of patients, clients and inmates, and for child support payments collected or receivable and not yet remitted to custodial parents.

Statutory Bonds and Deposits - account for deposits required from insurance companies and similar organizations doing business within the Commonwealth, to protect citizens against the risk of loss due to business failure.

NONEXPENDABLE TRUST FUNDS:

Nonexpendable Trust - accounts for various gifts and bequests held by the Commonwealth, of which only the income may be expended for purposes specified by the donor.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS:

Pension Trust Funds - account for the net assets held in trust for the State Employees' and Teachers' Retirement Systems for the payment of retirement, disability and death benefits to members of these retirement systems.

AGENCY FUNDS:

Central Agency Funds - account for cash and investments held or managed by the Commonwealth on behalf of others, including the investments made by cities, towns and local authorities in the Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust and Pension Reserves



Tying a mouse on the 10 inch fore stay. The mouse acts as a stopper on the stay.

Fiduciary Fund Types Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

ASSETS		Expendable Trust Funds	exp	Non- endable st Funds	T	Pension Trust Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and short-term investments Deposits	\$	132,788 1,222,725	\$	5,835	\$	869,492
Investments		-		· _		18,969,346
Investments of deferred compensation plan		-		-		-
Annuity contracts		-		-		-
Assets held in trust		-		-		-
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:						
Taxes		328,977		-		-
Due from federal government		1,549		-		-
Loans		2,943		-		-
Other receivables		16,992		-		218,393
Total assets	\$	1,705,974	\$	5,835	\$	20,057,231
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			×.			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	42,328	\$	-	\$	493,513
Accrued payroll		34		-		-
Compensated absences		388		-		-
Tax refunds and abatements payable		8,998		-		
Due to cities and towns		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		3,657
Due to federal government		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		13,519		-		-
Prizes payable		-		-		-
Deferred compensation benefits payable		-		-		. - V.
Agency liabilities		-		-		-
Other accrued liabilities		9,210		-		-
Total liabilities		74,477		••		497,170
Fund balances:						
Reserved for employee's pension benefits		-		-		19,560,061
Reserved for unemployment benefits		1,515,080		-		-
Reserved for nonexpendable trusts		-		5,835		-
Unreserved		116,417	÷			-
Total fund balances		1,631,497		5,835		19,560,061
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,705,974	\$	5,835	\$	20,057,231

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

	Та	otals	-		
Agency			•		
Funds	1997	1996	<u> </u>		
\$ 1,500,484	\$ 2,508,599	\$ 1,774,156			
-	1,222,725	761,987			
559,546	19,528,892	16,205,800			
1,837,892	1,837,892 1,285,021	1,4 80,8 44 1,164,223			
1,285,021 1,743,981	1,743,981	1,683,251			
1,745,961	1,745,961	1,065,251			
-	328,977	331,546			
-	1,549	1,623			
-	2,943	3,330			
 38,000	273,385	203,201		·	
\$ 6,964,924	\$ 28,733,964	\$ 23,609,961	=		
\$ 8,991	\$ 544,832	\$ 241,969			
-	×, 54	280			
-	388	240			
-	8,998	7,111			
20,142	20,142	18,147			
-	3,657	7,932 51			
-	- 13,519	33,303			
- 1,285,021	1,285,021	1,164,223			
1,837,892	1,837,892	1,480,844			
3,812,878	3,812,878	3,534,108			
-	9,210	3,833			
 6,964,924	7,536,571	6,492,041	-		
-	19,560,061	15,956,271			
-	1,515,080	1,043,033			
-	5,835	5,835			
ب	116,417	112,781	-		
-	21,197,393	17,117,920	_		
\$ 6,964,924	\$ 28,733,964	\$ 23,609,961			

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Expendable Trust Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June	30, 1997
(Amounts	in thousands)

					Totals			
ASSETS		Expendable Trust		Unemployment Compensation		1997		1996
Cash and short-term investments	\$	132,788	\$	-	\$	132,788	\$	113,275
Deposits		-		1,222,725		1,222,725		761,987
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:								
Taxes		-		328,977		328,977		331,546
Due from federal government		1,549		-		1,549		1,623
Loans		2,943		-		2,943		3,330
Other receivables		8,358		8,634	_	16,992		27,897
Total assets	\$	145,638	\$	1,560,336	\$	1,705,974	\$	1,239,658
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						1		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	18,288	\$	24,040	\$	42,328	\$	39,077
Accrued payroll		34		-		34		280
Compensated absences		388		-	•	388		240
Tax refunds payable		-		8,998 🎊	•	8,998		7,111
Deferred revenue		1,301		12,218		13,519		33,303
Other accrued liabilities		9,210		-		9,210		3,833
Total liabilities		29,221	_	45,256		74,477		83,844
Fund balances:				•				
Reserved for unemployment benefits		-		1,515,080		1,515,080		1,043,033
Unreserved		116,417	L	-		116,417		112,781
Total fund balances		116,417		1,515,080		1,631,497		1,155,814
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	145,638	\$	1,560,336	\$	1,705,974	\$	1,239,658

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Expendable Trust Funds

Combining Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances

Fiscal	Year	Enc	ied .	June	30;	1997

(Amounts in thousands)

			Tota	als
	Expendable Trust	Unemployment Compensation	1997	1996
Revenues:		······		P
Taxes	•	\$ 1,189,227	\$ 1,189,386	\$ 1,149,531
Assessments	1,686	-	1,686	1,194
Federal grants and reimbursements	12,407	17,220	29,627	21,098
Departmental		-	5,984	8,502
Miscellaneous	149,575	62,982	212,557	194,759
Total revenues	169,811	1,269,429	1,439,240	1,375,084
Other financing sources:				
Operating transfers in	6,971	<u> </u>	6,971	2,934
Total other financing sources	6,971	-	6,971	2,934
Total revenues and other financing sources	176,782	1,269,429	1,446,211	1,378,018
Expenditures:				•
Current:				
Judiciary	229	-	229	139
Secretary of the Commonwealth	5		. 5	86
Treasurer and Receiver-General	7,033	_ *3 ²	7,033	926
Auditor of the Commonwealth	285		285	237
Attorney General.	1,724	-	1,724	1,596
District Attorney	3,215	-	3,215	3,173
Administration and finance	5,454		5,454	1,827
Environmental affairs	7,625	_	7,625	6,552
Communities and development	267	_	267	754
Health and human services	18,291	_	18,291	18,761
Transportation and construction	2,602	· _	2,602	1,066
Education	1,140	_	1,140	1,406
Higher education	103	-	1,140	44
Public safety	2,961	_	2,961	3,593
Economic development	1,698		1,698	1,070
Elder affairs	50	_	50	50
Consumer affairs	7,103	-	7,103	6,459
Labor	44,096	797,382	841,478	851,423
Total expenditures	103,881	797,382	901,263	899,162
· ·				
Other financing uses:	~~ ~ / -		<i></i>	
Operating transfers out	69,265		69,265	103,410
Total expenditures and other financing uses	173,146	797,382	970,528	1,002,572
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other				
financing sources over expenditures and				
other financing uses	3,636	472,047	475,683	375,446
Fund balances at beginning of year	112,781	1,043,033	1,155,814	780,368
Fund balances at end of year		\$ 1,515,080	\$ 1,631,497	\$ 1,155,814
······································				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Pension Trust Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets Available for Pension Benefits

June 30, 1997
(Amounts in thousands)

			То	tals
	State			•
	Employees'	Teachers'		
ASSETS	PERS	PERS	1997	1996
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 428,397	\$ 441,095	\$ 869,492	\$ 342,009
Investments at fair value	9,359,311	9,610,035	18,969,346	15,671,490
Other receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles	102,313	116,080	218,393	142,404
Total assets	9,890,021	10,167,210	20,057,231	16,155,903
LIABILITIES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	243,506	250,007	493,513	191,731
Due to other funds	1,984	1,673	3,657	7,901
Total liabilities	245,490	251,680	497,170	199,632
Net assets available for pension benefits (fund balance				
reserved for employee's pension benefits)				
(A schedule of funding progress for each plan				
is presented in Note 10.)	\$ 9,644,531	\$ 9,915,530	\$ 19,560,061	\$ 15,956,271
		•		

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Combining Statement Of Changes in Net Assets Available For Pension Benefits

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997

	(Amounts in thousands)							
	State Employees' PERS	Teachers' PERS	Tot	als 1996				
Additions:								
Commonwealth contributions Employee contributions	\$ 470,241 243,144	\$ 428,807 214,386	\$ 899,048 457,530	\$ 850,841 421,080				
Total contributions	713,385	643,193	1,356,578	1,271,921				
Net investment income:								
Net appreciation in fair value of investments Interest Dividends Real estate operating income, net	1,397,792 180,936 78,324 27,162	1,426,049 187,718 80,598 27,363	2,823,841 368,654 158,922 54,525	1,786,940 363,645 125,716 37,929				
Alternative investments Other	13,683 74	13,774 82	27,457 156	14,943 2,915				
Total investment income	1,697,971	1,735,584	3,433,555	2,332,088				
Less: investment expense	30,022	30,681	60,703	43,406				
Net investment income	1,667,949	1,704,903	3,372,852	2,288,682				
Total additions	2,381,334	2,348,096	4,729,430	3,560,603				
Deductions: Administration Retirement benefits and refunds	1,666 600,104	2,022 521,848	3,688 1,121,952	3,673 1,083,897				
Total deductions	601,770	523,870	1,125,640	1,087,570				
Net increase	1,779,564	1,824,226	3,603,790	2,473,033				
Net assets available for pension benefits at beginning of year (fund balance reserved for pension benefits)	7,864,967	8,091,304	15,956,271	13,483,238				
Net assets available for pension benefits at end of year (fund balance reserved for pension benefits)	\$ 9,644,531	\$ 9,915,530	\$ 19,560,061	\$ 15,956,271				

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Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands) Balance Balance July 1, 1996 Additions Deductions June 30, 1997 **Central Agency Funds** ASSETS 1,231,037 3,145,410 \$ 2,933,673 1,442,774 Cash and short-term investments......\$ \$ \$ 25,236 534,310 559,546 Investments..... 440,570 83,522 Investments of deferred compensation plan..... 1,480,844 1,837,892 165,072 44,274 Annuity contracts..... 1,164,223 1,285,021 Total assets.....\$ 4,410,414 3,776,288 \$ 3,061,469 \$ 5,125,233 LIABILITIES 988.122 990.323 \$ Accounts payable...... \$ 11.192 \$ \$ 8,991 20,142 Due to cities and towns..... 18.147 202.327 200.332 Due to federal government..... 51 61 112 165,072 44,274 Prizes payable..... 1,164,223 1,285,021 440,570 83,522 Deferred compensation benefits payable..... 1,480,844 1,837,892 1,979,881 1,742,651 Agency liabilities..... 1,735,957 1,973,187 Total liabilities.....\$ 4,410,414 3,776,033 3,061,214 5.125.233 **\$**. \$ \$ 25 **Court Escrow and Client Accounts** ASSETS e da 81,914 \$ 520,676 \$ 544,966 \$ Cash and short-term investments......\$ 57,624 Assets held in trust..... 34,915 24,979 24,335 35,559 32,900 Other receivables..... 38,000 32,900 38,000 Total assets......\$ 149,729 583,655 \$ 602.201 \$ \$ 131,183 LIABILITIES Agency liabilities.....\$ 149,729 \$ 359,389 \$ 377,935 \$ 131,183 \$ Total liabilities......\$ 149,729 \$ 359,389 \$ 377,935 131,183 **Statutory Bonds and Deposits** ASSETS Cash and short-term investments......\$ 86 86 \$ \$ \$ 156,971 96,885 1,708,422 Assets held in trust..... 1,648,336 1,708,508 1.648,422 \$ 156,971 \$ 96.885 \$ Total assets......\$ LIABILITIES Agency liabilities..... \$ 1,648,422 \$ 156,971 \$ 96,885 \$ 1,708,508 Total liabilities.....\$ 1,648,422 \$ 156,971 \$ 96,885 \$ 1,708,508

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

	Balance	A 111/1		Balance
Total Agency Funds	July 1, 1996	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 1997
ASSETS				
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,313,037	\$ 3,666,086	\$ 3,478,639	\$ 1,500,484
Investments	534,310	25,236	-	559,546
Investments of deferred compensation	1,480,844	440,570	83,522	1,837,892
Annuity contracts	1,164,223	165,072	44,274	1,285,021
Assets held in trust	1,683,251	181,950	121,220	1,743,981
Other receivables	32,900	38,000	32,900	38,000
Total assets	6,208,565	\$ 4,516,914	\$ 3,760,555	\$ 6,964,924
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	5 11,192	\$ 988,122	\$ 990,323	\$ 8,991
Due to cities and towns	18,147	202,327	200,332	20,142
Due to federal government	51	61	112	•
Prizes payable	1,164,223	165,072	44,274	1,285,021
Deferred compensation benefits payable	1,480,844	440,570	83,522	1,837,892
Agency liabilities	3,534,108	2,496,241	2,217,471	3,812,878
Total liabilities	\$ 6,208,565	\$ 4,292,393	\$ 3,536,034	\$ 6,964,924

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One of the twelve diagonal riders shaped to fit along the inside ceiling plank. They were manufactured as one piece from laminate white oak.

University and College Fund Type

This fund type combines, in accordance with the AICPA Audit Guide for College and Universities, the financial activity from all fund types for: the University of Massachusetts System, the State College System, and the Community College System.

<u>University of Massachusetts System</u> includes the campuses at Amherst, Worcester, Boston, Lowell, Dartmouth and certain Institutes and programs operated by the Office of the University President. <u>State College System</u> includes the nine state colleges which provide four-year post-secondary education programs and the system's building authority.

<u>Community College System</u> includes the fifteen community colleges which provide two-year post secondary education programs.



Maneuvering the restored diagonal riders into the hold. They are curved to fit into the inside of the hull. If they were not curved by design, they would never fit into the hold.

University And College Fund Type Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

		Curren				
	Ur	restricted	Re	stricted		Loan Funds
ASSETS						<u> </u>
Cash and short-term investments	\$	96,921	\$	10,154	\$	1,668
Deposits		60,135		-		-
Investments		144,337		37,115		3,515
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:						
Due from federal government		-		23,182		-
Loans		-		. -		48,585
Other receivables		117,295		27,921		66
Due from other funds		53,458		-		2
Inventory		15,814		-		-
Fixed assets		-		-		-
Other assets		21,805		162		-
Total assets	\$	509,765	\$	98,534	\$	53,836
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		<u></u>	+ N ¹ 2			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	61,139	\$	6,399	\$	62
Accrued payroll		58,172	Ŧ	2,924	Ŷ	-
Compensated absences		116,992		1,566		-
Due to other funds		60,723		39,352		306
Deferred revenue		13,970		1,741		-
Claims and judgments		39,905		-,,		-
Deposits and unearned revenue		4,375		2,936		-
Other accrued liabilities		59,526		34		-
Capital leases		-		-		-
Bonds and notes payable		-		-		-
Total liabilities		414,802		54,952	L	368
Fund balances:						
Unrestricted		94,963		-		_
Restricted		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		43,582		53,468
Unexpended plant funds		-				
Renewals and replacements		-		-		-
Retirement of indebtedness		-		-		-
Net investment in plant		-		-		-
Total fund balances		94,963		43,582	t	53,468
Total liabilities and fund balances		509,765	\$	98,534	\$	53,836
				<u> </u>	6	

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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-	1			Totals						
	Endowment and Similar Plant Funds Funds				1997	1996				
						(a	s restated)			
\$	3,796	\$	24,682	\$	137,221	\$	142,980			
	-		52,128		112,263		112,235			
	112,298		80,125		377,390		348,263			
			-		23,182		24,535			
	-		-		48,585		47,332			
	2,318		2,138		149,738		128,394			
	11,087		3,151		67,698		42,526			
	-		-		15,814		15,494			
	-		2,410,708		2,410,708		2,281,588			
	20		4,488		26,475		24,620			
\$	129,519	\$	2,577,420	\$	3,369,074	\$	3,167,967			
					•		r yw			
•	0.0	•	Š. cooć	^		<u>^</u>	50.400			
\$	33	\$	6,296	\$	73,929	\$	58,429			
	-		35		61,131		57,786			
	-		-		118,558		115,993			
	-		8,293		108,674		84,262			
	606		-		16,317		12,028			
	300		- 457		39,905 8,068		36,622 8,523			
	1,053		2,997		63,610		76,015			
	1,055		49,924		49,924		44,788			
	-		316,739		316,739		310,178			
	1,992		384,741		856,855		804,624			
	38,639		-		133,602		140,975			
	88,888		-		185,938		161,964			
	-		57,980		57,980		43,471			
	-		24,983		24,983		26,241			
	-		21,931		21,931		17,840			
	-		2,087,785	·····	2,087,785		1,972,852			
	127,527		2,192,679	<u></u>	2,512,219		2,363,343			
\$	129,519	\$	2,577,420	\$	3,369,074	\$	3,167,967			

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts



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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

General Fixed Assets Account Group

The General Fixed Assets Account Group accounts for the land, buildings, improvements, equipment and construction in progress of the governmental funds.



Standard knees, restored on the lower deck aft connecting the transoms of the stern to the thick strakes in the deck.

Schedule Of General Fixed Assets By Source

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS:		1997
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Construction in progress		522,017 2,374,450 511,226 98,178
Total general fixed assets	. \$	3,505,871
INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE		
INVESTMENT IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS BY SOURCE: Acquired on or before June 30, 1990	\$	1,859,565
		1,859,565 323,485 34,448 1,283,953 4,420

Sources of general fixed assets acquired on or before June 30, 1990 are not available.

Schedule Of General Fixed Assets By Function

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

Function	; I	_and	Machinery and I Buildings Equipment		and	Total		
Judiciary		490	\$	269,410	\$	4,318	\$	274,218
Inspector General		-		. –		64		64
Governor and Lieutenant Governor		-		-		146		146
Secretary of the Commonwealth		- 5		18,034		1,644		19,683
Treasurer and Receiver - General		· -		-		66,390		66,390
Auditor of the Commonwealth		-		-		345		345
Attorney General		-		-		888		888
Ethics Commission		-		-		20		20
District Attorney		-		· -		2,346		2,346
Comptroller		-		-		359		359
Administration and finance		8,895		384,127		153,765	`	546,787
Environmental affairs		419,220		113,004		57,588		589,812
Communities and development		-		-		364		364
Health and human services		38,747		982,399		43,314		1,064,460
Transportation and construction		32,317		11,634		73,062		117,013
Education		-		-		1,756		1,756
Higher education		-				428		428
Public safety		22,160		595,394 ⁹⁸⁷		78,641		696,195
Economic development		183		448		22,919		23,550
Elder affairs		-		-		157		157
Consumer affairs		`_		-		1,071		1,071
Labor		-		-		1,641		1,641
Total by function	\$	522,017	\$ 2	2,374,450	\$	511,226		3,407,693
Construction in progress				••••••			•••	98,178
Total general fixed assets							\$	3,505,871

Schedule Of Changes In General Fixed Assets By Function

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

Function and activity	General Fixed Assets July 1, 1996 Additions Retirements			
Judiciary	\$ 261,448	\$ 13,255	\$ 485	\$ 274,218
Inspector General	. 117	-	53	64
Governor and Lieutenant Governor	146	-	· _	146
Secretary of the Commonwealth	19,683	-	•	19,683
Treasurer and Receiver - General	16,576	53,990	4,176	66,390
Auditor of the Commonwealth	345	-		345
Attorney General	653	235	-	888
Ethics Commission	20	-	-	20
District Attorney	2,383	-	37	2,346
Office of Campaign and Political Finance	47	-	47	-
Comptroller	359	-	-	359
Administration and finance	532,285	85,917	71,415	546,787
Environmental affairs	552,596	38,849	1,633	589,812
Communities and development	322	95	53	364
Health and human services	1,062,100	5,069	2,709	1,064,460
Transportation and construction	110,405	6,626	18	117,013
Education	1,686	. 70		1,756
Educational Affairs	17	-	17	-
Higher education	958	-	530	428
Public safety	693,552	26,777	24,134	696,195
Economic development	24,637	57	1,144	23,550
Elder affairs	286	-	129	157
Consumer affairs		288	-	1,071
Labor	1,602	151	112	1,641
Total by function	3,283,006	231,379	106,692	3,407,693
Construction in progress	34,610	63,568	-	98,178
Total general fixed assets	\$ 3,317,616	\$ 294,947	\$ 106,692	\$ 3,505,871

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Bending on the mizzen topsail. The original sails were made of flax. The main topsail on the Constitution is approximately the size of a regulation basketball court (3,700 sq. ft.).

Ten-Year Schedule Of Revenues And Other Financing Sources All Governmental Fund Types

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in millions)									
	1997	% Total		1996	% Total	1995	% Total	1994	% Total
Faxes\$	13,030	47.7	\$	11,926	47.5	\$ 11,262	45.9	\$ 10,611	45.7
Federal reimbursements	4,124	15.1		3,861	15.4	4,174	17.0	3,904	16.8
Federal grants	1,457	5.3		1,482	5.9	1,187	4.8	1,205	5.2
_otteries	3,375	12.3		3,201	12.8	2,957	12.0	2,600	11.2
Assessments	552	2.0		595	2.4	572	2.3	544	2.3
fotor vehicle licenses and registrations	295	1.1		263	1.0	307	1.3	284	1.2
ees, investment earnings, etc	930	3,4		1,110	4.4	1,154	4.7	1,113	4.8
roceeds of dedicated income tax bonds	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
roceeds of general obligation bonds	899	3.3		940	3.7	810	3.3	392	1.7
roceeds of special obligation bonds	-	-		147	0.6	- E	-	298	1.3
roceeds of refunding bonds	723	. 2.6		-	-	514	2.1	836	3.6
Proceeds of capital lease	62	0.2		26	0.1	18	0.1	34	0.1
perating transfers	1,920	7.0		1,551	6.2	1,534	6.3	1,367	5,9
Other financing sources	6					49	0.2	35	0.2
otal revenues and other financing sources	27,373	100.0	\$	25,102	100.0	\$ 24,538	100.0	\$ 23,223	100,0

 1993	% Total	1992	% Total	1991	% Total	1990	% Total	1989	% Total	1988	% Total
\$ 10,021	44.9	\$ 9,479	45.6	\$ 9,143	41.1	\$ 9,007	49.8	\$ 8,695	50.9	\$ 8,033	54.1
3,376	15.1	3,021	14.5	3,075	13.8	2,092	11.4	1,942	11.4	1,830	12.3
1,118	5.0	1,199	5.8	1,088	4.9	1,042	5,8	1,045	6.1	803	5.4
2,148	9.6	1,831	8.8	1,692	7.8	1,657	9.2	1,447	8.5	1,390	9.3
597	2.7	787	3.8	1,542	6.9	277	1.5	243	1.4	160	1.1
331	1.5	· 300	1.4	290	1.3	306	1.7	237	1.4	167	1.1
1,215	5.4	1,710	8.2	1,455	6.5	1,188	6.6	1,038	6.1	993	6.7
-	- '		-	1,363	6.1	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
368	1.7	721	3.4	1,030	4.7	1,430	7.9	1,374	8,0	543	3.7
-	-	100	0.5	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
1,891	8.5	574	2.8	-	-	-	-	226	1.3	-	-
13	0.1	17	0.1	28	0.1	7	-	35	0.2	-	- 1
1,177	5.3	1,021	. 4.9	1,477	6.6	1,068	5.9	805	4.7	870	5.9
 46	0.2	47	0.2	36	0.2	30	0.2	5		52	0.4
\$ 22,301	100.0	\$ 20,807	100.0	\$ 22,219	100.0	\$18,104	100.0	\$ 17,092	100.0	\$14,841	100.0

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Ten-Year Schedule Of Expenditures And Other Financing Uses By Secretariat All Governmental Fund Types

	1997	% Total	1996	% Total	1995	% Total	1994	% Total
Legislature	\$ 49	0.2	\$ 49	0.2	\$ 47	0.2	\$ 43	0.2
ludiciary	433	1.6	404	1.7	356	1.5	338	1.5
inspector General	2		2	-	2	-	1	-
Governor and Lieutenant Governor	5	-	5	-	5	-	4	-
Secretary of the Commonwealth	17	0.1	15	0.1	14	0.1	12	0.1
Freasurer and Receiver-General	2,711	10.0	2,576	10.5	2,353	9.7	2,052	8.9
Auditor of the Commonwealth	•	-	13		11	-	-,	
Attorney General		-	29	0.1	22	0.1	38	0.2
Ethics Commission	-	_	1	-	1	-	1	-
District Attorney	62	0.2	55	0.2	51	0.2	47	0.2
Office of Campaign and Political Finance	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	
Disabled Persons Protection Commission	-	-	1	-	- 1	-	2	-
Board of Library Commissioners		-	4	-	5	-	5	-
Comptroller			7	-	6	-	6	
Administration and finance	, 937	3.5	943	3,9	876	3.6	863	3,7
Environmental affairs		0.7	205	0.8	174	0.7	169	0.7
Communities and development		1.3	200 347	1.4	340	1.4	358	1.6
Health and human services	4,507	1.5	4,606	18.8	4,813	19.8	4,327	18.8
Fransportation and construction	151	0.6	155	0.6	112	0.5	120	0.5
Education	1,026	3.8	958	3.9	865	3.6	458	2.0
Educational affairs	1,020	5,0	14	0.1	6	-		2.0
Higher education	90	. 0.3	80	0.1	75	0.3	67	0.3
Public safety		3.2	841	3,4	732	3.0	693	3.0
Economic development		0.1	111	0.5	199	0.8	214	0.9
Elder affairs		0.6	155	0.5	161	0.0	155	0.7
Consumer affairs	37	0.0	35	0.0	34	0.1	33	0.7
Labor		0.1	121	0.1	24	0.1	33 24	0.1
Independent commissions	103	0.7	121	0.0	24	0.1	24	0.1
Medicaid	- 3,497	- 13.0	3,241	- 13.3	3,252	- 13.4	- 3,216	14.0
Pension	5,497 413	15.0	3,241 382	13.3	5,252 414	13.4	-	
Direct local aid	415 3,677	1.5	3,351	1.0	3,073	1.7	830 2,727	3.6 11.8
Capital outlay:	5,077	15.0	1001	15.7	3,073	12.0	4,141	11,0 、
	181	0.7	116	0.5	94	0.4	100	0.4
Local aid Capital acquisition and construction								0.4
		7.6 , 4 7	1,673	6.8	1,698	7.0	1,464	6.4
Debt service	1,278	4.7	1,192	4.9	1,234	5.1	1,152	5.0
Other financing uses:	800					~ `	007	
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	723	2.7	-	-	514	2.1	836	3.6
Fund deficit support	•	-	-			-	- -	•
Fransfers	3,311	12.3	2,753	11.3	2,732	11.2	2,651	11.5
Other			<u> </u>					

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1,143 5.1 901 4.4 1,407 6.6 775 4.2 654 3.7 568 3.6 1,891 8.4 574 2.8 - - - 226 1.3 - - - - - - - - 231 1.5 2,364 10.5 1,654 8.2 2,098 9.8 1,613 8.7 1,348 7.6 1,088 6.9												
1,891 8.4 574 2.8 226 1.3 231 1.5 2,364 10.5 1,654 8.2 2,098 9.8 1,613 8.7 1,348 7.6 1,088 6.9												
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2,364 10.5 1,654 8.2 2,098 9.8 1,613 8.7 1,348 7.6 1,088 6.9	1,891	8.4	574	2.8	-	-	-	-	226	1.3	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	• -	-	-	-	231	1.5
	2,364	10.5	1,654	8.2	2,098	9.8	1,613	8.7	1,348	7.6	1,088	6.9
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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Ten-Year Schedule Of Percentage Of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For General Bonded Debt To Total Expenditures All Governmental Fund Types

Fiscal year ended June 30	Debt service ⁽¹⁾	Total expenditures ⁽²⁾	Ratio
1997	\$ 1,278	\$ 22,954	5.6
1996	1,192	21,688	5.5
1995	1,234	20,729	6.0
1994	1,151	19,534	5.9
1993	1,143	18,187	6.3
1992	901	18,061	5.0
1991	1,407	19,290	7.3
. 1990	775	16,861	4.6
1989	654	16,154	4.0
1988	568	14,199	4.0

(1) Debt service includes principal and interest payments related to general obligation long-term bonds and minibonds. Minibonds are general bonded debt instruments reported as fund liabilities because of their demand provisions.

(2) Expenditures related to Higher Education in fiscal years subsequent to 1992 are presented in the University and College Fund Type. Prior years expenditures have not been restated to conform to this presentation.

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Ten-Year Schedule Of Per Capita General Long-Term Bonded Debt

iscal year ended June 30	Massachusetts resident population	Total long- term bonds and notes payable	Per capita long-term debt
1997	6,127	\$ 10,271,294	\$ 1.676
1996	6,101	10,065,578	1.650
1995	6,203	9,628,466	1.552
1994	6,089	9,427,745	1.548
1993	5,998	9,231,458	. 1.539
1992	5,998	9,264,430	1.545
1991	5,996	8,580,339	1.431
1990	6,020	6,605,039	1.097
1989	6,016	5,370,627	0.893
1988	5,981	4,272,384	0.714

Source: United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

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Component Units Revenue Bond Coverage For The Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts in thousands)							
Fiscal year ended June 30	_	Net re	evenues ⁽¹⁾	De requ	ebt service airements ⁽²⁾	Coverage	
1997		· · \$	328,608	\$	283,975	1.16	
1996			288,599		275,068	1.05	
1995			272,308		232,473	1.17	
1994	(3)		220,185		192,975	1.14	
1993			332,195		305,156	1.09	
1992			310,372		295,389	1.05	
1991			278,822		260,982	1.07	
1990			226,444		260,362	0.87	
1989			219,764		49,120	4.47	
1988		· · ·	146,001		45,748	3.19	

(1) Net revenues represent the regular recurring operating income (loss) plus operating grants, transfers and depreciation of only those Authorities with revenue bonds outstanding.

(2) Debt service requirements represent total debt service payments made less debt service paid on short-term borrowings of only those Authorities with revenue bonds outstanding.

(3) Amounts are reflective of the implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, "The Reporting Entity." Prior years have not been restated for incorporation of the new list of component units.

Source: Office of the Comptroller

Ten-Year Schedule Of Massachusetts And United States Resident Population

(Amounts in thousands)						
Year	United States	% Change	Massachusetts	% Change	Massachusetts as % of U.S.	
1997	267,645	0.9	6,127	0.4	2.3	
1996	265,253	0.7	6,101	(1.6)	2.3	
1995	263,434	0.9	6,203	1.9	2.4	
1994	260,967	1.3	6,089	1.5	2.3	
1993	257,592	1.0	5,998	0.0	2.3	
1992	255,020	1.1	5,998	0.0	2.4	
1991	252,177	1.1	5,996	(0.4)	2.4	
1990	249,466	1.1	6,020	0.1	2.4	
1989	246,820	0.9	6,016	0.6	2.4	
1988	244,534	0.9	5,981	0.8	2.4	

Source: United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

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Nonagricultural Employment By Industry In Massachusetts and the United States for 1997

(Amounts in thousands)							
Type of industry	MA	% of MA Total	<u>U.S.</u>	% of <u>U.S. Total</u>	MA % vs. U.S. %		
Total manufacturing:	449	14.4	18,548	15.1	95.4		
Total durable goods	279	9.0	10,851	8.8	102.3		
Nondurable goods	170	5.4	7,697	6.3	85.7		
Total non-manufacturing:	2,668	85.6	104,142	84.9	100.8		
Construction and mining	100	3.2	6,403	5.2	61.5		
Transportation and public utilities	127	4.2	6,293	5.2	80.8		
Wholesale and retail	712	22.8	28,853	23.5	97 .0		
Finance, insurance and real estate	218	7.0	7,085	5.8	120.7		
Other services	1,108	35.5	35,709	29.1	122.0		
Federal, state and local government	403	12.9	19,799	16.1	80.1		
Total	3,117		122,690				

Sources: Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training United States Department of Commerce

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Ten Largest Massachusetts Industries By Number Of Employees As Of August, 1997

(Amounts in thousands)

Industry	Employees
Services	1,108
Wholesale and retail trade	712
Manufacturing - durable goods	279
Local government	242
Finance, insurance and real estate	218
Manufacturing - nondurable goods	170
Transportation and public utilities	127
State government	100
Construction and mining	100
Federal government	•>:61

Source: Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Ten-Year Schedule Of Annual Average Civilian Labor Force, Unemployment And Unemployment Rates For Massachusetts And The United States

(Amounts in thousands)

	Massachusetts						
Year	Labor Force	Unemployment	Unemployment Rate %	Labor Force	Unemployment	Unemployment Rate %	Massachusetts Rate as % of U.S. Rate
1997	3,247	121	3.7	136,361	6,437	4.7	78.7
1996	3,176	129	4.1	134,574	6,948	5.2	78.8
1995	3,161	162	5.1	132,440	7,476	5.6	91.1
1994	3,183	205	6.4	131,836	7,600	5.8	110.3
1993	3,158	207	6.6	128,633	8,252	6.4	103.1
1992	3,126	, 265	8.5	126,983	9,384	7.4	114.9
1991	3,127	280	9.0	125,303	8,426	6.7	134.3
1990	3,166	189	6.0	124,787	6,874	5.5	109.1
1989	3,180	127	4.0	123,869	6,528	5.3	75.5
1988	3,155	103	3.3	121,669	6,701	5.5	60.0

Sources: Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Twenty-Five Largest Private Sector Massachusetts Employers

BankBoston **Bell** Atlantic **Big Y Foods** Blue Cross of Massachusetts, Inc. **Boston University** Brigham & Women's Hospital Inc. **Digital Equipment Corporation** FMR Equipment Friendly Ice Cream Corporation General Electric Company Harvard Community Health Plan, Inc. Harvard University Lucent Technologies Massachusetts Institute of Technology Massachusetts General Hospital May Department Stores Company **Polaroid Corporation** Raytheon Company S&S Credit Company Sears Roebuck and Company Shaw's Supermarkets, Inc. Star Markets Company, Inc. State Street Bank and Trust Company United Parcel Service, Inc.

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Wal-Mart

Source: Massachusetts Department of Employment and Training as of June, 1997

Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Calculation Of Transfers: Stabilization Fund

J	une	30	I, 1	997
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(Amounts in thousands)

This statement is prepared on the statutory basis of accounting pursuant to General Law Chapter 29, Sections 5 and 5C as most recently ammended by Ch: 10 of Acts of 1997. It presents information contained in the official books and accounting records of the Commonwealth. Financial statements supporting this calculation are are presented in the Financial Section of this report.

Part 1: Status of Consolidated Net Surplus in the Operating Funds before Stabilization Fund transfers, and Capital Projects Fund transfer but after authorization to retain 0.5% of net revenue from taxes.

Undesignated Fund Balance (Deficit) in the Operating Funds:

General Fund Highway Fund Local Aid Fund	\$ 1,270,955 349,665 (1,338,883)
Consolidated Net Surplus	281,737
Available to carry forward to subsequent fiscal year	57,981
Consolidated net surplus before transfer to Capital Projects Fund	223,756
Part 2: Calculation of transfers to Capital Projects Fund:	
Transfer from General Fund to Capital Project Fund:	 89,503
Net Consolidated surplus available for Stabilization Fund	\$ 134,253
Part 3: Calculation of transfers to Stabilization Fund:	
From the General Fund, @ 60% From the Local Aid Fund, @ 40%	80,552 53,701
Total Transfers	\$ 134,253
Part 4: Status of Consolidated Net Surplus after Stabilization Fund transfers	
Undesignated Fund Balance (Deficit) in the Operating Funds:	
General Fund Highway Fund Local Aid Fund	1,100,900 349,665 (1,392,584)
Consolidated Net Surplus	\$ 57,981
Part 5: Status of Stabilization Fund after transfers	
Reserved for Stabilization - Accumulated Balances Amount appropriated at the close of fiscal year 1997 FY97 Calculated Transfers to Stabilization Fund	565,047 100,000 134,253
Reserved for Stabilization	\$ 799,300

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Calculation Of Transfers: Tax Reduction Fund

June 30, 1997 (Amounts in thousands)

This statement is prepared pursuant to Chapters 29 and 29B of the Massachusetts General Laws. It is prepared on the statutory basis of accounting and presents information contained in the official books and accounting records of the Commonwealth. Supporting information is presented in individual schedules, as indicated, and in the Financial Section of this report. There are two computations of potential transfers to the Tax Reduction

The first computation is as follows:

Part 1: Comparison of Stabilization Fund, after current fiscal year transfers, to 5% of State Tax Revenues

Undesignated Fund Balance in the Stabilization Fund	\$	799,300	
Allowable Stabilization Balance		908,503	-
Stabilization Fund Excess, if any, tranferrable to Tax Reduction Fund	\$	-	=
Part 2: Status of Stabilization Fund after transfers			
Stabilization Fund Balance Transfer to Tax Reduction Fund	. \$	799,300	—
Stabilization Fund Balance after transfer to Tax Reduction Fund	_\$	799,300	_
Part 3: Status of Tax Reduction Fund after transfers			-
Tax Reduction Fund Balance Transfers from Stabilization Fund	. \$	91,764 -	_
Tax Reduction Fund Balance after transfers	\$	91,764	-
The second computation is as follows:			-
Part 1: Comparison of State Tax Revenues to Allowable Tax Revenues			
FY96 Allowable State Tax Revenues Multiplied by Growth Factor	\$	13,214,862 1.0631	
Computed FY97 State Tax Revenue Base Plus: Local Aid Adjustment	·	14,048,720 108,894	_
FY97 Computed Maximum and Allowable State Tax Revenues	\$	14,157,614	=
FY97 State Tax Revenues	\$	12,874,419	
State Tax Revenue Excess, if any, transferrable to Tax Reduction Fund	\$	-	_
			-



The Constitution's fine and fast sailing hull is ready for undocking, September 25, 1995.

U.S.S. Constitution ~ A Brief History

As a fledgling Nation, the United States was dependent on imports of both raw materials and finished goods imported through shipping. With the changing global political dynamics of the 1700s, there were no guaranteed alliances or protection on the open sea.

On March 27, 1794, Congress authorized the building of six frigates for the protection of U.S. commerce. Joshua Humphreys, master ship builder from Philadelphia, contributed the design specifications for the frigates, including the Constitution. Congress budgeted \$255,000 for the building of the Constitution and allowed cost overruns' increase to \$302,000. Paul Revere received \$3,800 for copper fasteners.

Humphreys' criteria for designing the ship was twofold — to be able to achieve fast speed under sail to enable the ship to outsail anything that it encountered and to be able to carry heavy armament and outgun any other ship. However, fast speed and heavy armament are two mutually exclusive design criteria requiring an innovative solution.

The difference in the buoyancy curve of a fast hull and the weight curve of a heavily armed ship result in a force that distorts the hull. With minimal buoyancy, the ends of the ship — the bow and stern — sag under the weight loads. In a wooden ship the distortion can be seen as a bending of the keel, an effect that creates a curve that resembled a hog's back and referred to as hogging.

The successful integration of the two design criteria demanded an innovative technical solution to the problems of strength of materials and hull design.

There are five key structural components that were part of the Constitution's original design: thick strakes, standard knees, midship knees, stanchions and diagonal riders. Humphreys' structural innovations (which had never been built before) stiffened the hull and resisted the forces of hogging. Although the Constitution was repaired over the years, because of the expense of materials, techniques and labor to install, the five major structural components were not repaired. As early as 1820, the diagonal riders were not renewed.

In 1992 the ship was dry-docked for inspection and minor repair. It was determined to be in good condition, however, the Constitution had developed over 13 inches of hog.

After extensive examination and nondestructive testing, it was determined that the ship did not require extensive repairs, so the focus became the restoration of the five major structural components of her 1812 configuration.

Humphreys' original specifications for the structural components from 1794 were used as guides for the 1995 restoration.

In 1797, while observing the launch of the USS United States, Toshua Humphreys wrote to the Secretary of War, that "... without straining or hogging more than one and a quarter inch, as you will see by the enclosed certificate ... the firmness of the ship is convincing proof of the utility of the diagonal riders in long ships,".¹

Today this can also be said of the Constitution. When it was undocked in September 1995, the hog was measured to be less than two inches.

On July 21, 1997, for the first time since 1881, afterbeing tied to a pier for 116 years, the frigate made passage under sail, sailing in Massachusetts Bay off of Marblehead, under topsails, jibs, and spanker her battle configuration. A living tribute to Humphreys' design.

¹ J. Humphreys' Letter Book, 1797–1800, Historical Society of Pennsylvania.



The U.S.S. Constitution is a national treasure and was restored with the support of people all over the country. The Old Ironsides Pennies Campaign was modeled after a 1903 effort to raise public dollars for an earlier restoration. Schools across the nation are engaged in this endeavor. To date, the campaign has donated to the Navy the three topsails and inner jib set during the first free sail since 1881.

Many of the Auditors, Treasurers and Comptrollers from across the nation had an opportunity to tour the U.S.S. Constitution this year at the National Association of State Auditors, Treasurers and Comptrollers annual meeting in Boston. Massachusetts State Auditor Joe DeNucci, Treasurer Joe Malone and Comptroller William Kilmartin (below) hosted the event.



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